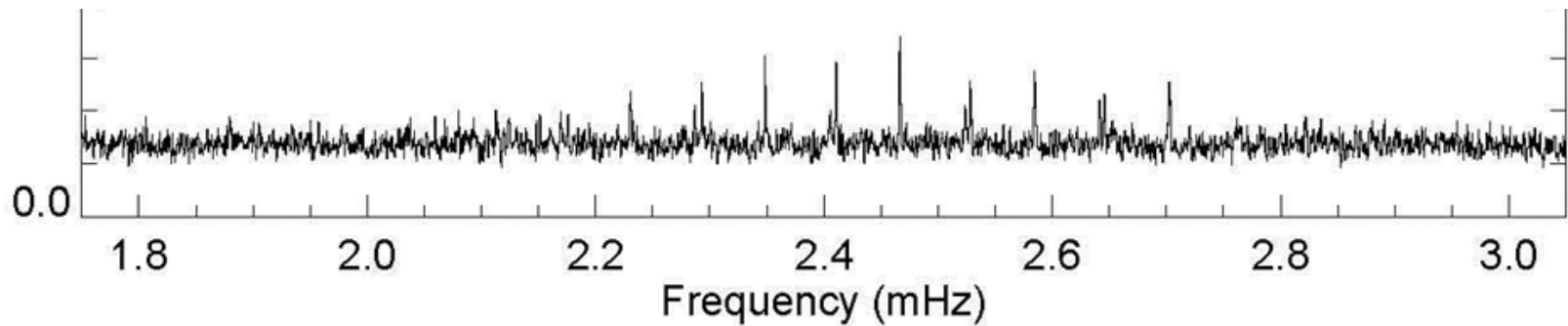
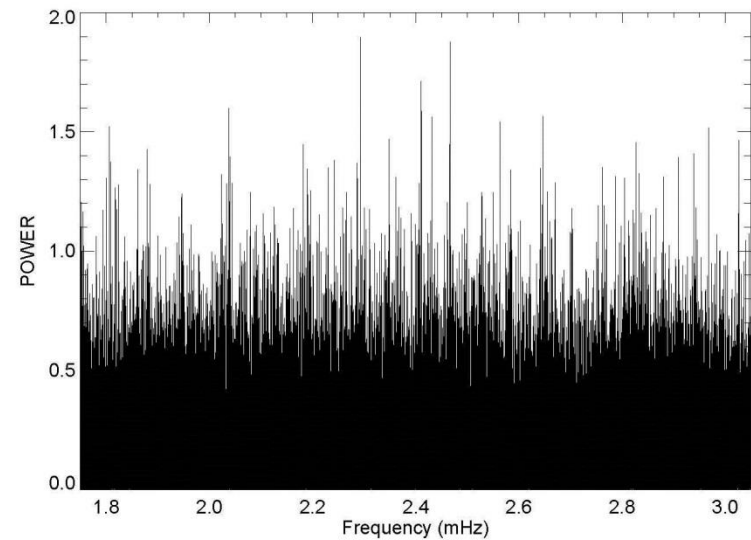
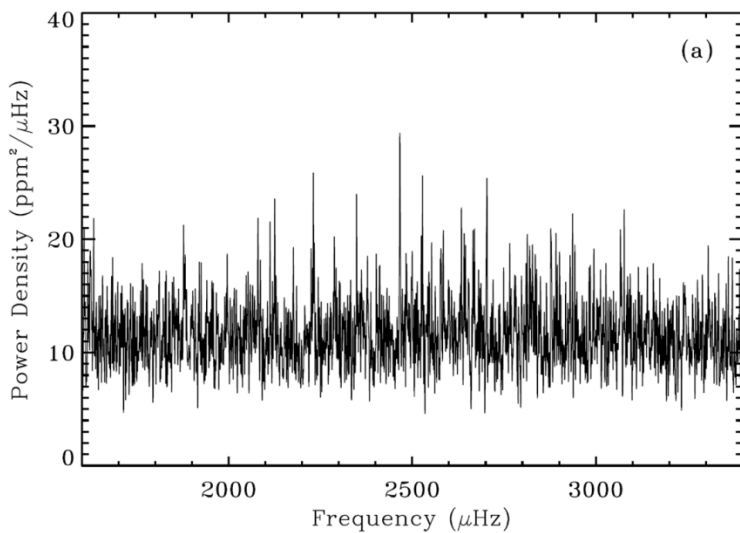


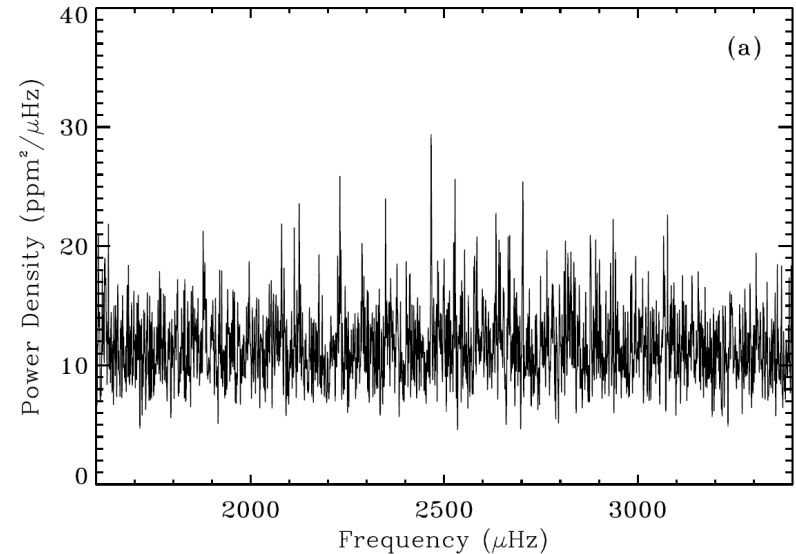
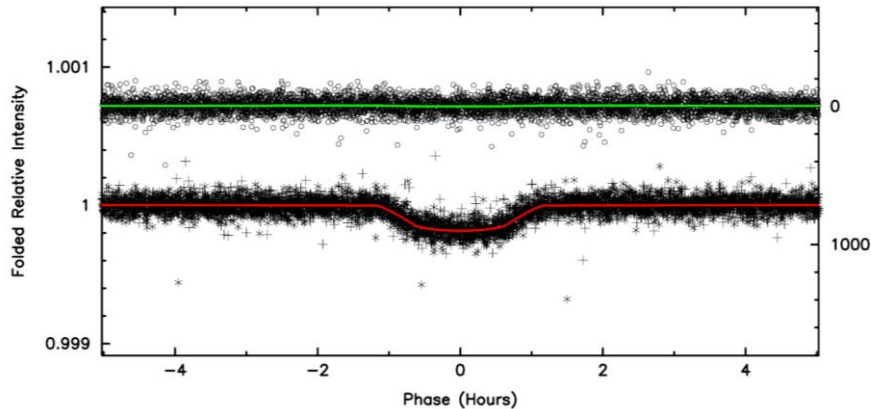
Analysis of low SNR data

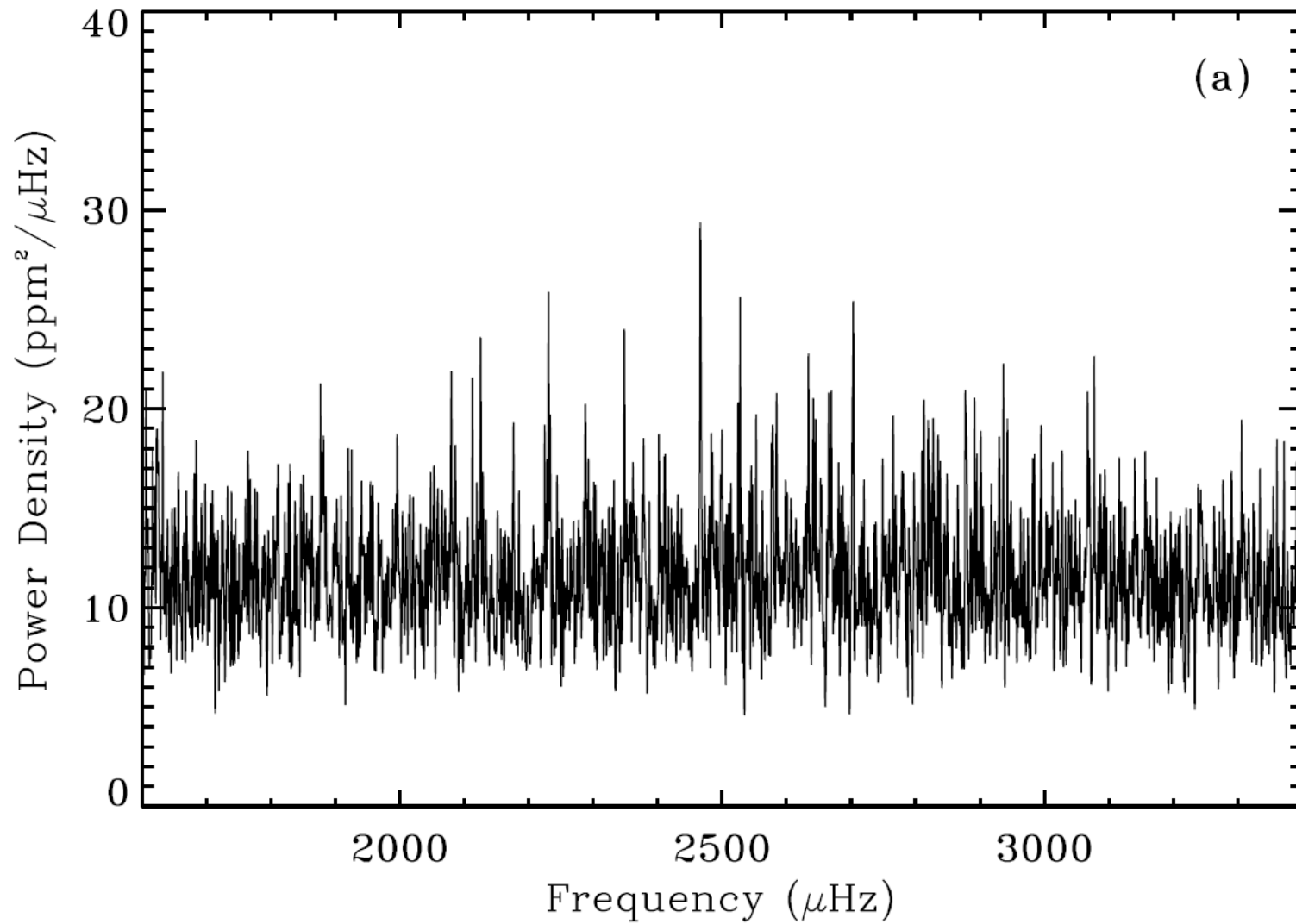
Hans Kjeldsen, Stellar Astrophysics Centre, Aarhus University, Denmark

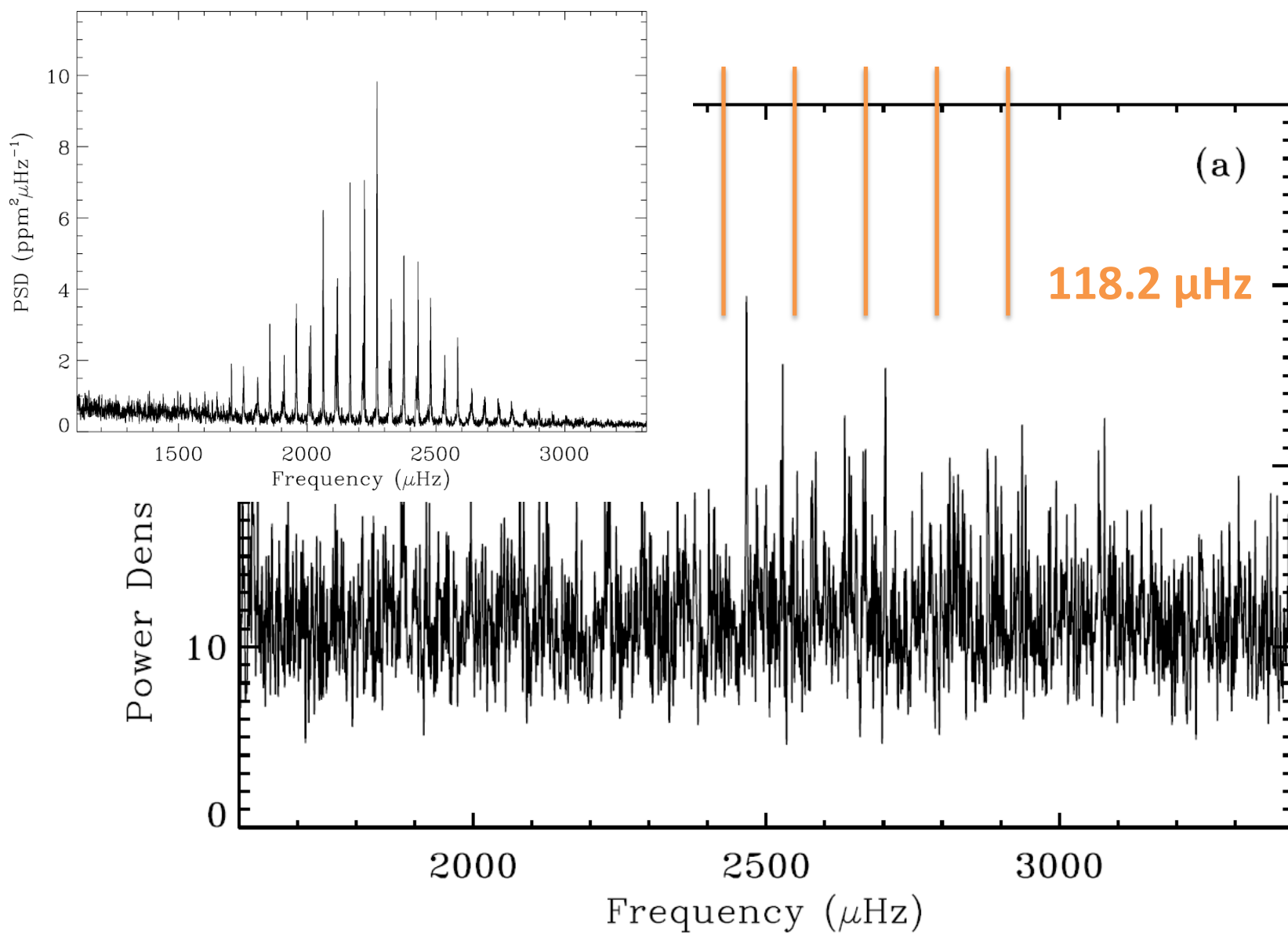


KEPLER'S FIRST ROCKY PLANET: KEPLER-10b*

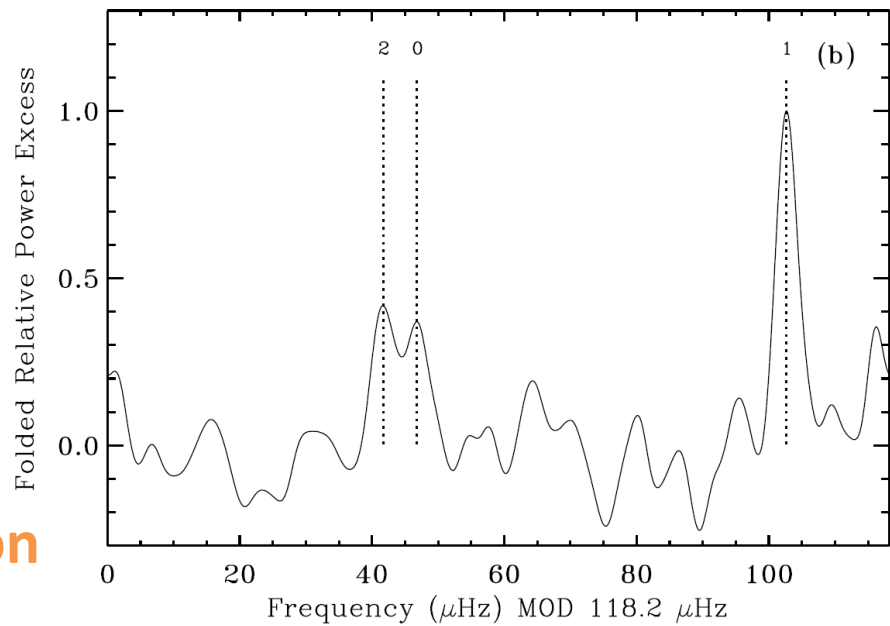
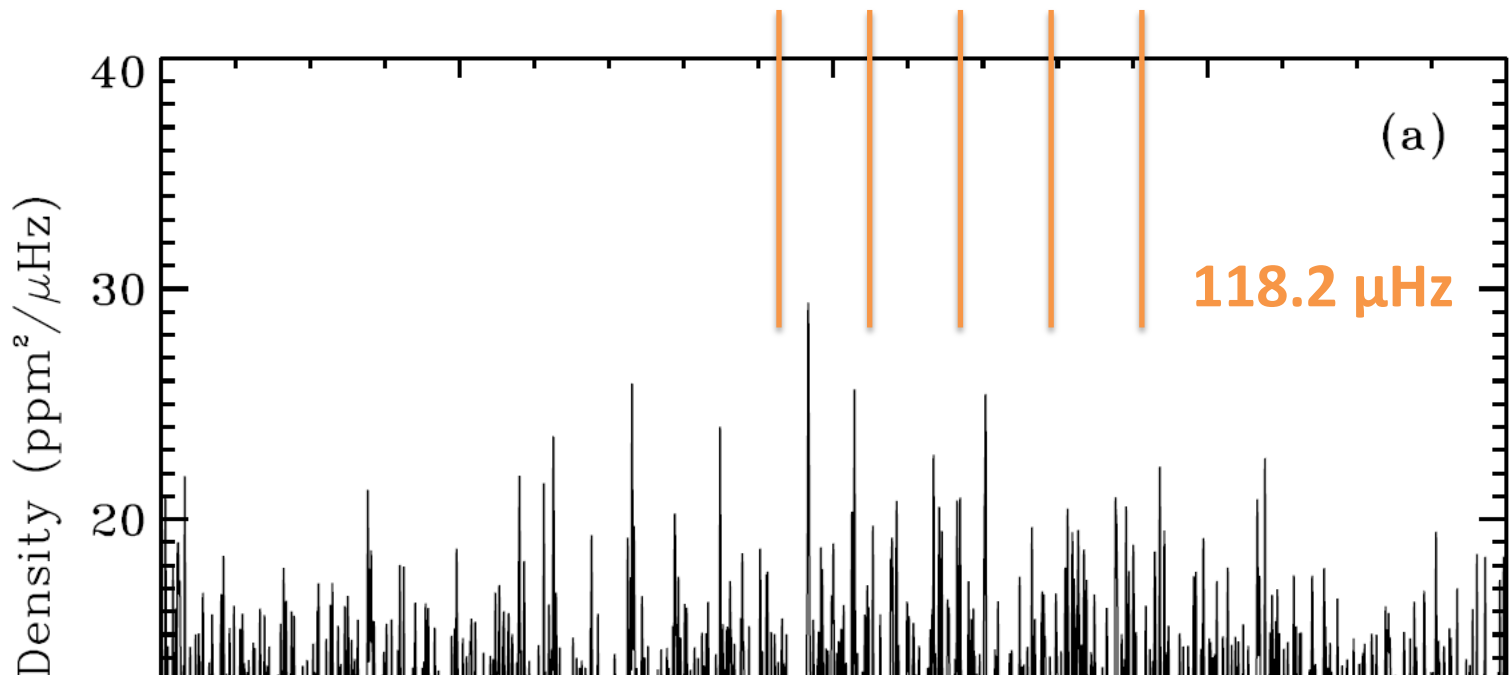
NATALIE M. BATALHA¹, WILLIAM J. BORUCKI², STEPHEN T. BRYSON², LARS A. BUCHHAVE³, DOUGLAS A. CALDWELL⁴, JØRGEN CHRISTENSEN-DALSGAARD^{5,6}, DAVID CIARDI⁷, EDWARD W. DUNHAM⁸, FRANCOIS FRESSIN³, THOMAS N. GAUTIER III⁹, RONALD L. GILLILAND¹⁰, MICHAEL R. HAAS², STEVE B. HOWELL¹¹, JON M. JENKINS⁴, HANS KJELDSSEN⁵, DAVID G. KOCH², DAVID W. LATHAM³, JACK J. LISSAUER², GEOFFREY W. MARCY¹², JASON F. ROWE², DIMITAR D. SASSELOV³, SARA SEAGER¹³, JASON H. STEFFEN¹⁴, GUILLERMO TORRES³, GIBOR S. BASRI¹², TIMOTHY M. BROWN¹⁵, DAVID CHARBONNEAU³, JESSIE CHRISTIANSEN², BRUCE CLARKE⁴, WILLIAM D. COCHRAN¹⁶, ANDREA DUPREE³, DANIEL C. FABRYCKY³, DEBRA FISCHER¹⁷, ERIC B. FORD¹⁸, JONATHAN FORTNEY¹⁹, FORREST R. GIROUARD²⁰, MATTHEW J. HOLMAN³, JOHN JOHNSON²¹, HOWARD ISAACSON¹², TODD C. KLAUS²⁰, PAVEL MACHALEK⁴, ALTHEA V. MOOREHEAD¹⁸, ROBERT C. MOREHEAD¹⁸, DARIN RAGOZZINE³, PETER TENENBAUM⁴, JOSEPH TWICKEN⁴, SAMUEL QUINN³, JEFFREY VANCLEVE⁴, LUCIANNE M. WALKOWICZ¹², WILLIAM F. WELSH²², EDNA DEVORE⁴, AND ALAN GOULD²³







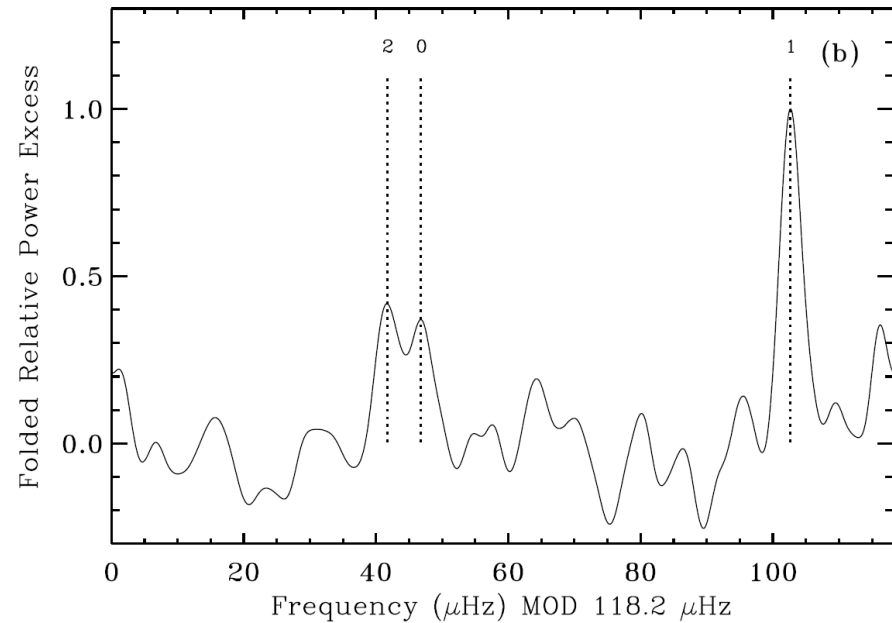
Large frequency separation



Small frequency separation

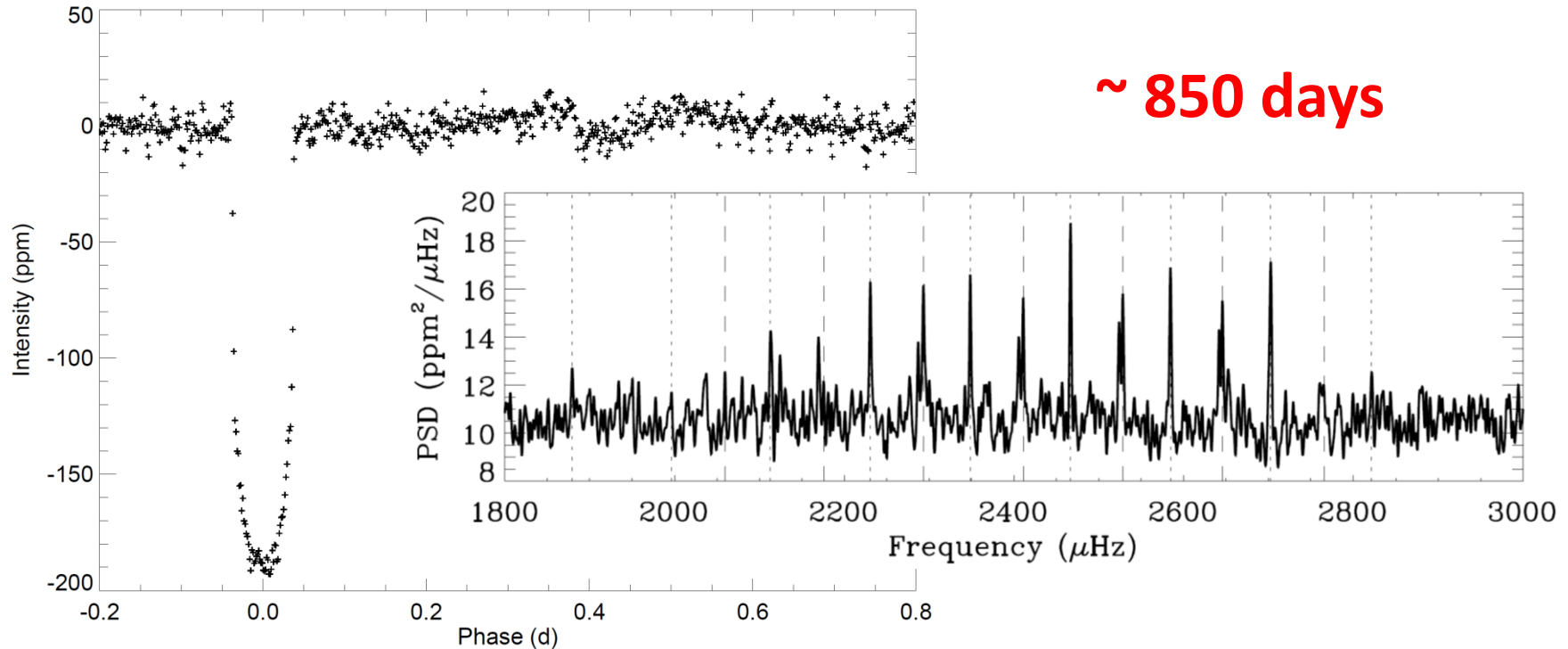
Mass (Msun)	0.995 ± 0.060	(6%)
Radius (Rsun)	1.056 ± 0.021	(2%)
Age (Gyr)	11.9 ± 4.5	(38%)

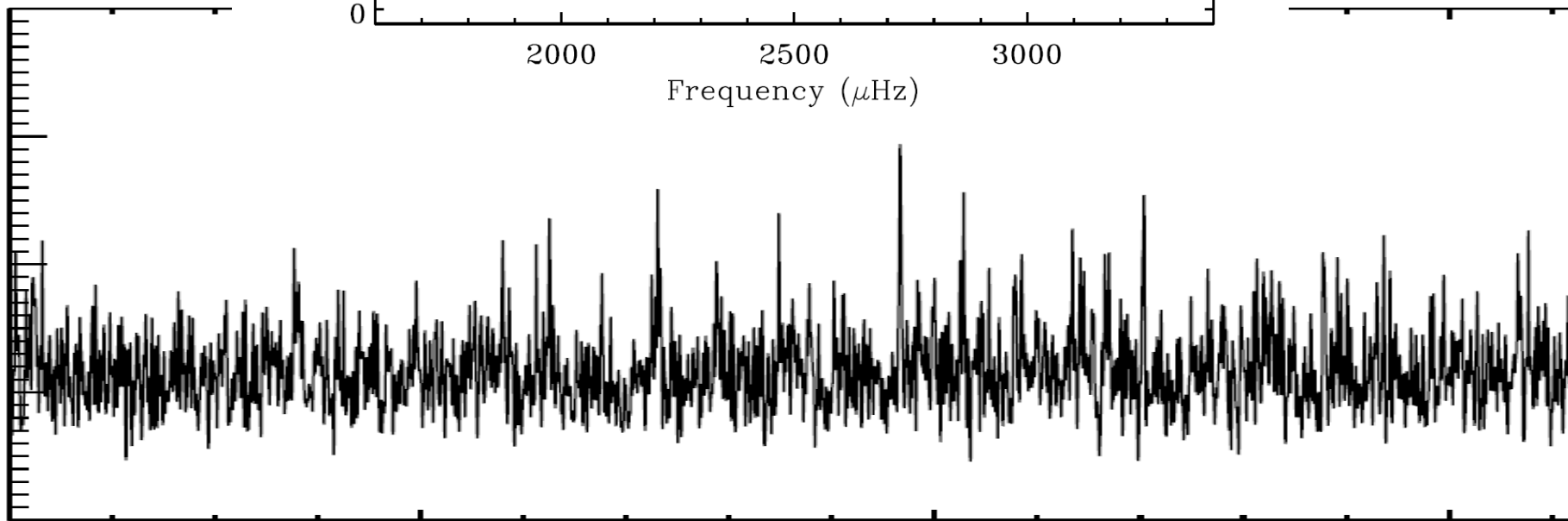
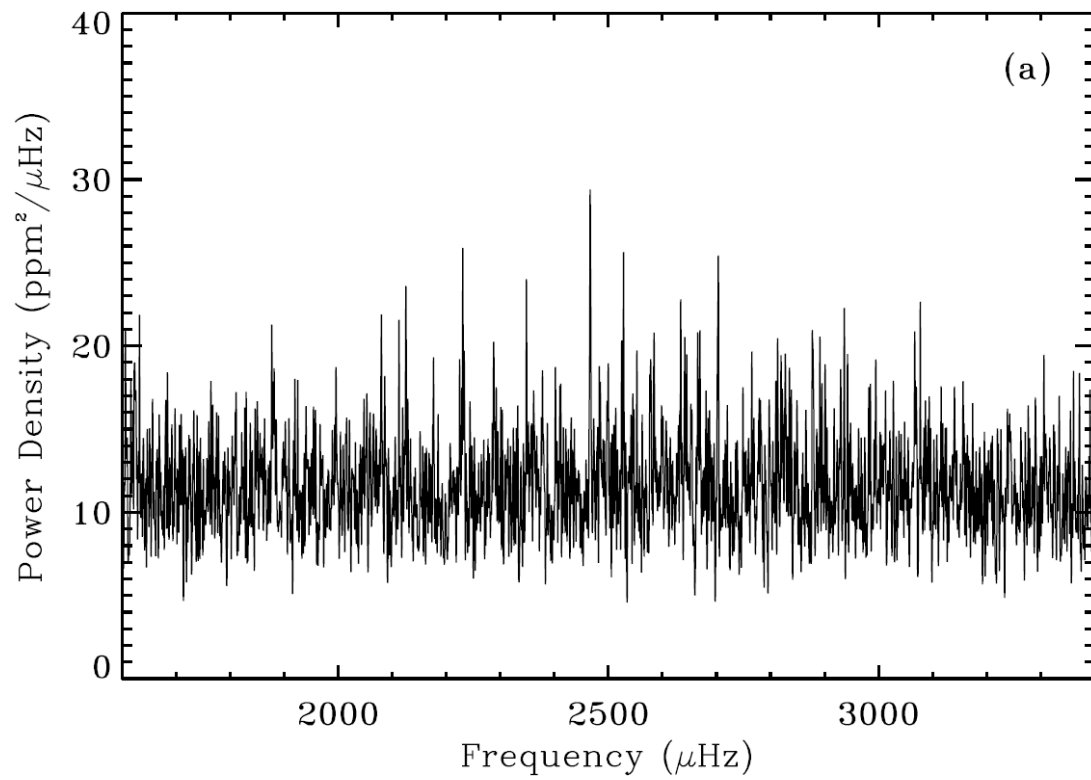
- Batalha et al. 2011

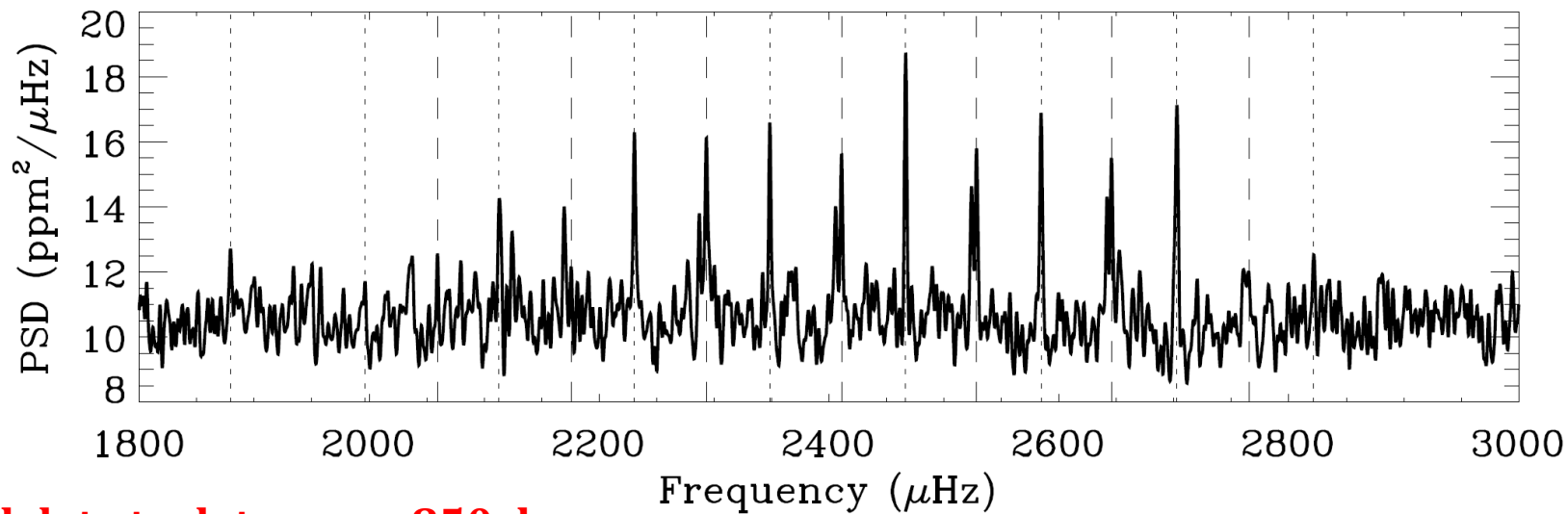


Analysis of more than two years of data...

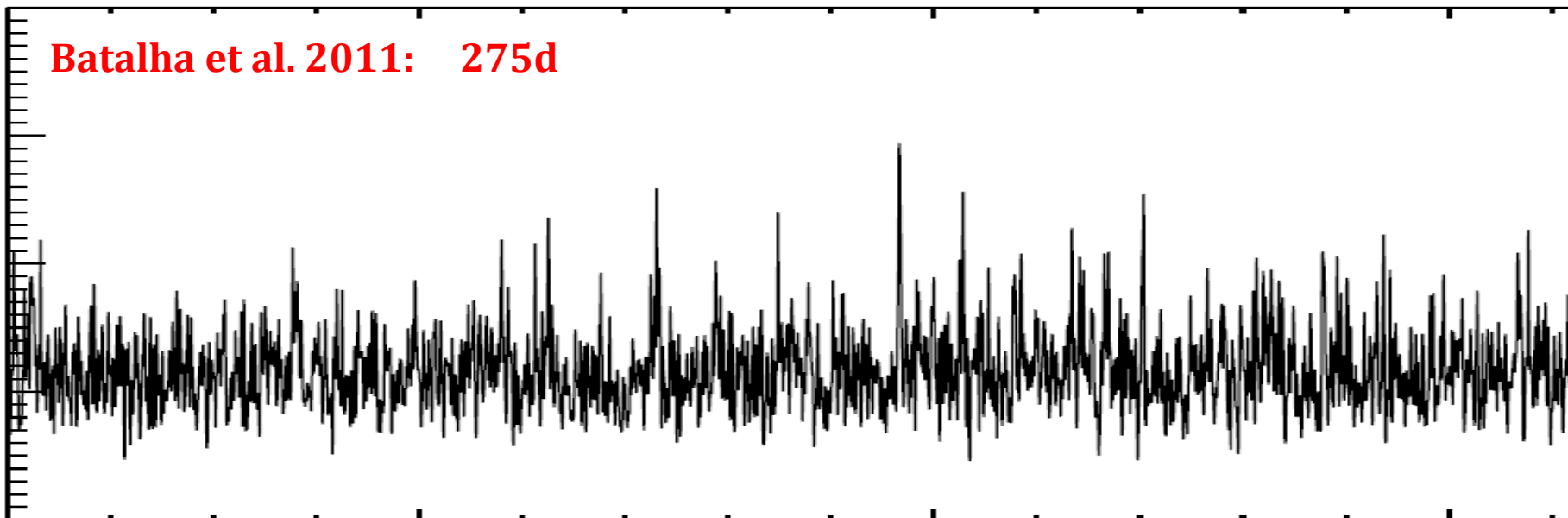
Alexandra Fogtman-Schulz, Brian Hinrup, Vincent Van Eylen, Jørgen Christensen-Dalsgaard, Hans Kjeldsen, Victor Silva Aguirre and Brandon Tingley
Stellar Astrophysics Centre, Department of Physics and Astronomy, Aarhus University, Denmark.

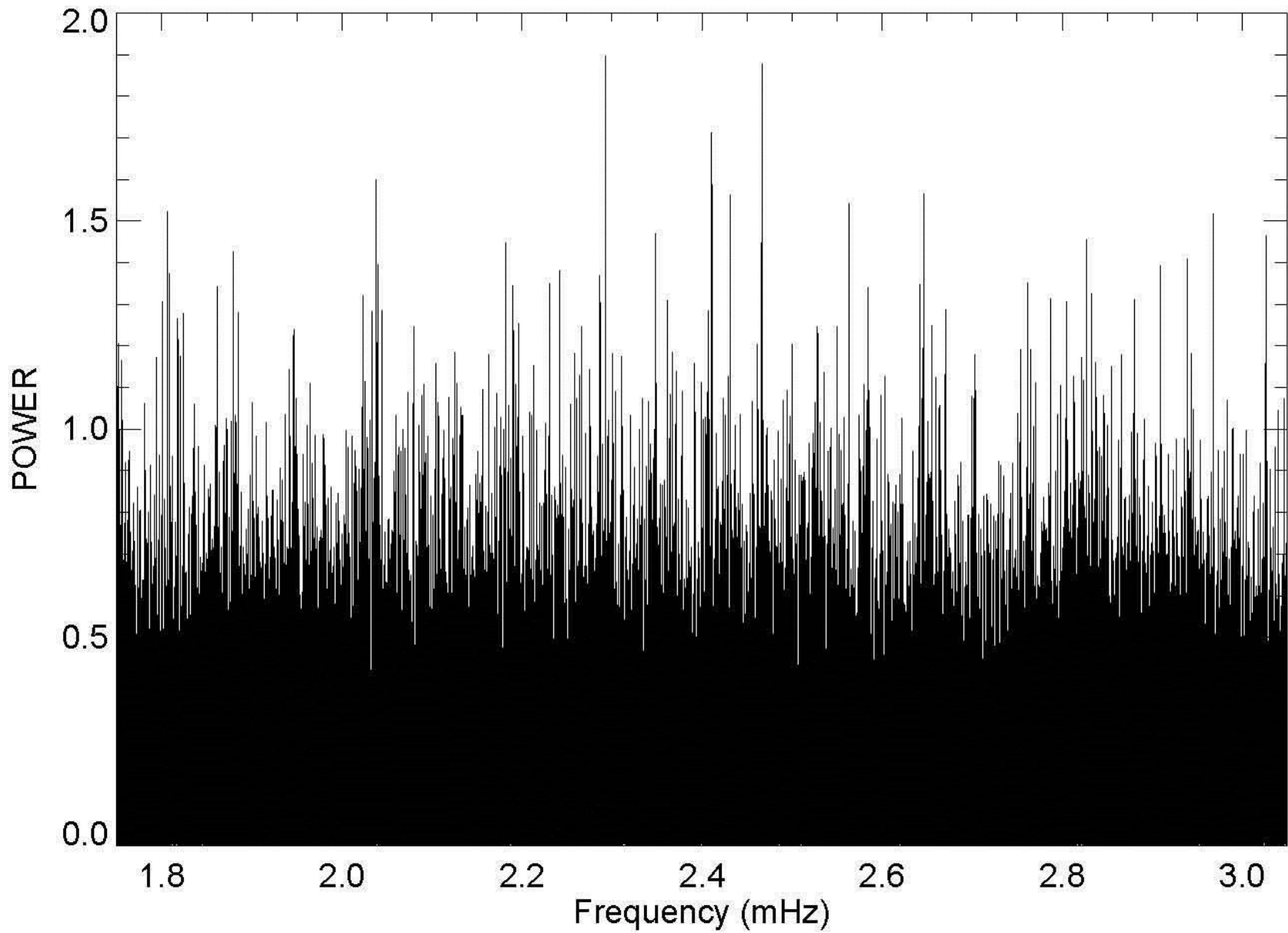


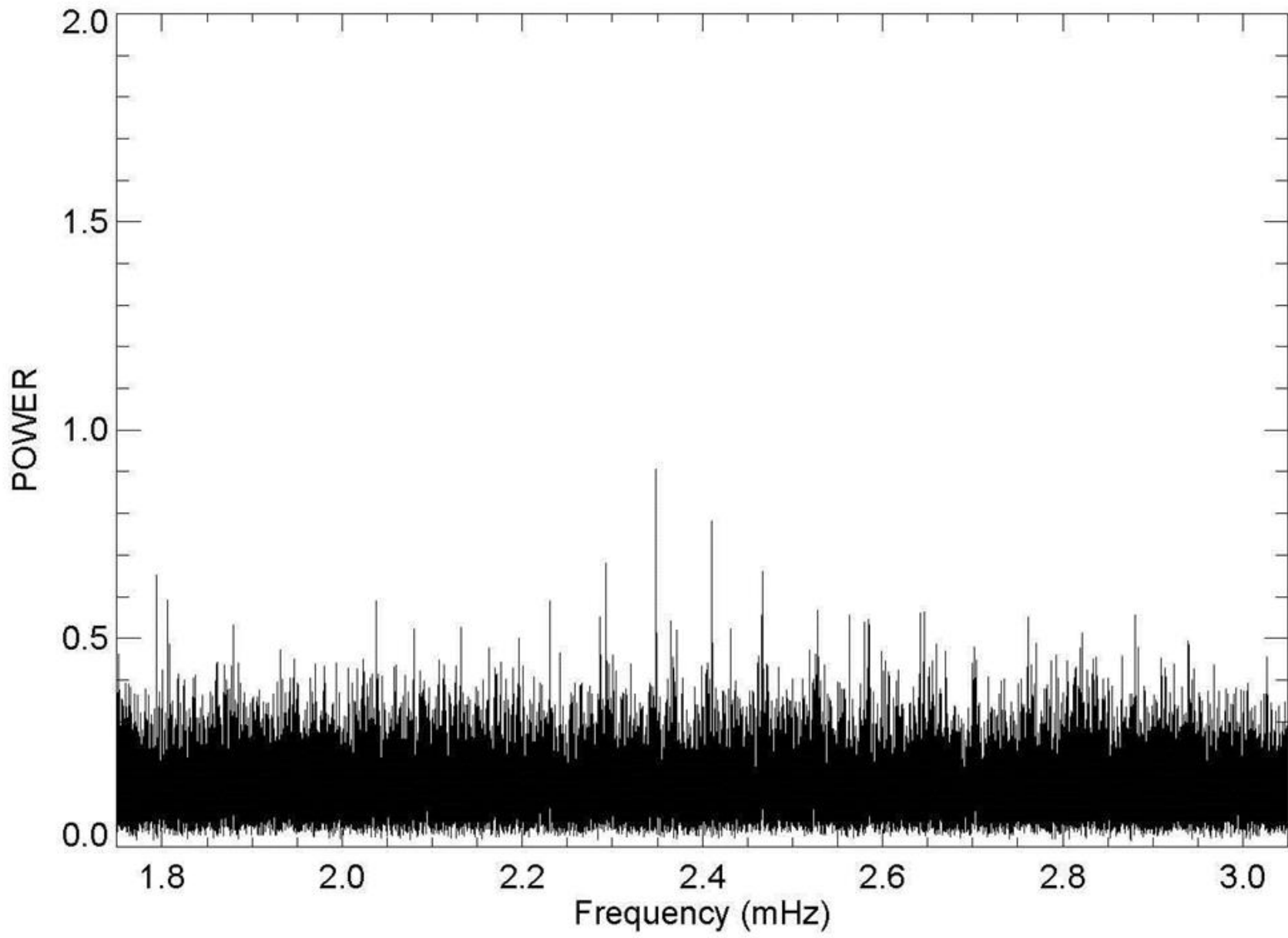


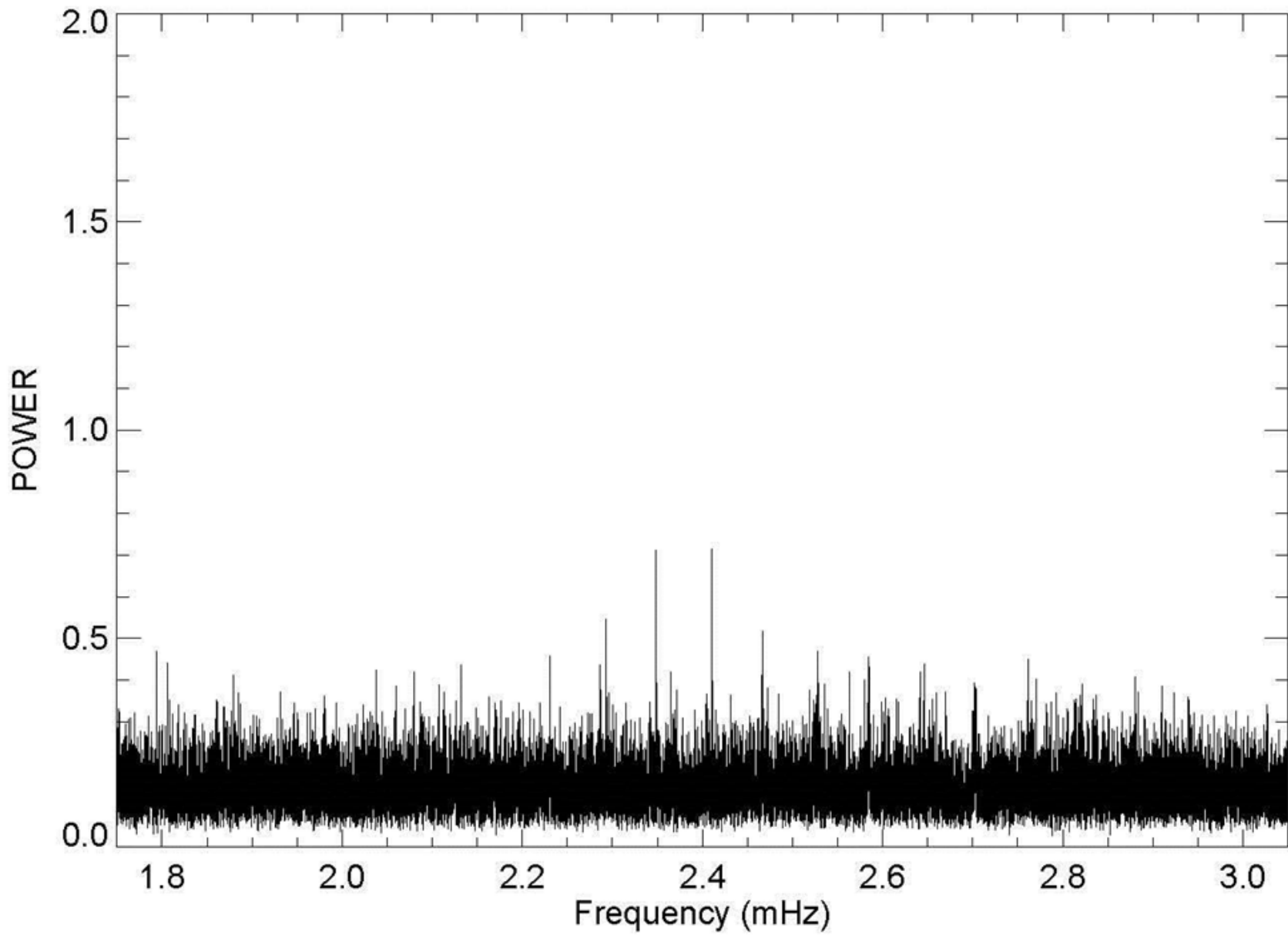


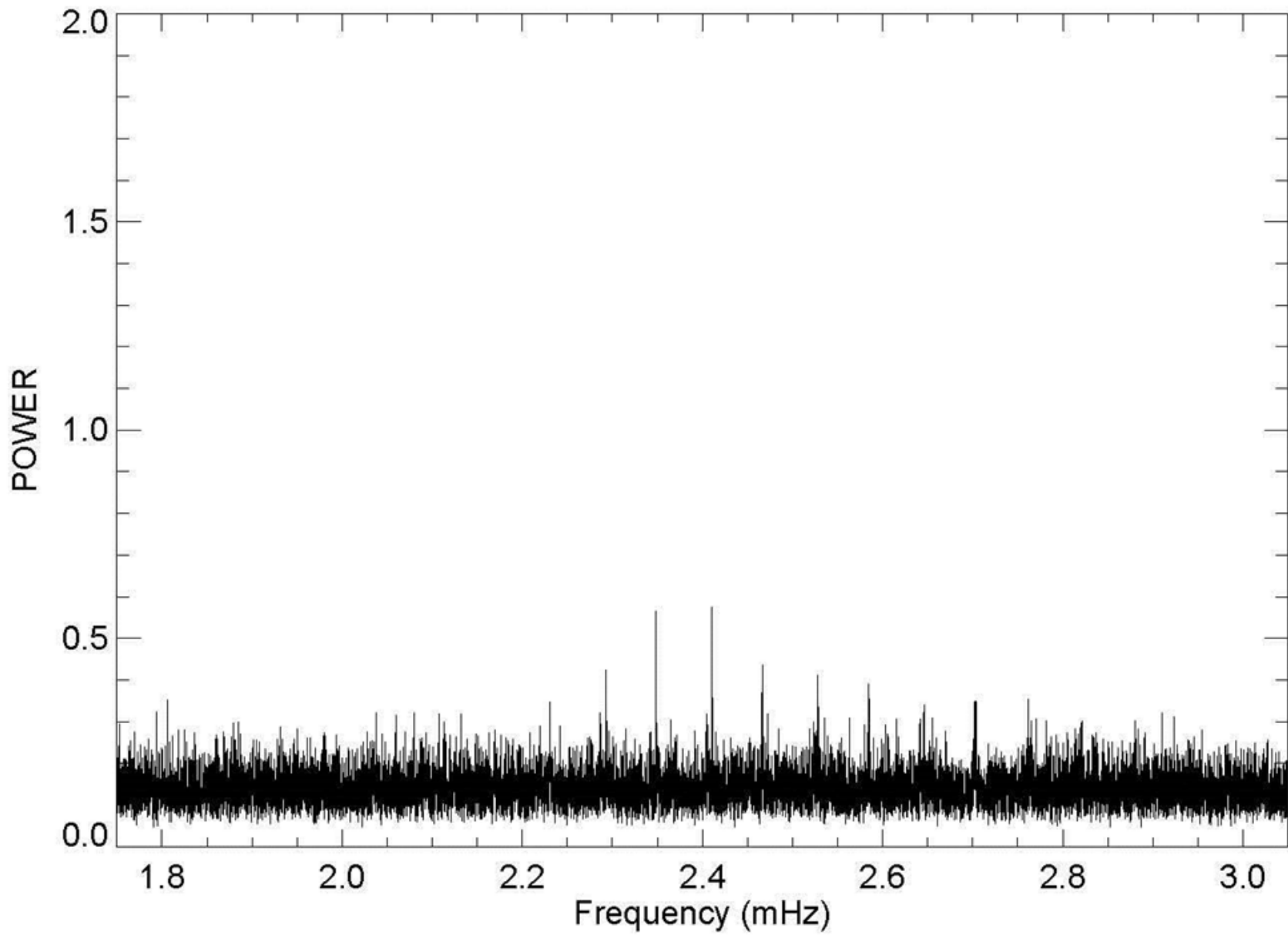
All data to date: 850 d

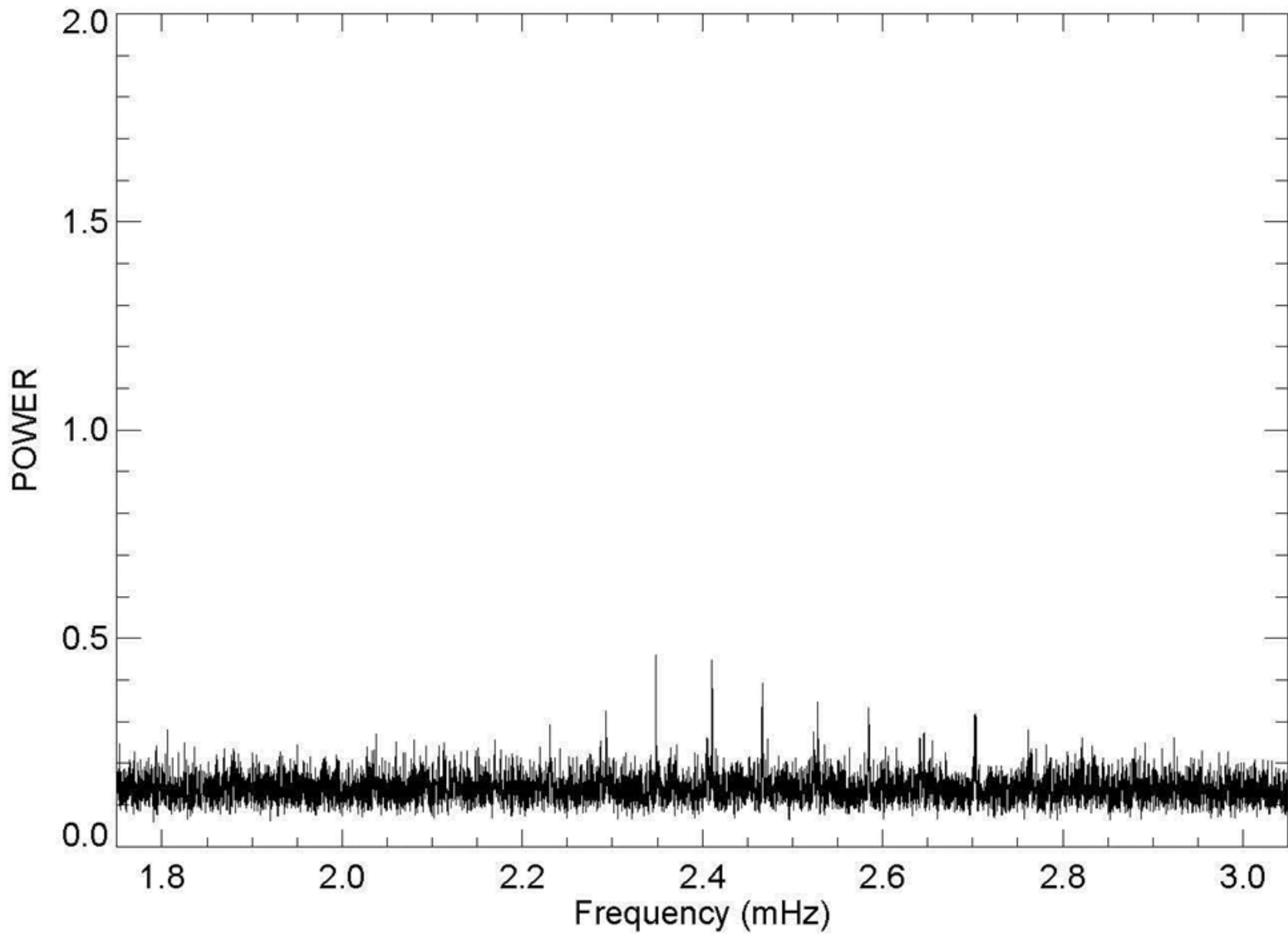


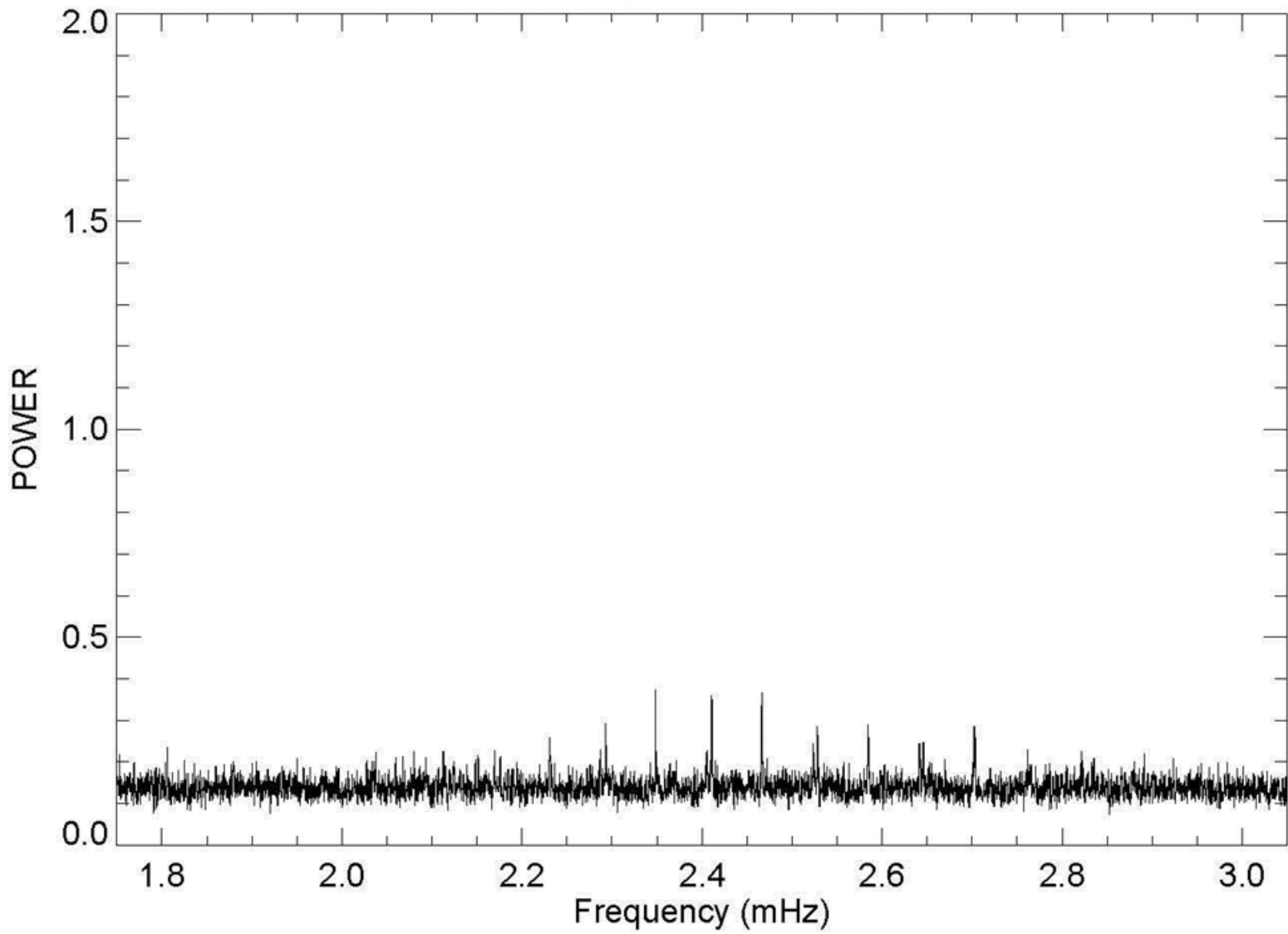


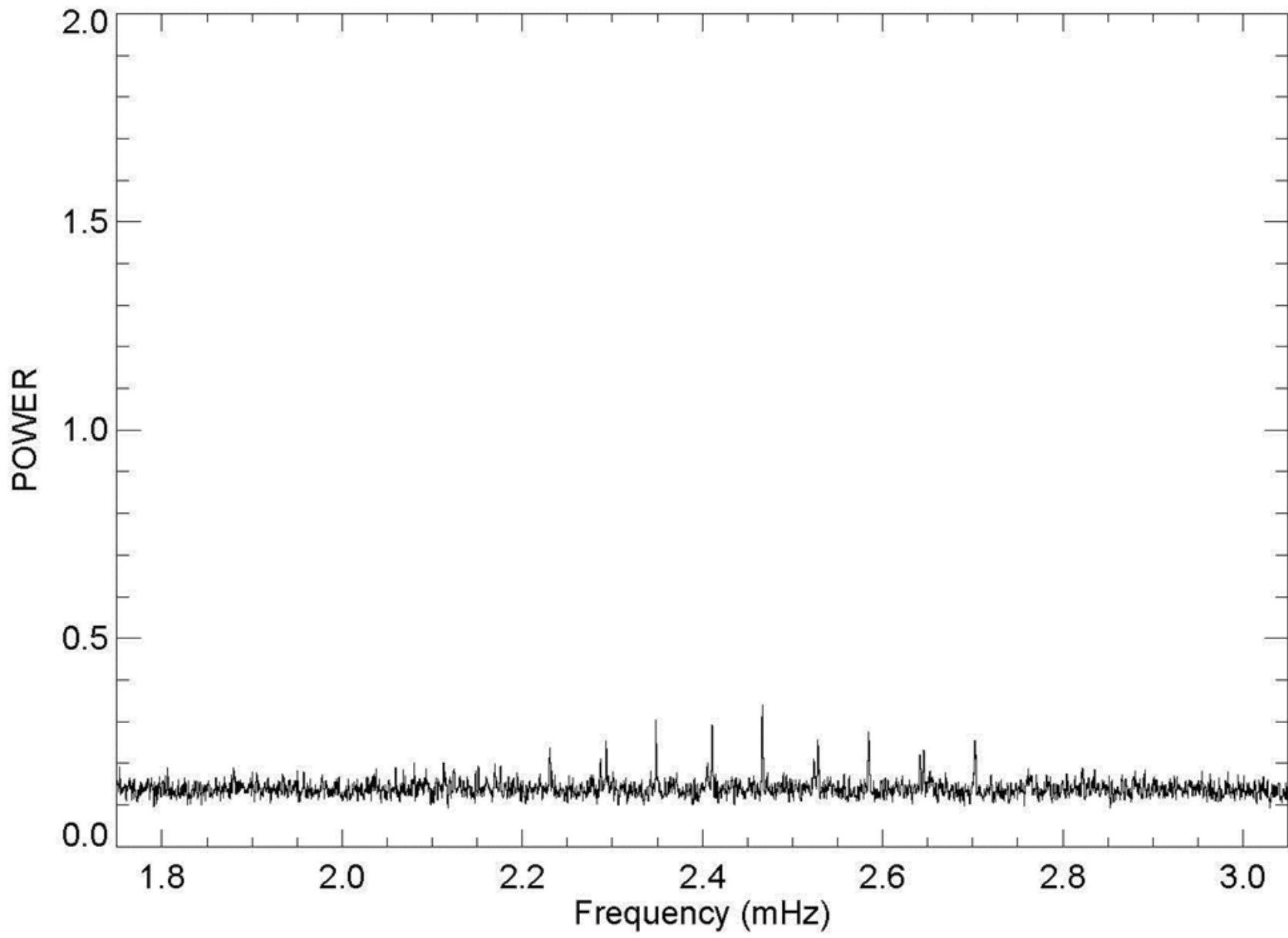


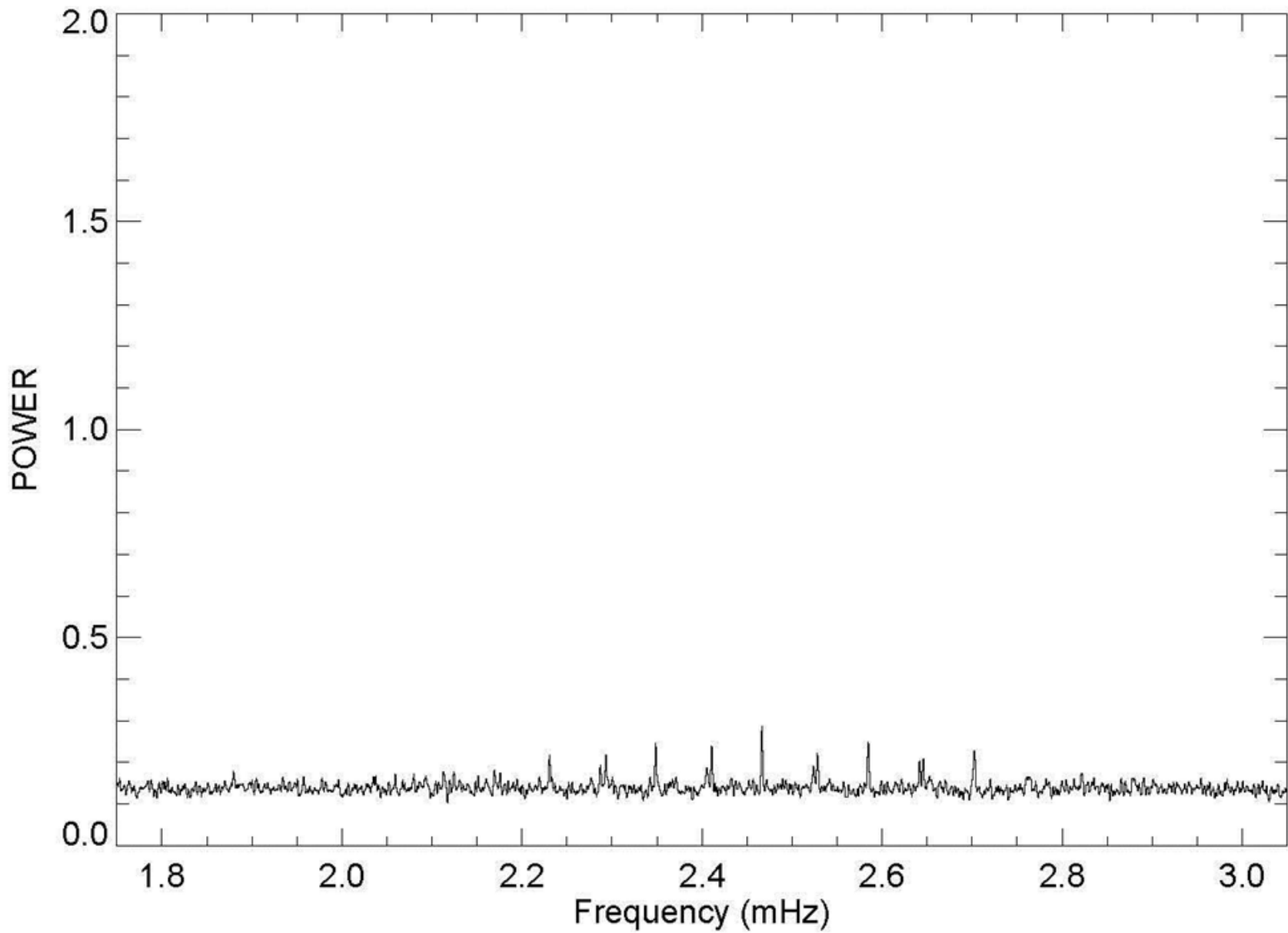


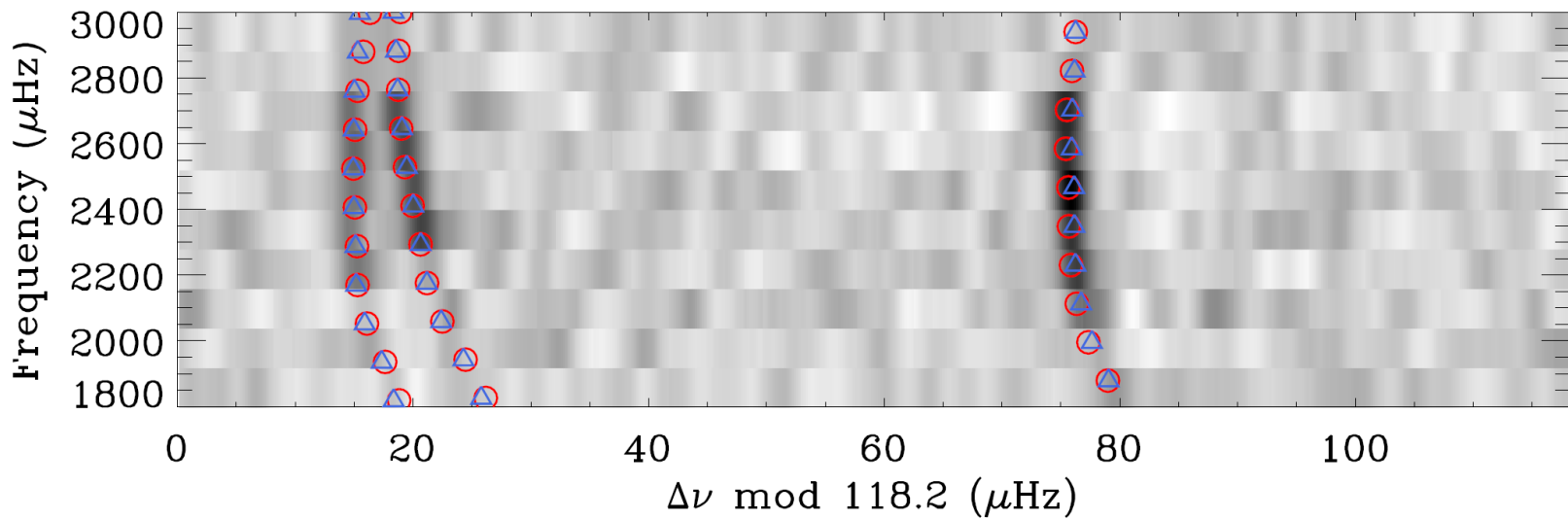
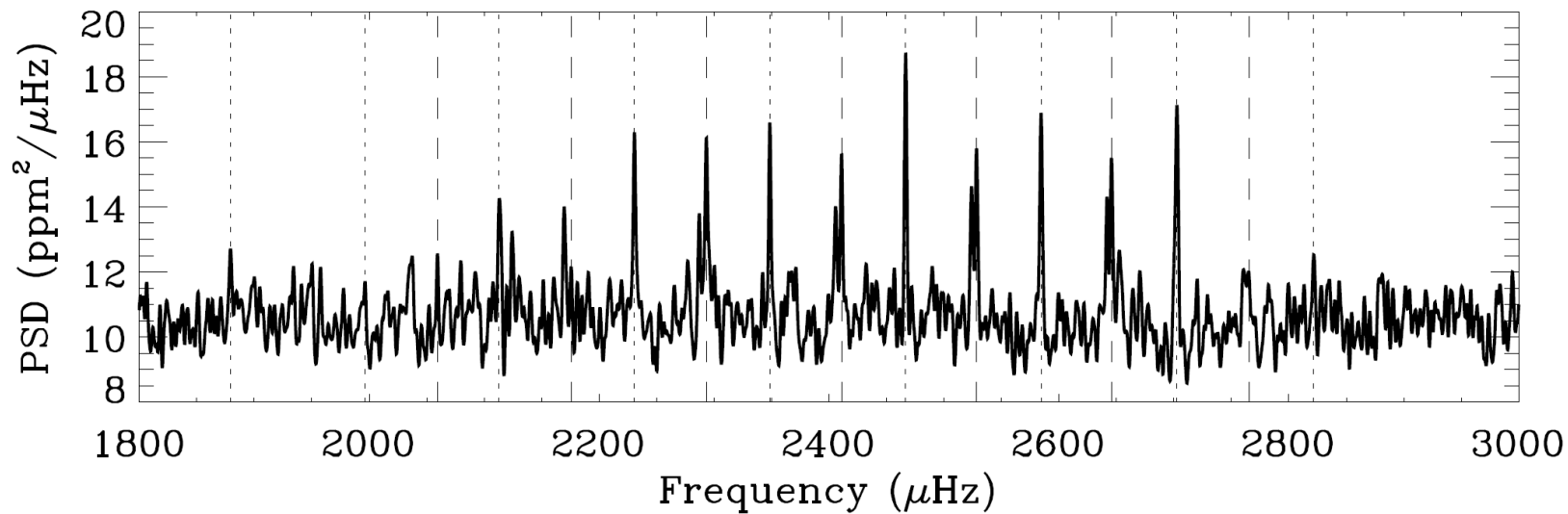










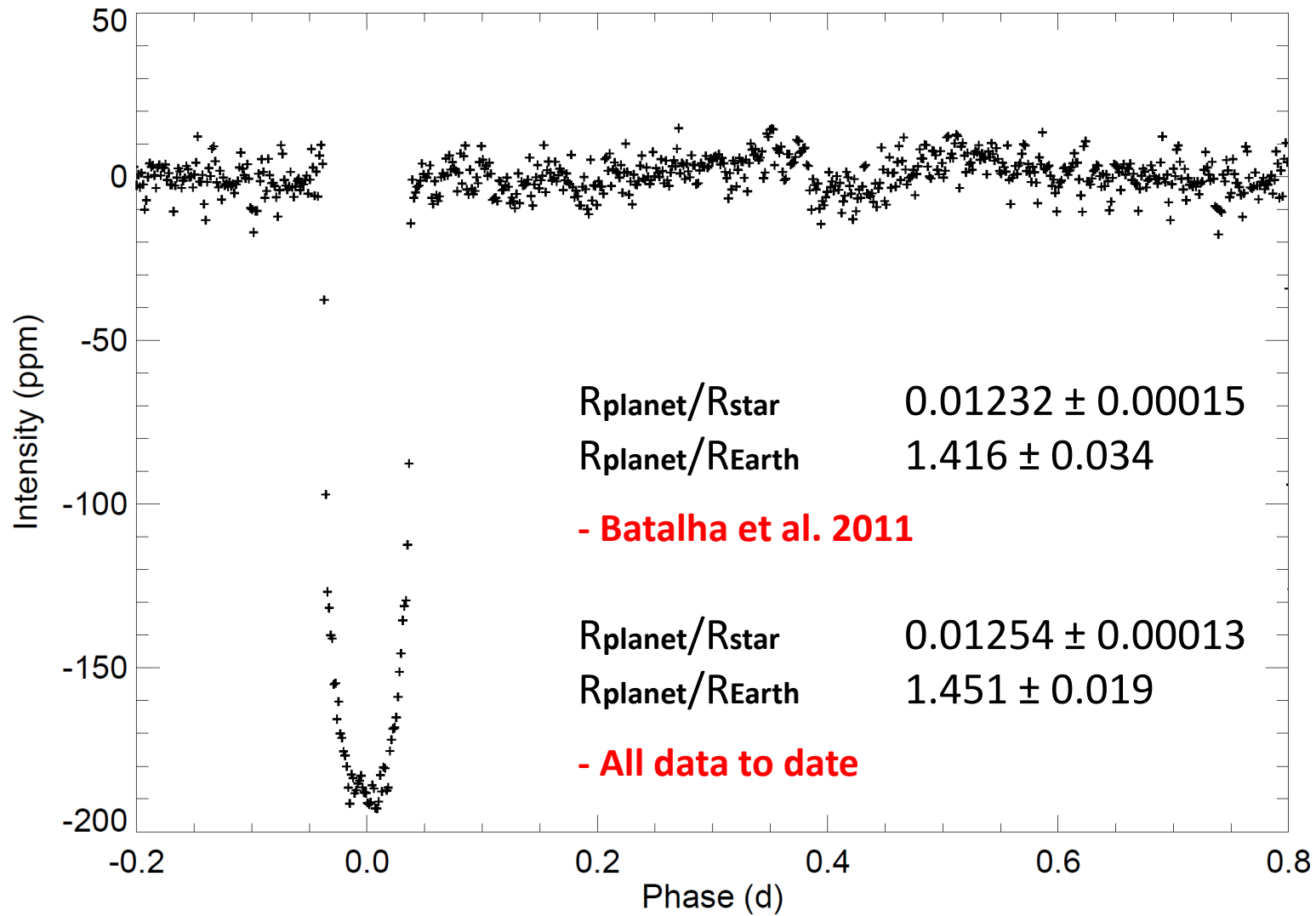


Mass (Msun)	0.995 ± 0.060
Radius (Rsun)	1.056 ± 0.021
Age (Gyr)	11.9 ± 4.5

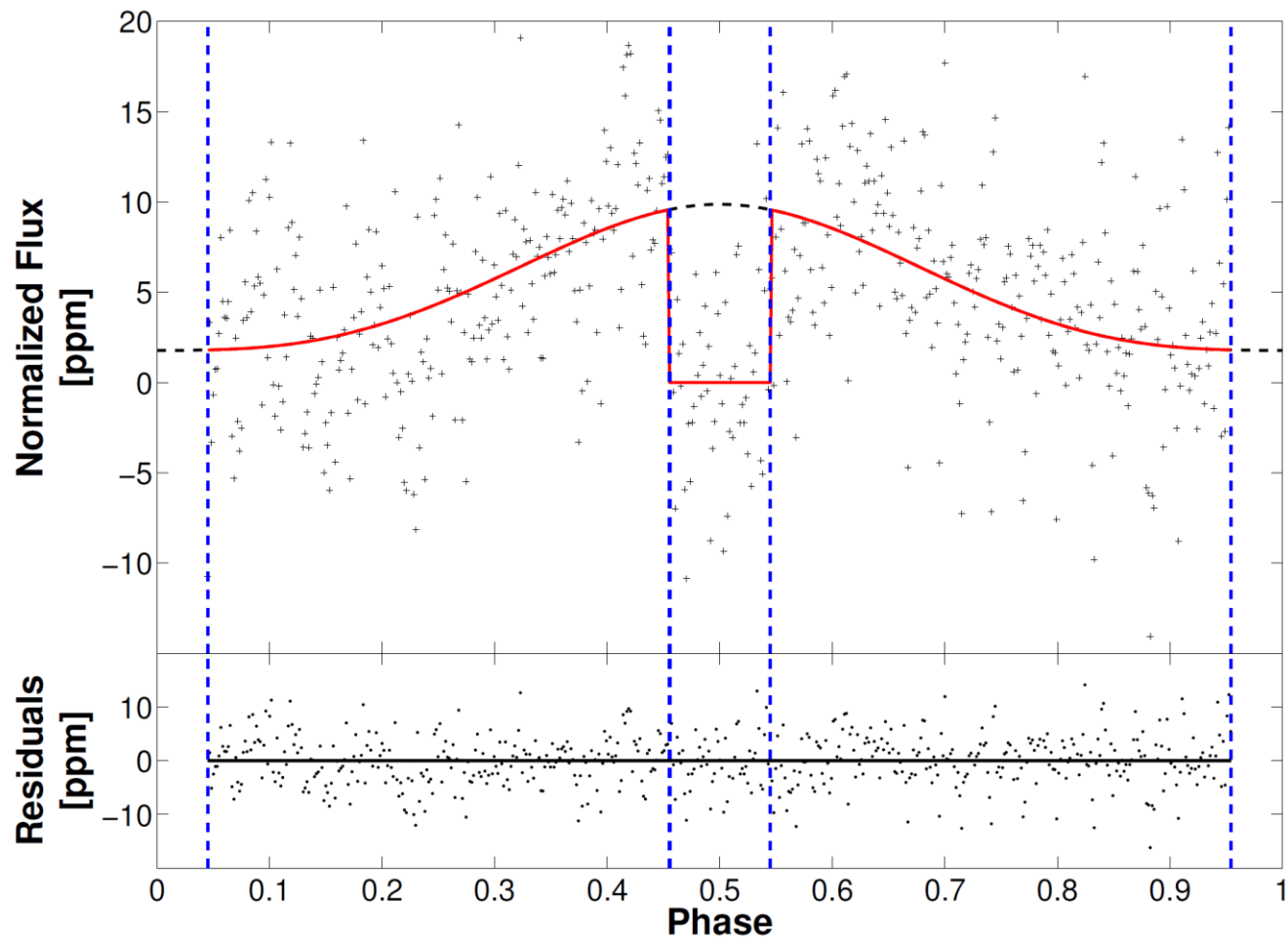
- Batalha et al. 2011

Mass (Msun)	0.913 ± 0.022
Radius (Rsun)	1.065 ± 0.009
Age (Gyr)	10.4 ± 1.4

- All data to date



$\delta_{\text{occultation}}$ (ppm) 9.9 ± 1.0



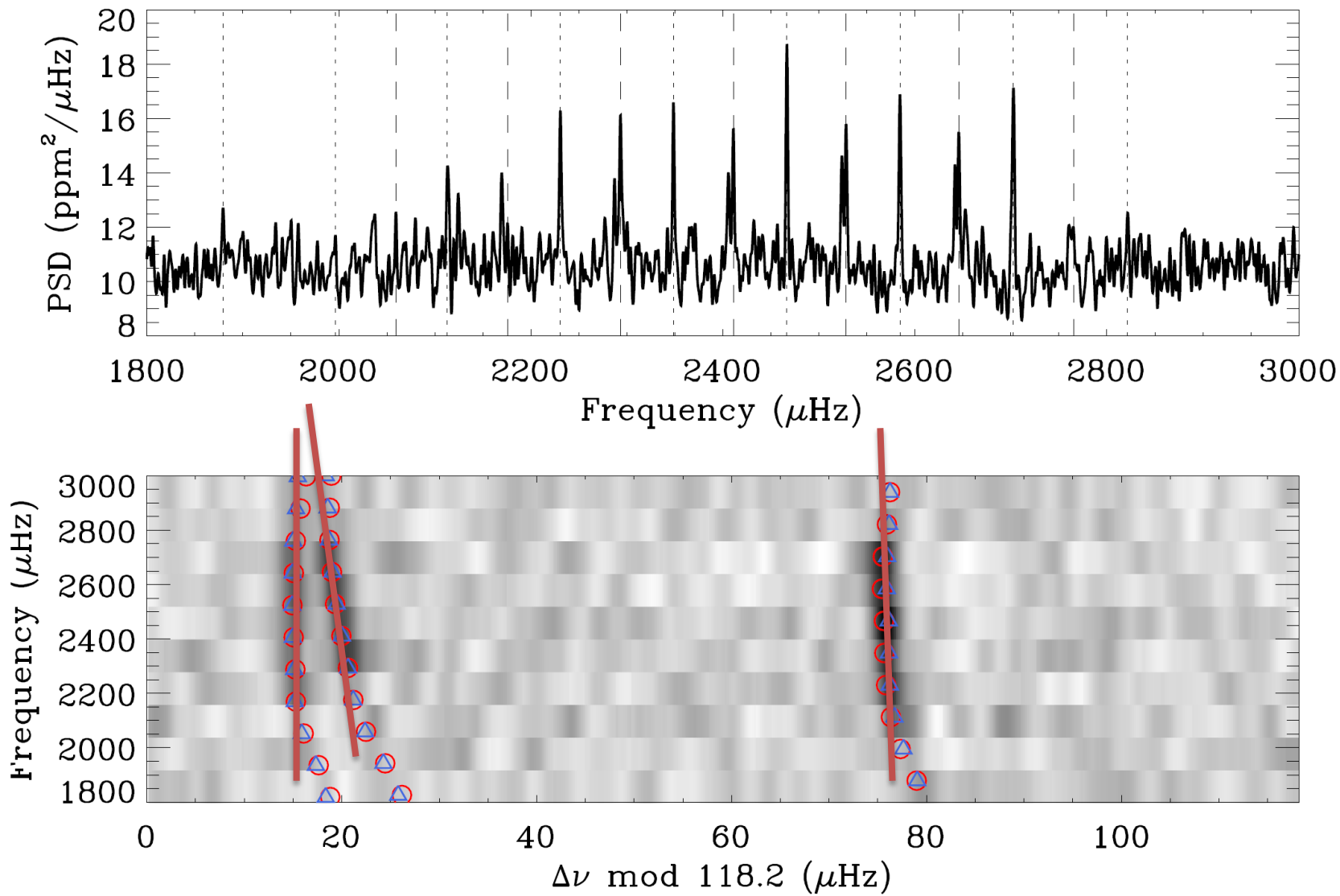
Kepler-10:

Mass (M_{sun})	0.913 ± 0.022	(2.4%)
Radius (R_{sun})	1.065 ± 0.009	(0.85%)
Age (Gyr)	10.4 ± 1.4	(13%)

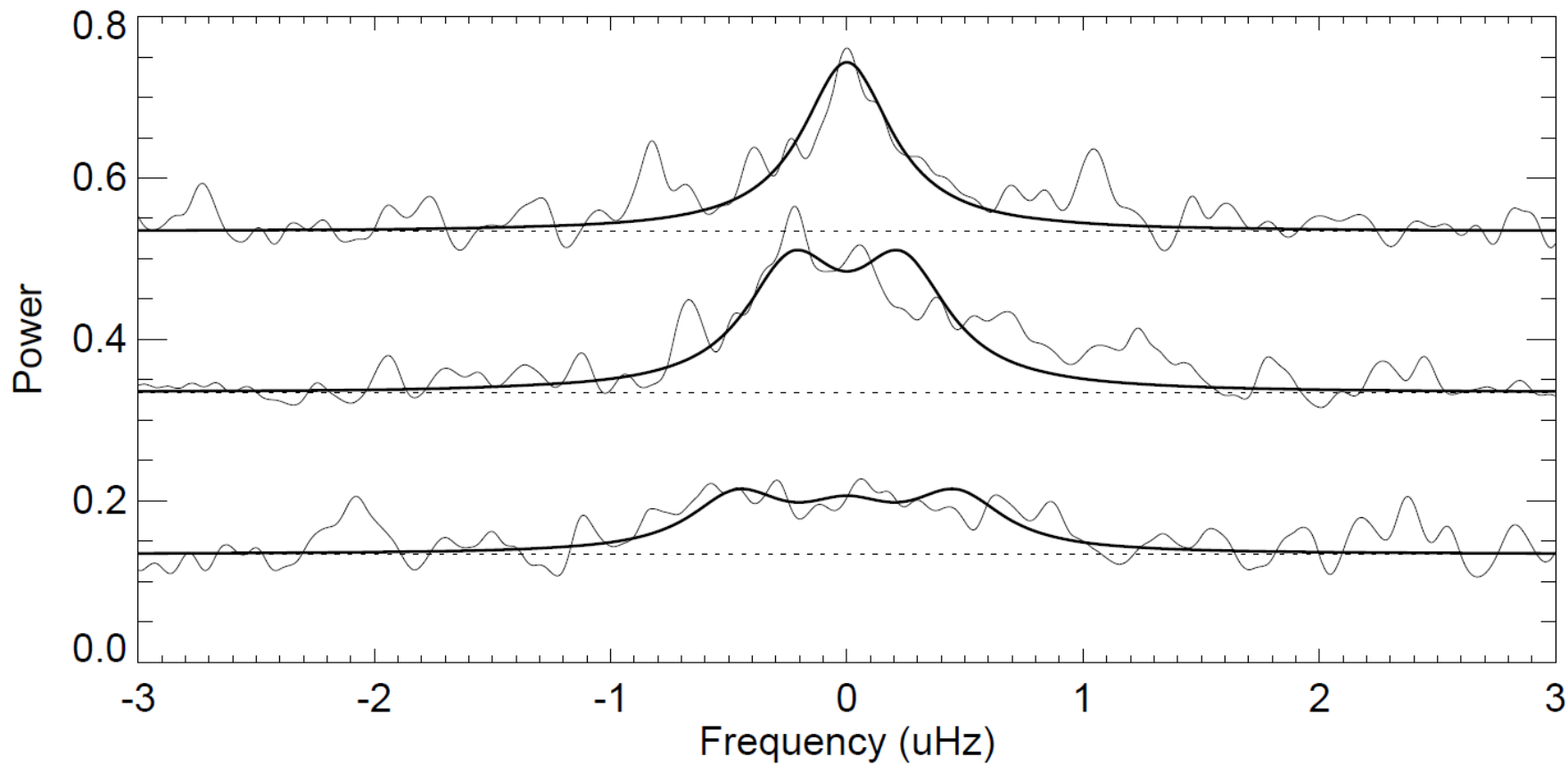
Kepler-10b:

$R_{\text{planet}}/R_{\text{star}}$	0.01254 ± 0.00013	(1.0%)
$R_{\text{planet}}/R_{\text{Earth}}$	1.451 ± 0.019	(1.3%)

The key is to extend the length of the time series

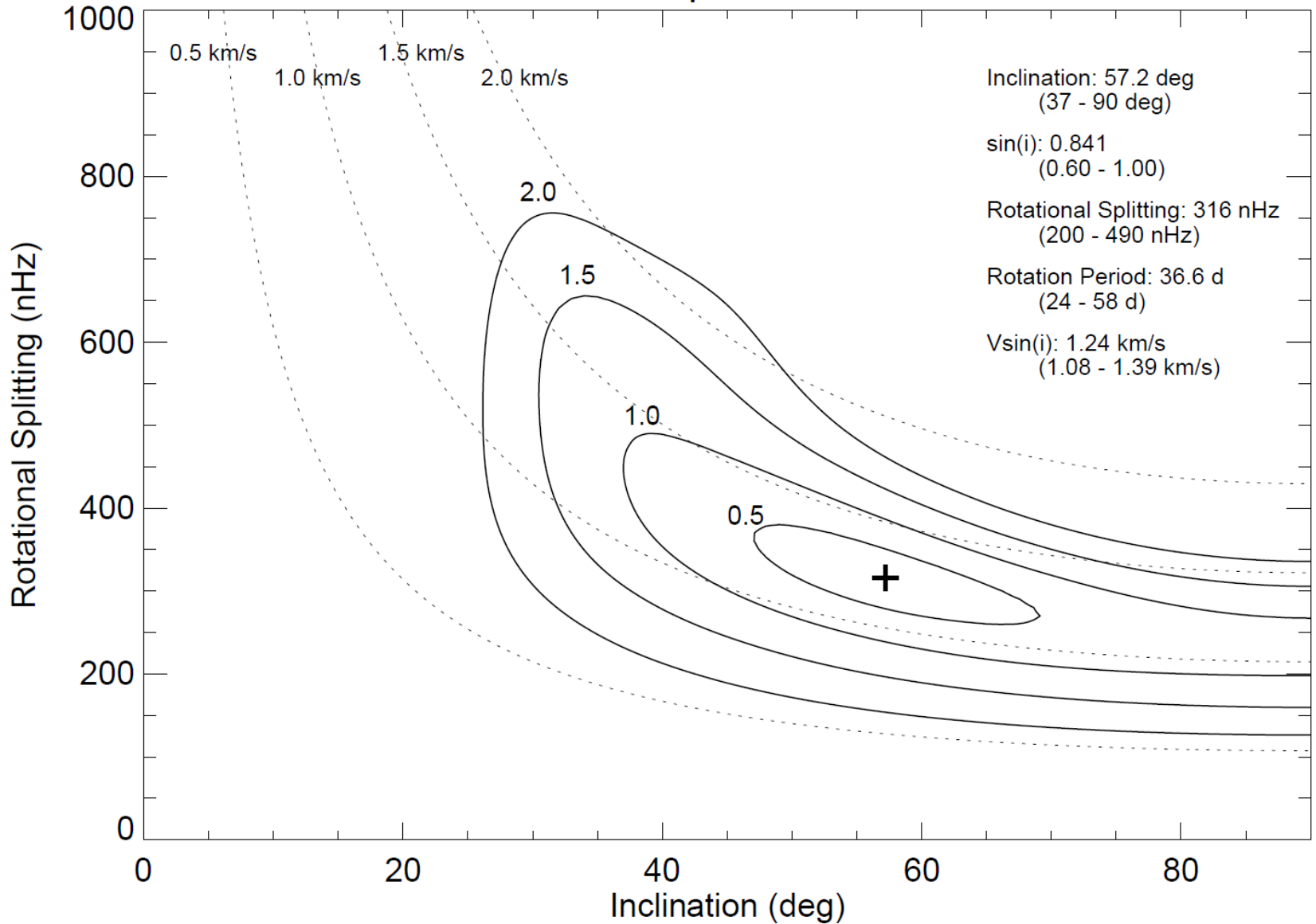


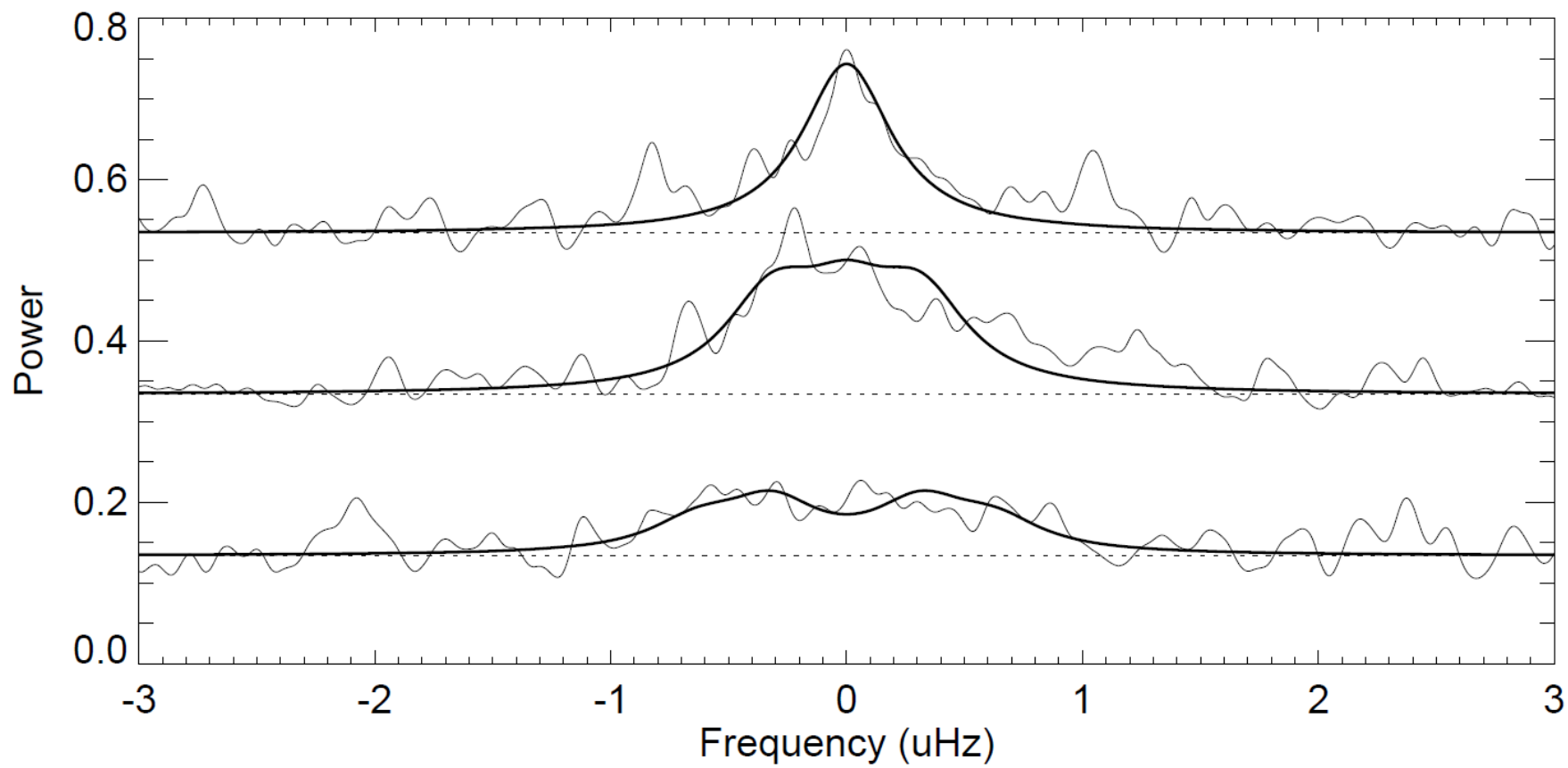
Rotation?



$i = 90 \text{ deg}$

Kepler-10





Kepler-10 frequencies

Power spectrum can be found via:

http://astro.phys.au.dk/~hans/Kepler10/AMPLITUDE_SPECTRUM.txt

FRQ(μ Hz) AMP(ppm) PHASE 0.000000

FRQ	ERR	l	n
1879.51	0.21	1	14
1934.18	0.26	2	14
1996.43	0.29	1	15
2059.37	0.22	0	16
2112.69	0.21	1	16
2169.72	0.20	2	16
2175.91	0.22	0	17
2230.66	0.15	1	17
2287.09	0.18	2	17
2293.20	0.15	0	18
2348.48	0.13	1	18
2405.81	0.20	2	18
2410.80	0.13	0	19
2466.60	0.11	1	19
2523.72	0.19	2	19
2528.10	0.15	0	20
2584.59	0.13	1	20
2641.69	0.17	2	20
2645.83	0.16	0	21
2702.47	0.14	1	21
2761.50	0.25	2	21
2763.67	0.26	0	22
2821.87	0.23	1	22