

What the spatial distribution of stars can tell us about star formation

Eli Bressert - University of Exeter

N. Bastian, R. Gutermuth, and the GB, c2d, and Orion Spitzer team

SF occurs only in **clusters**?

Are there **different** modes of SF?

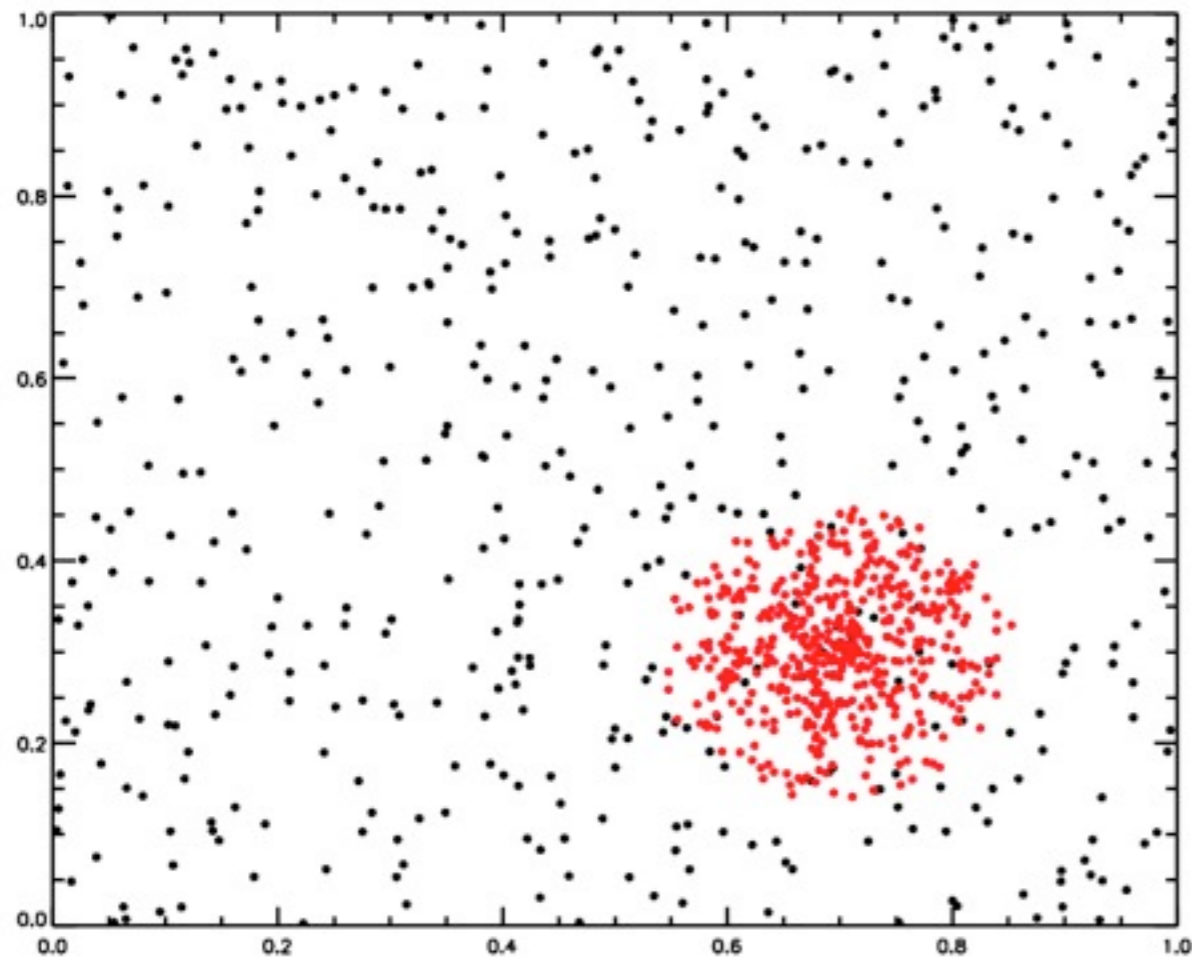
Comprehensive Σ analysis of
Spitzer surveys (Bressert et al. 2010)

Isolated O-stars in the LMC

Conclusion

MULTIPLE MODES

If there are multiple modes it should be apparent



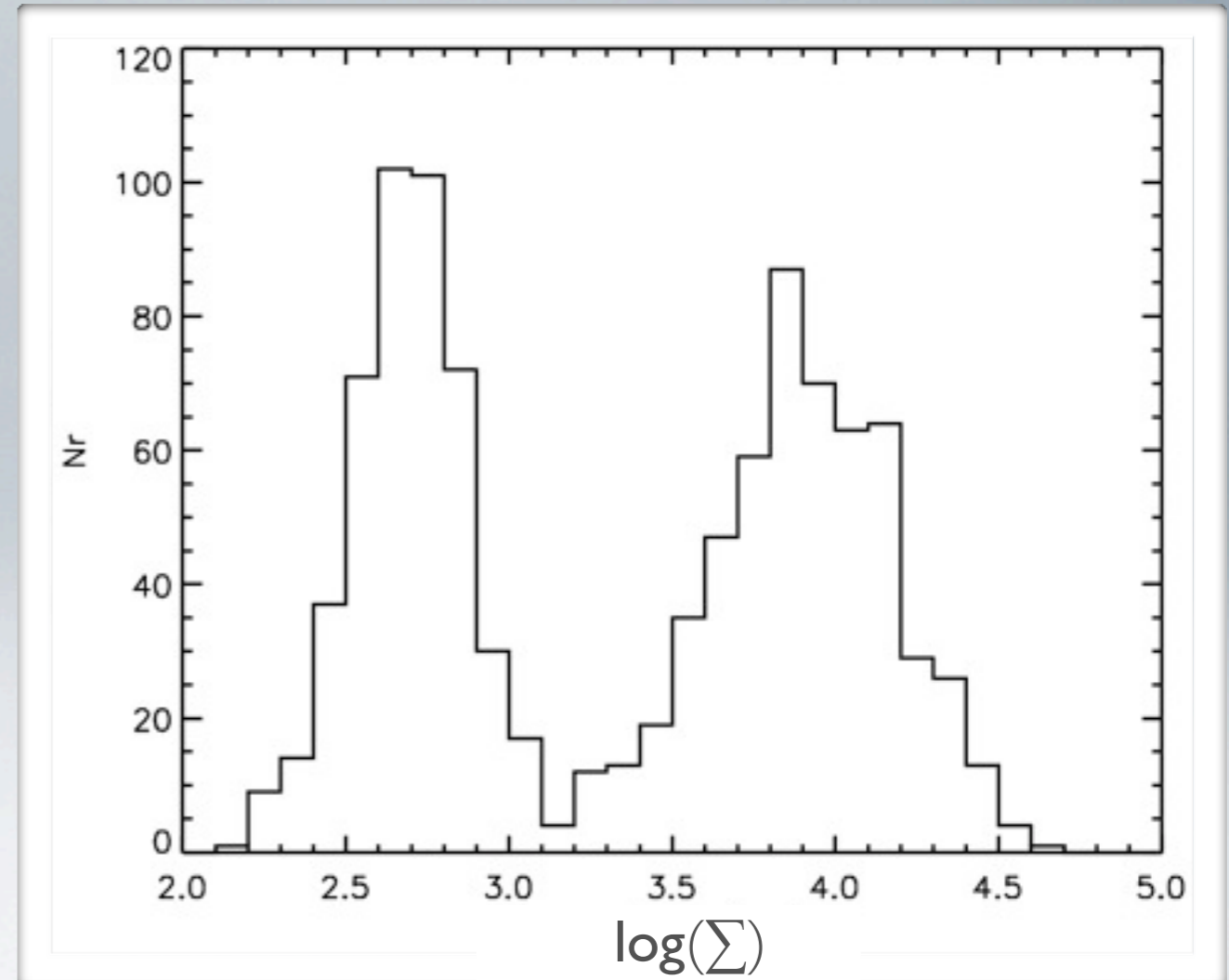
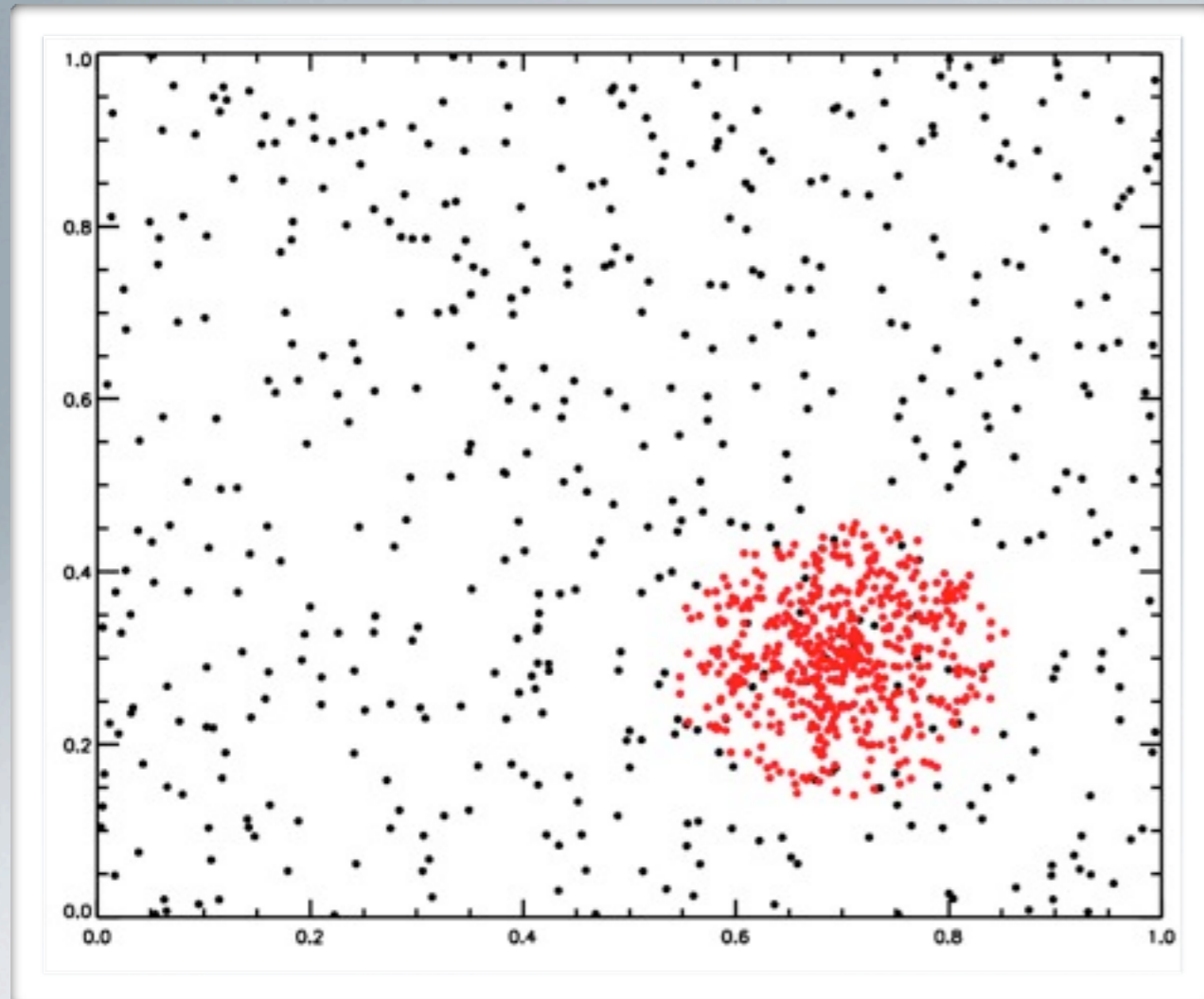
$$\Sigma_* = \frac{j-1}{(\pi r_j^2)}$$

Casertano & Hut 1985

Clustered
Distributed

MULTIPLE MODES

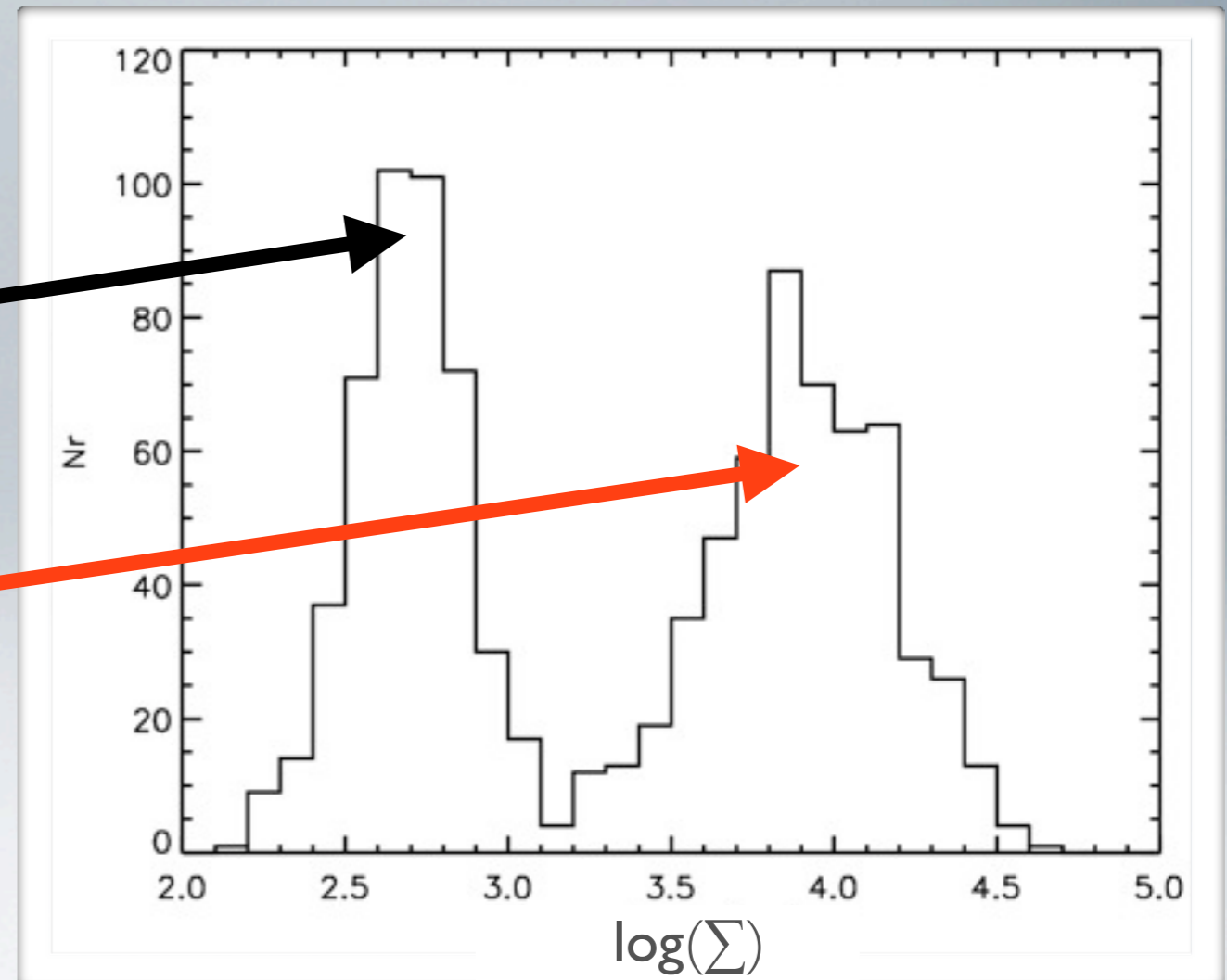
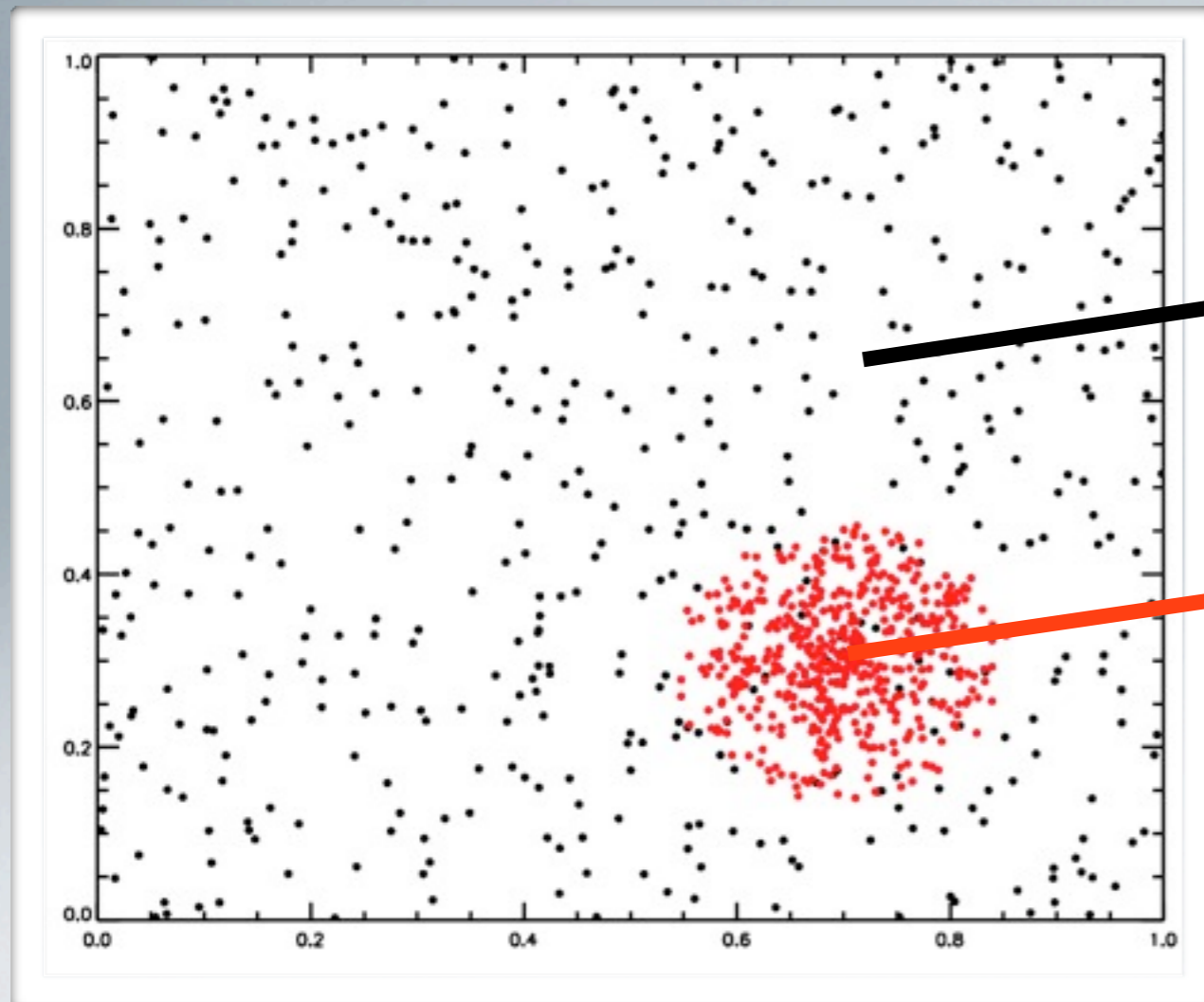
If there are multiple modes it should be apparent



Clustered
Distributed

MULTIPLE MODES

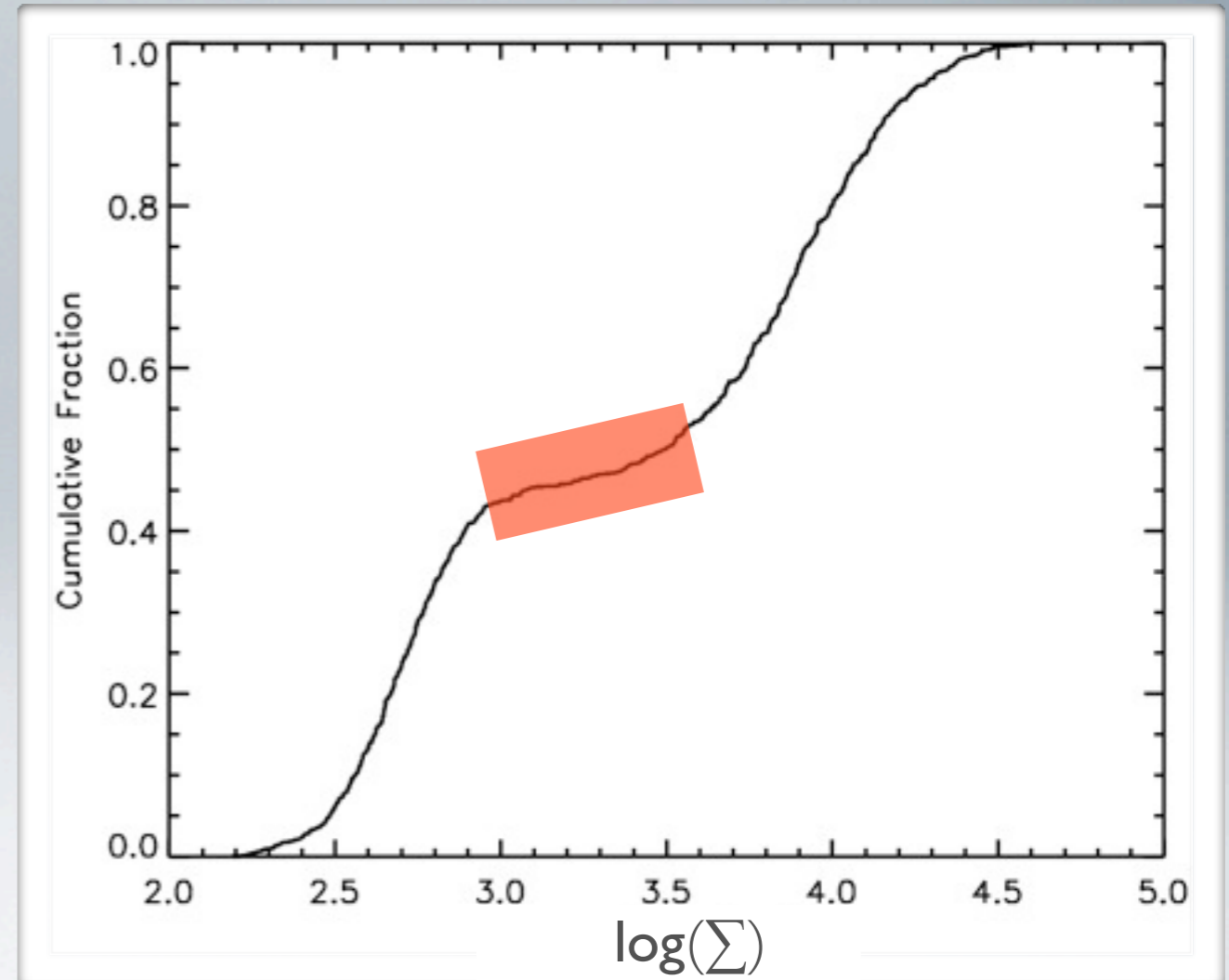
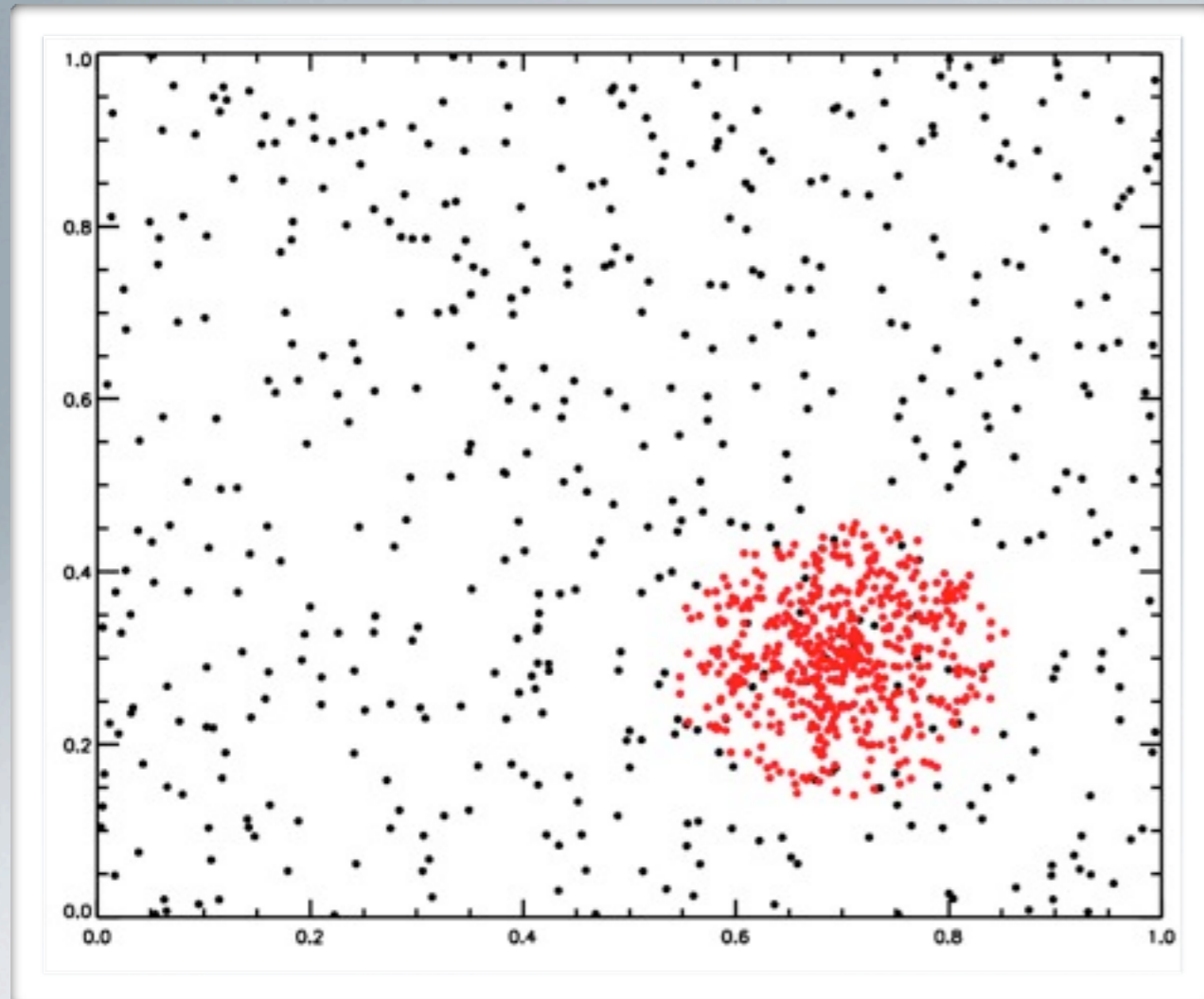
If there are multiple modes it should be apparent



Clustered
Distributed

MULTIPLE MODES

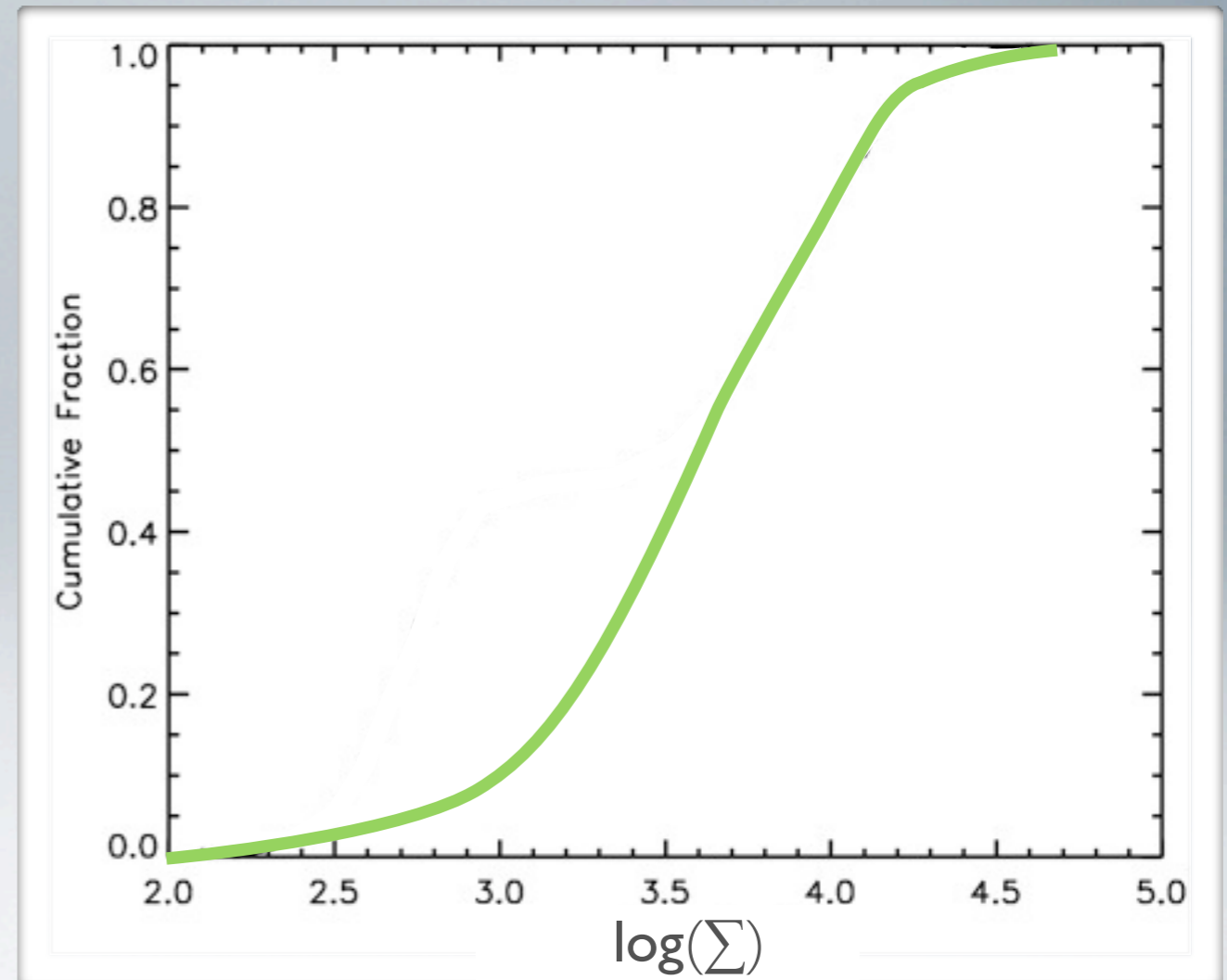
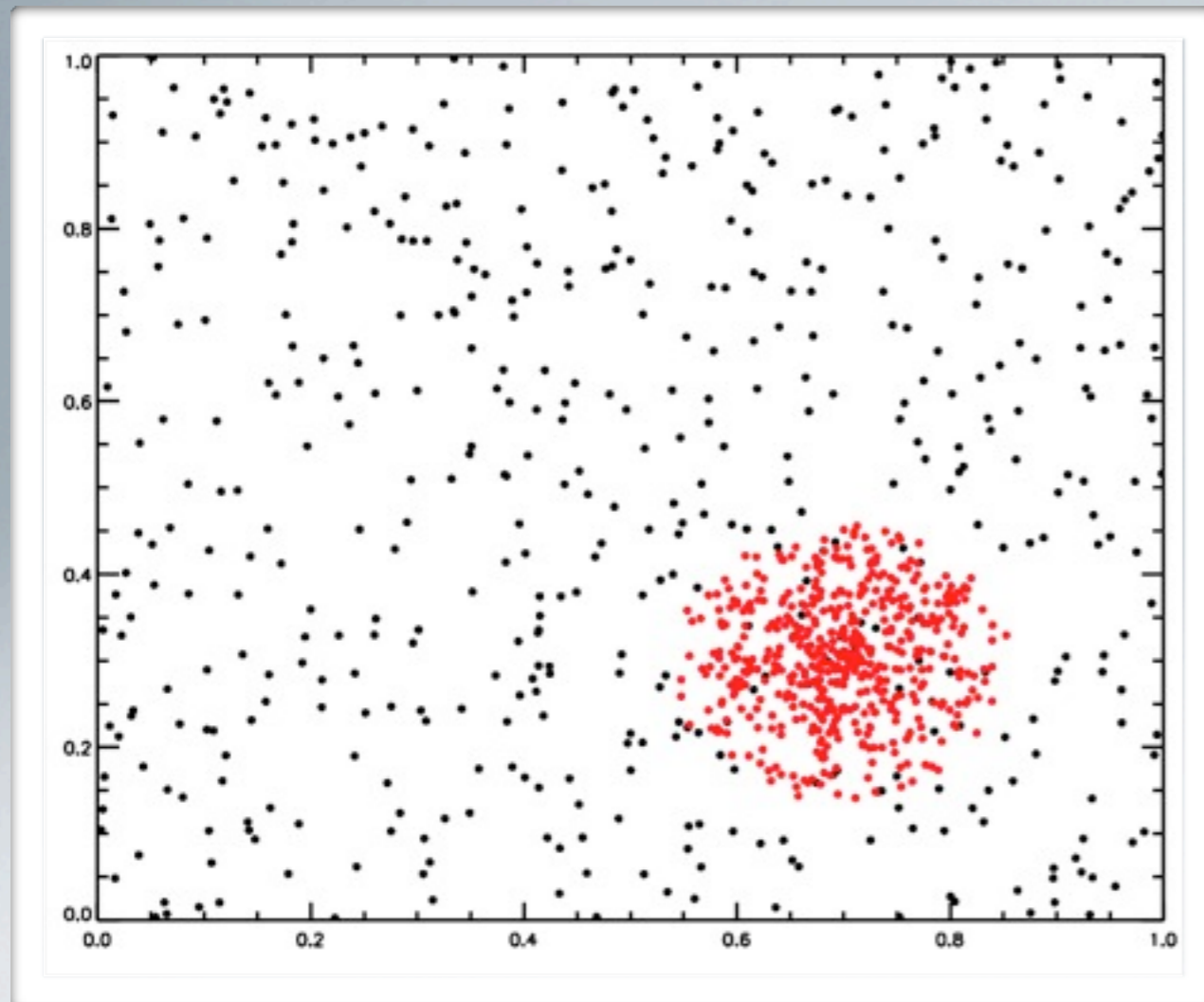
If there are multiple modes it should be apparent



Clustered
Distributed

MULTIPLE MODES

If there are multiple modes it should be apparent



Clustered
Distributed

OBSERVATIONS

Before

NIR Imaging

At low YSO surface densities, associated members is **highly uncertain**

NIR only studies on low Σ are incomplete



Now

Spitzer surveys

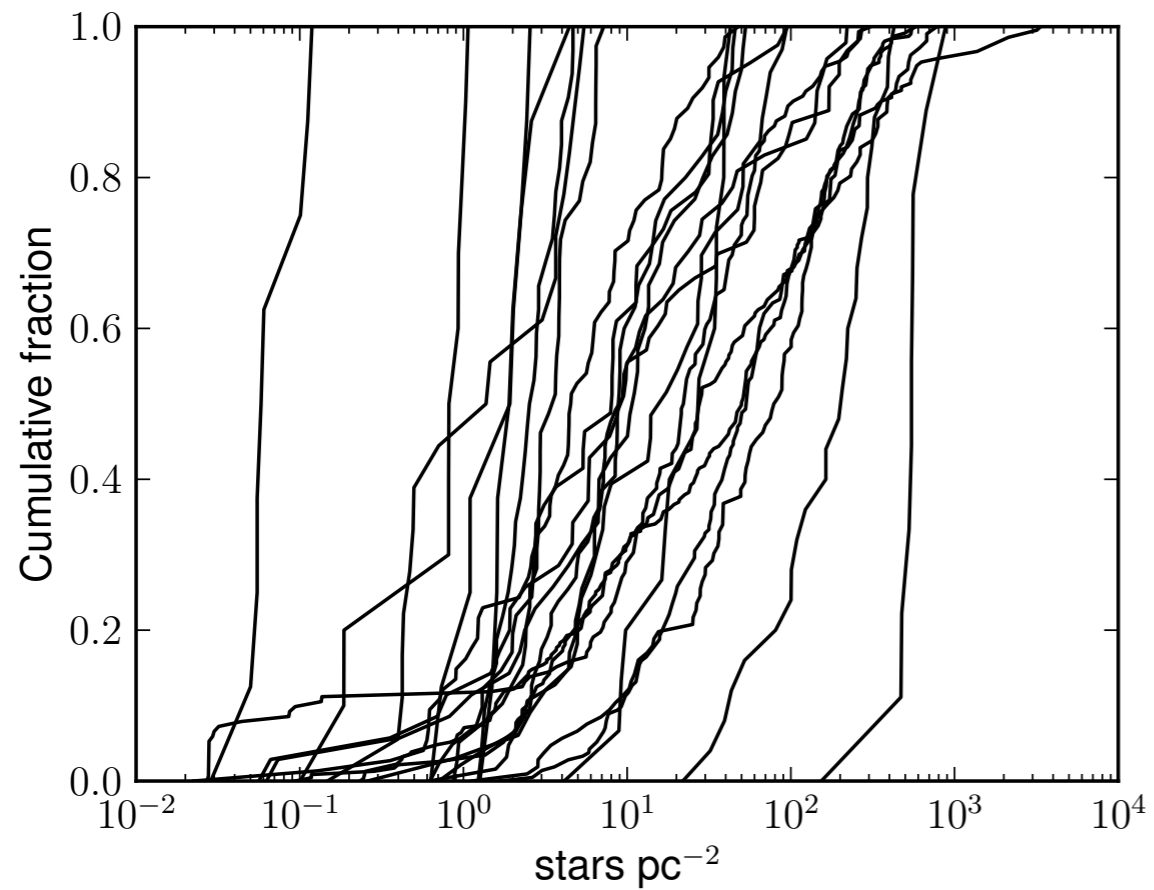
More **robust** and less contamination

Provides **global** outlook of low to high Σ

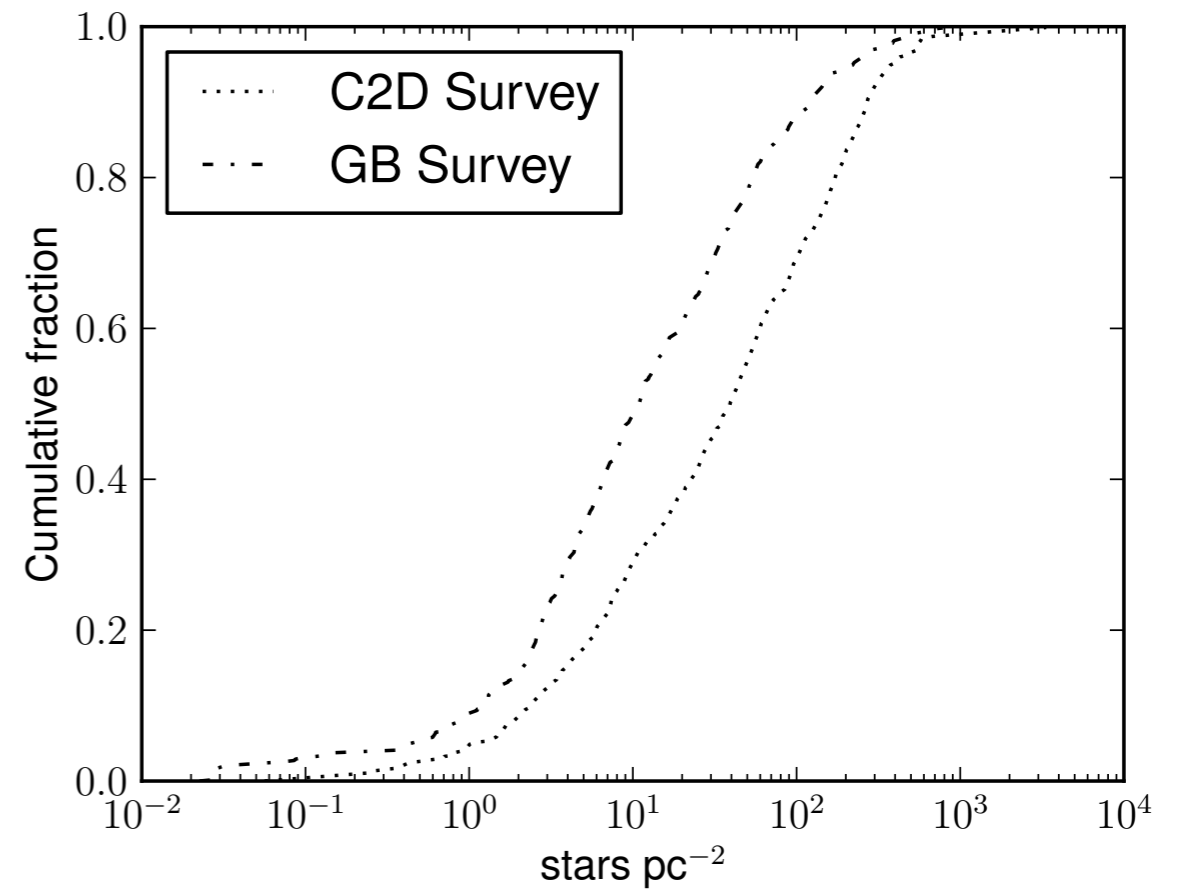
Large FoV Surveys
GB, c2d, Taurus, and Orion

GB & C2D

Separate Regions

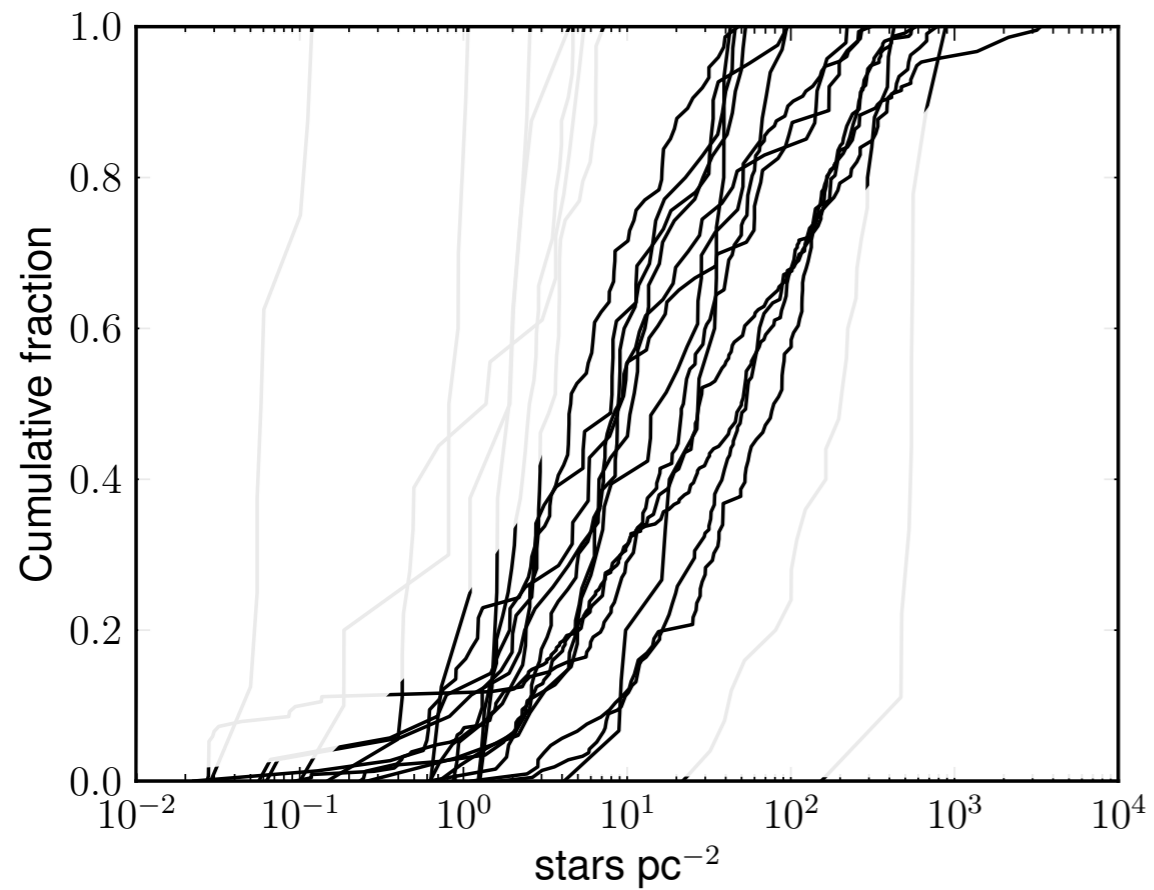


Combined Regions

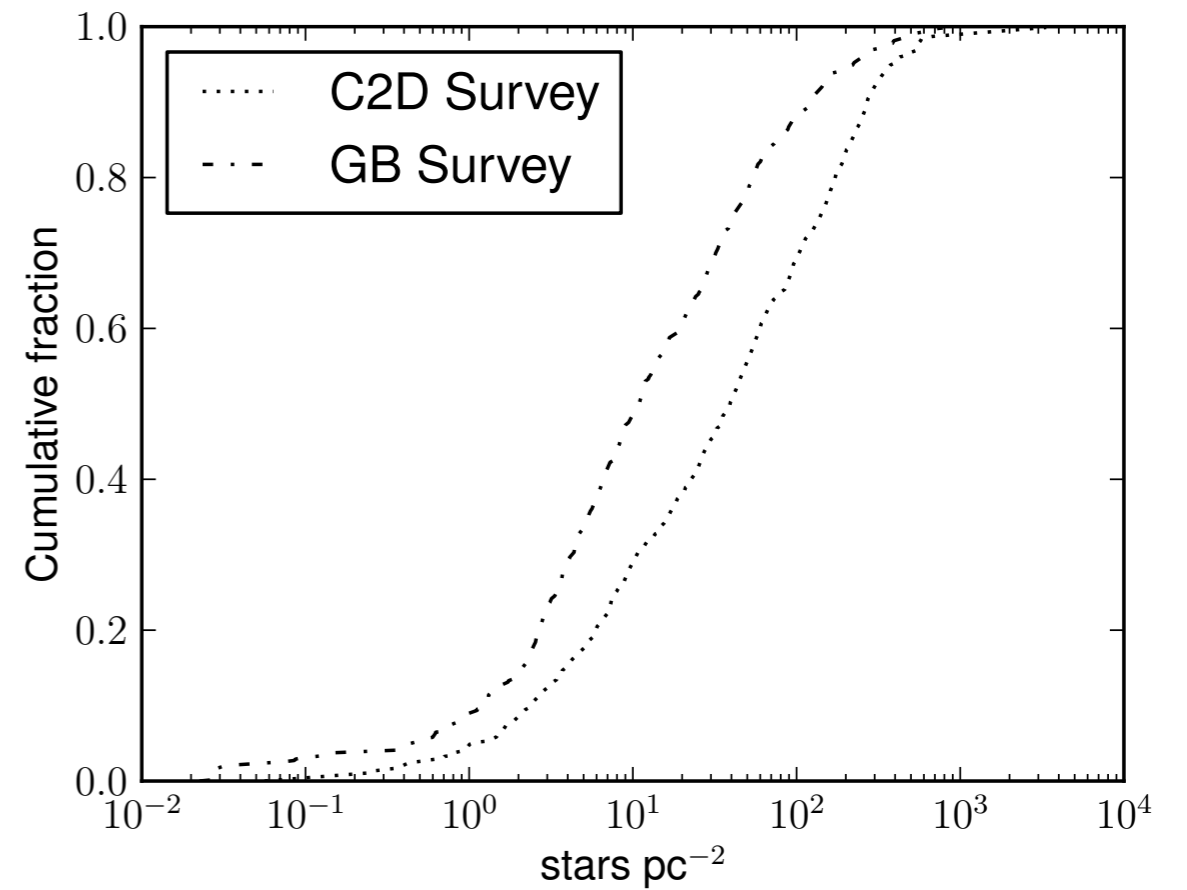


GB & C2D

Separate Regions

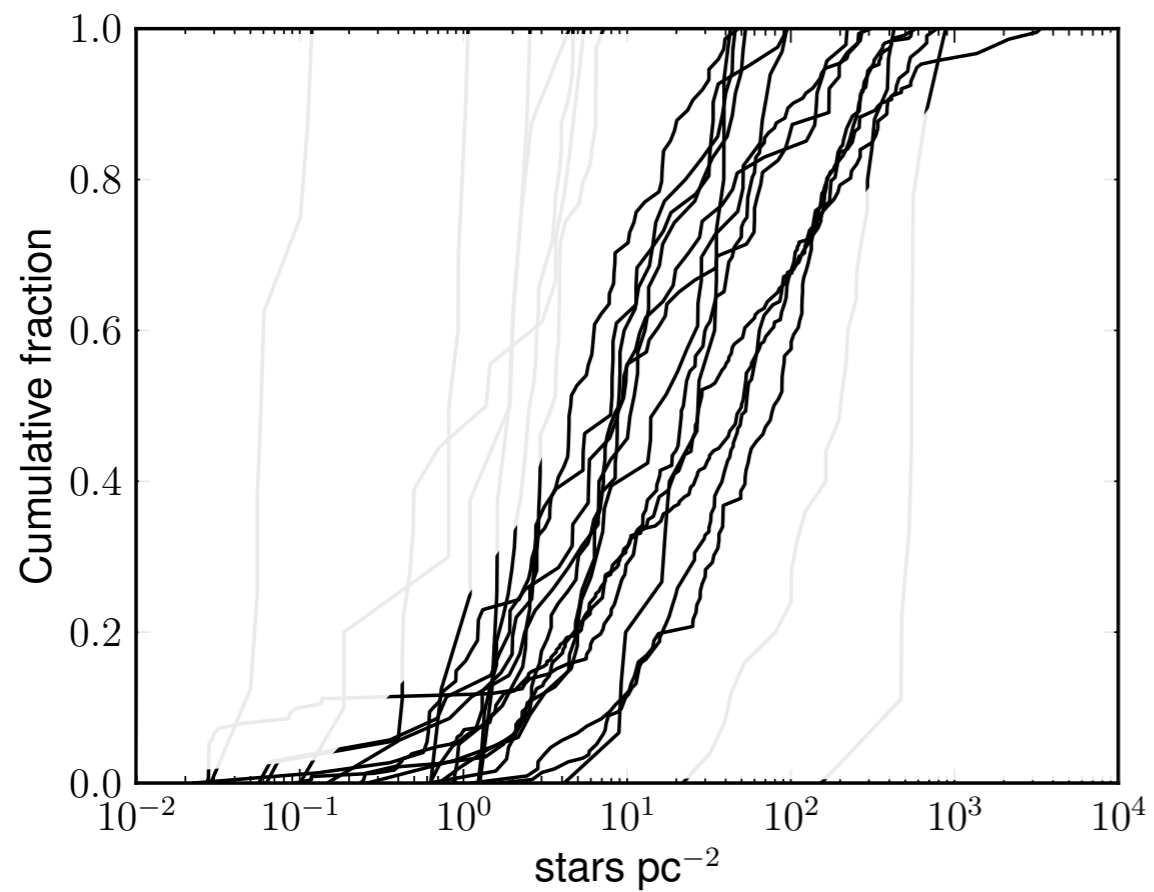


Combined Regions



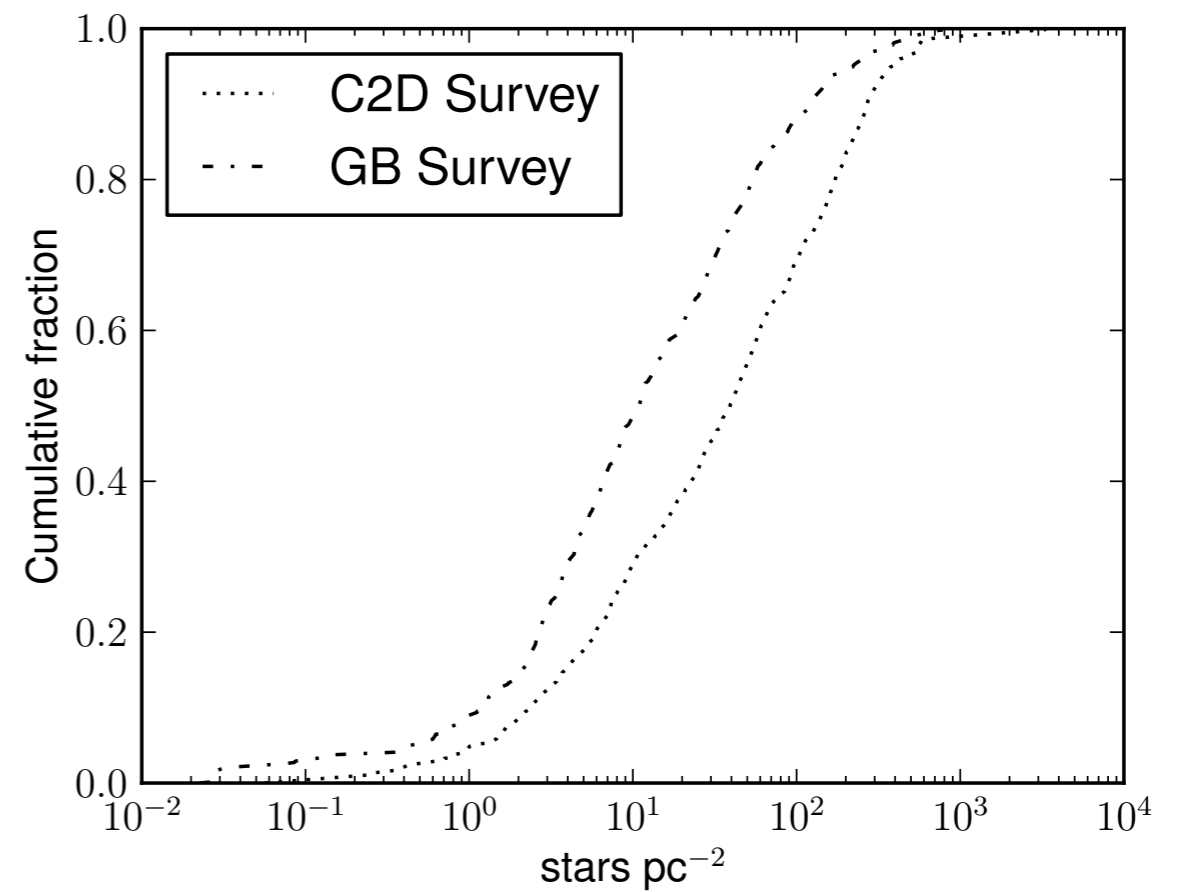
GB & C2D

Separate Regions



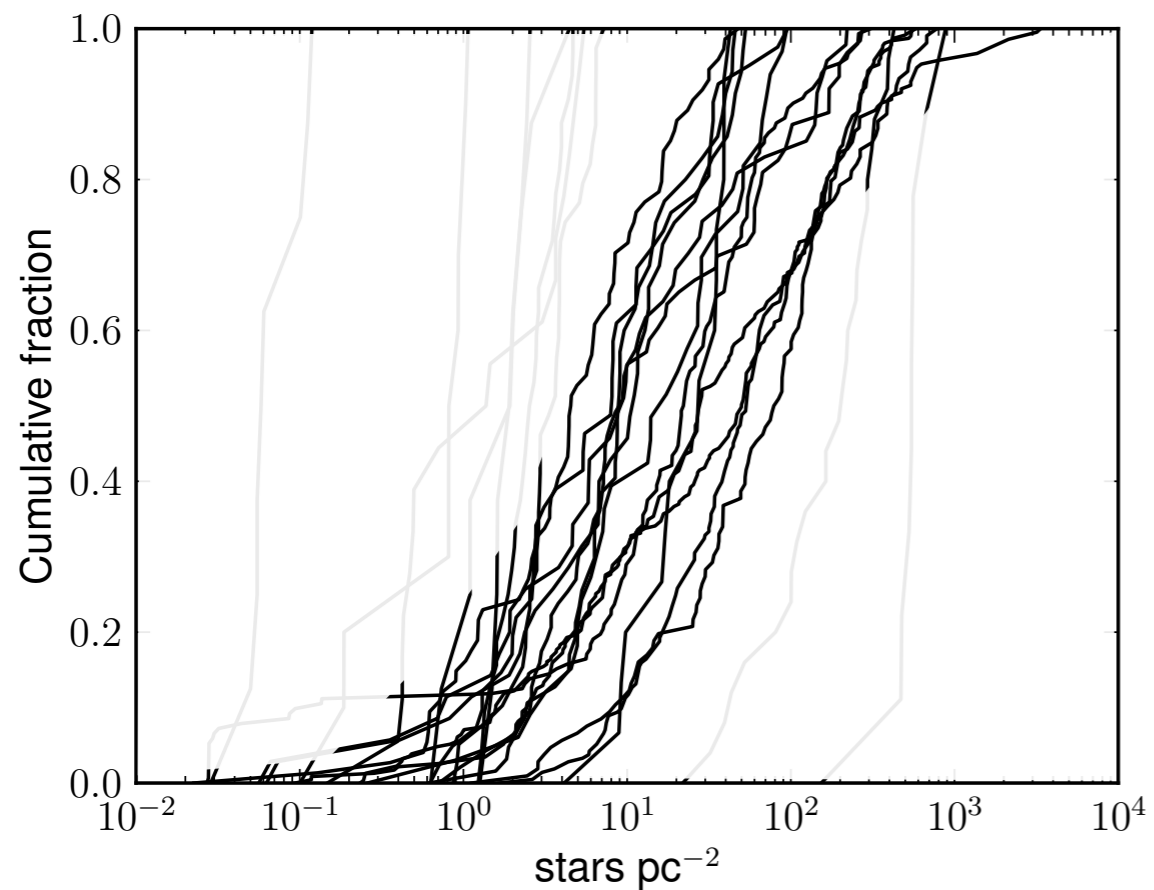
Combined Regions

Smooth profiles



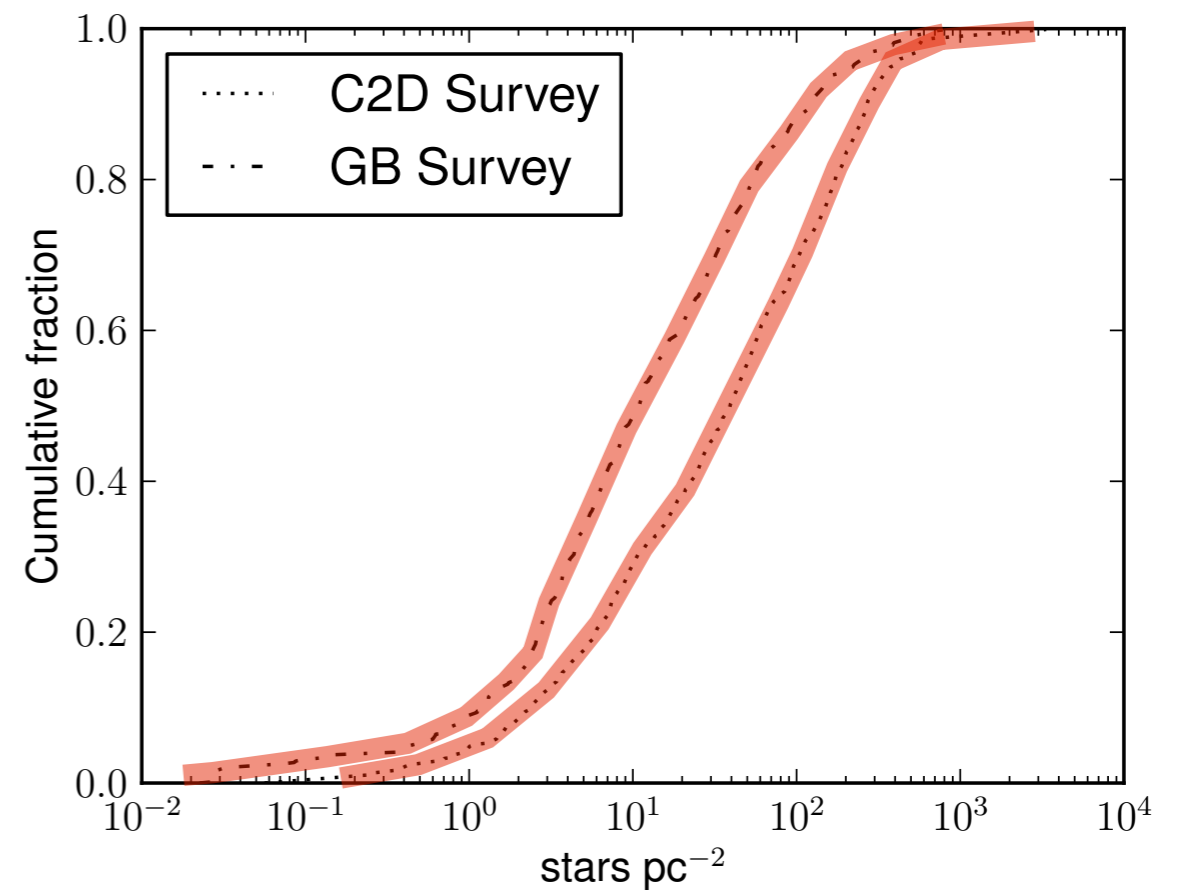
GB & C2D

Separate Regions

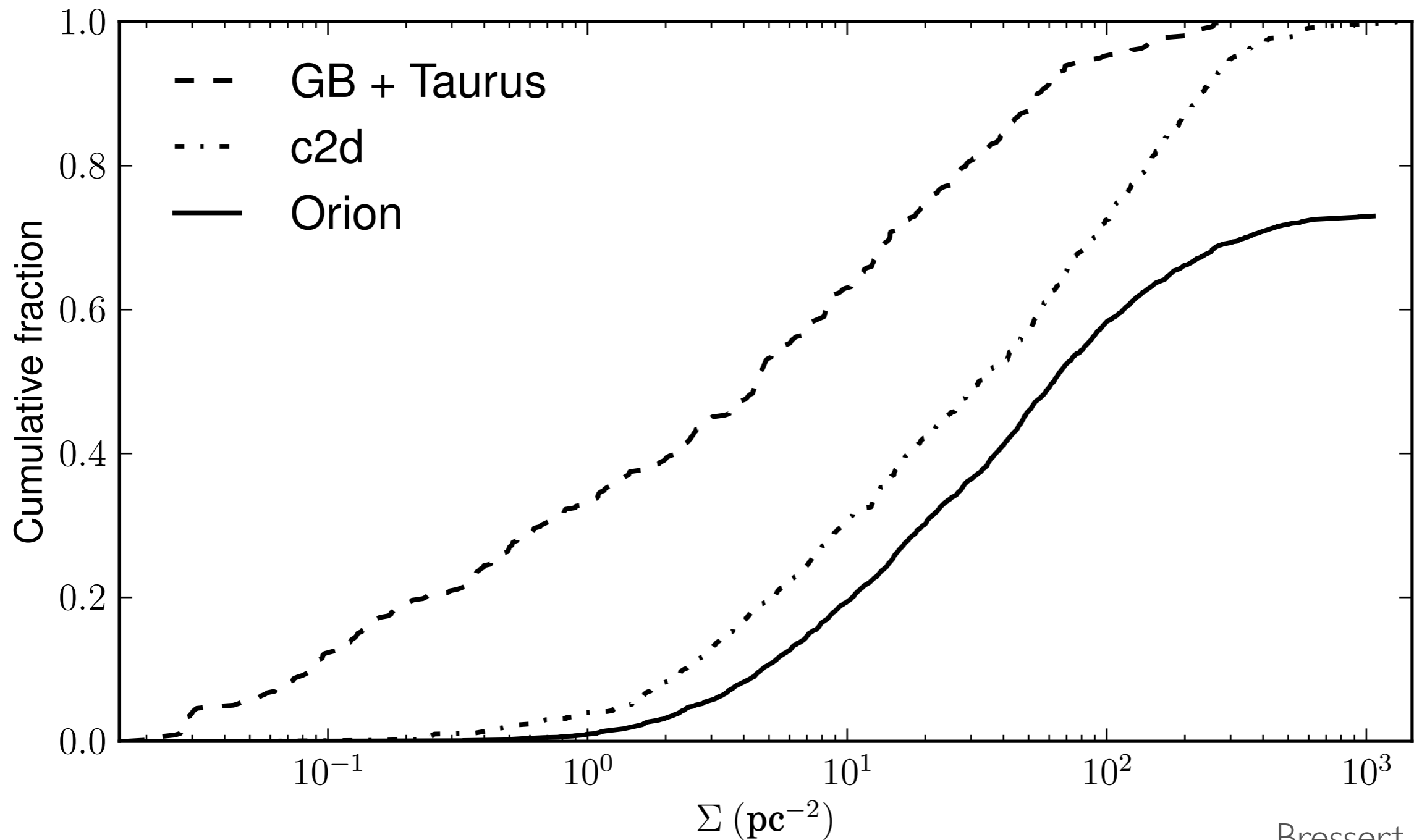


Combined Regions

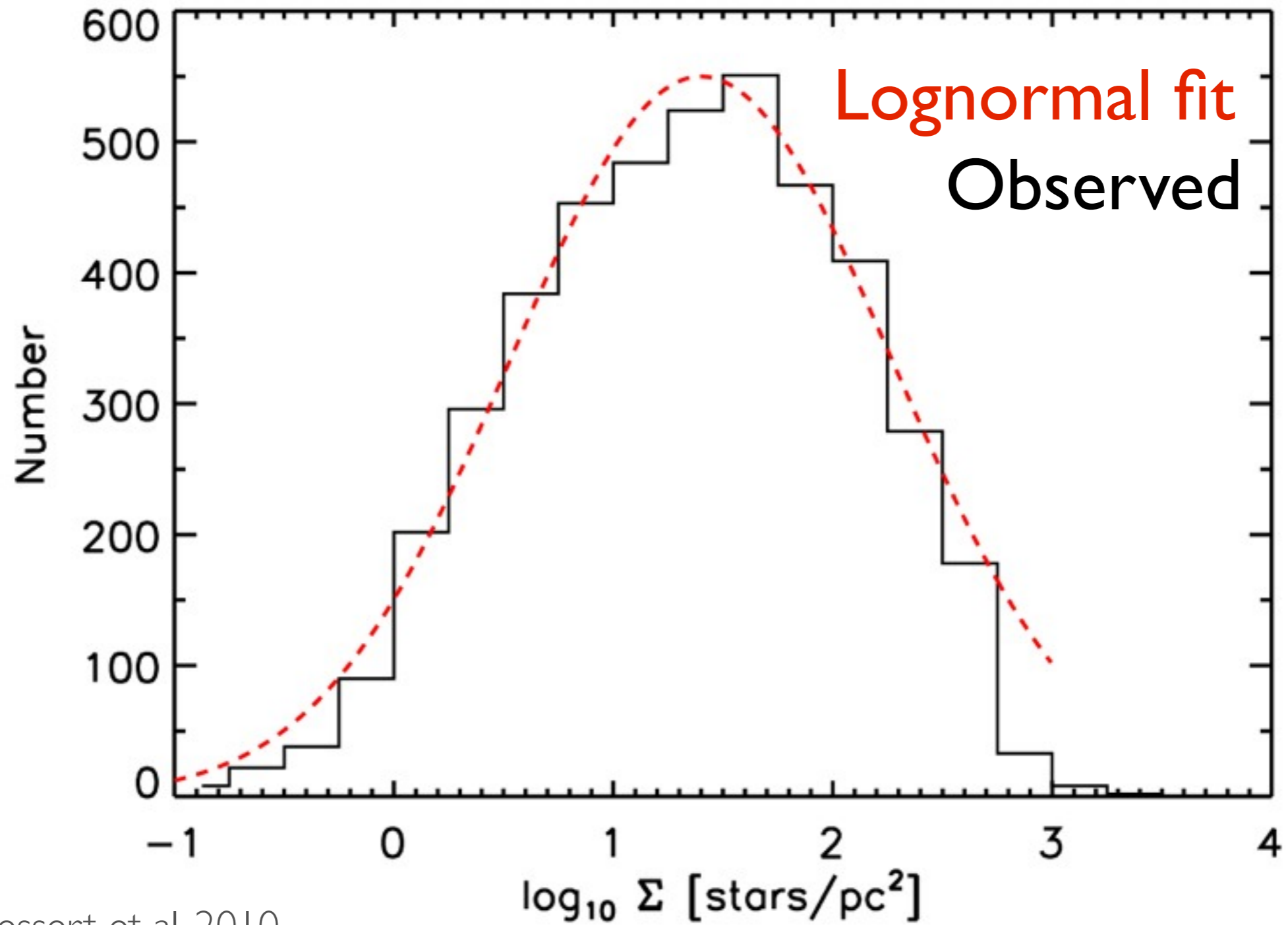
Smooth profiles



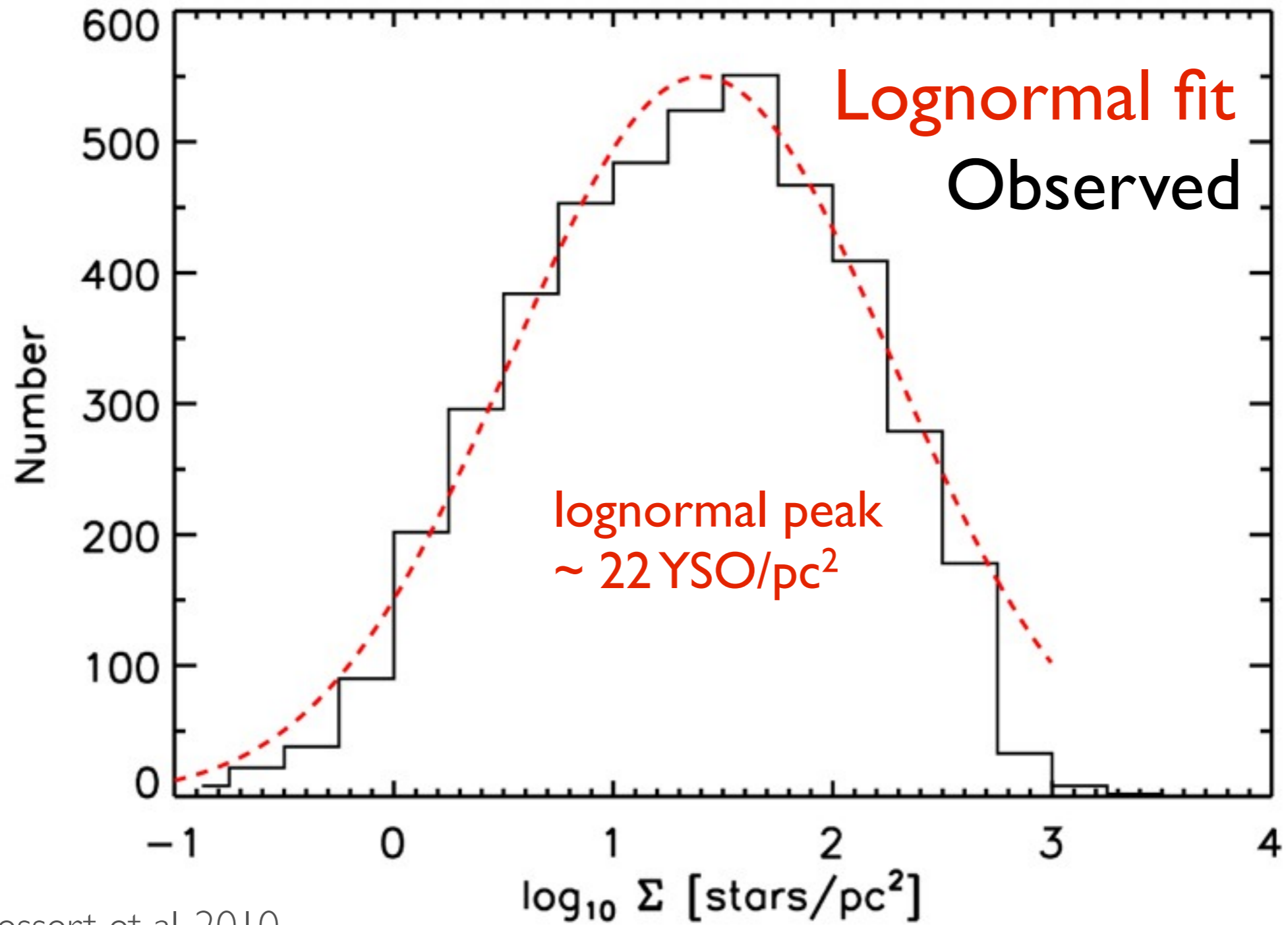
COMPARISON



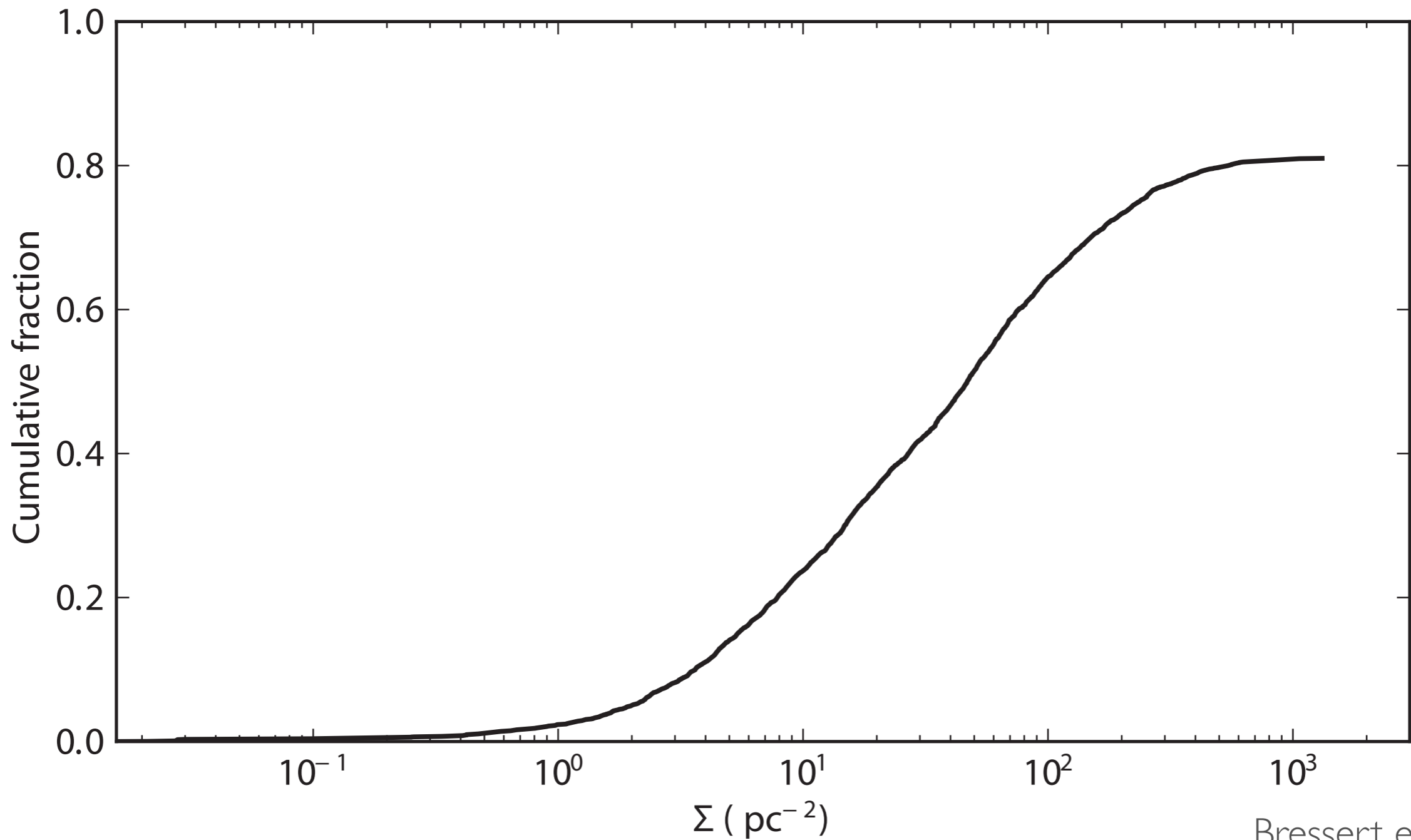
LOGNORMAL FIT



LOGNORMAL FIT

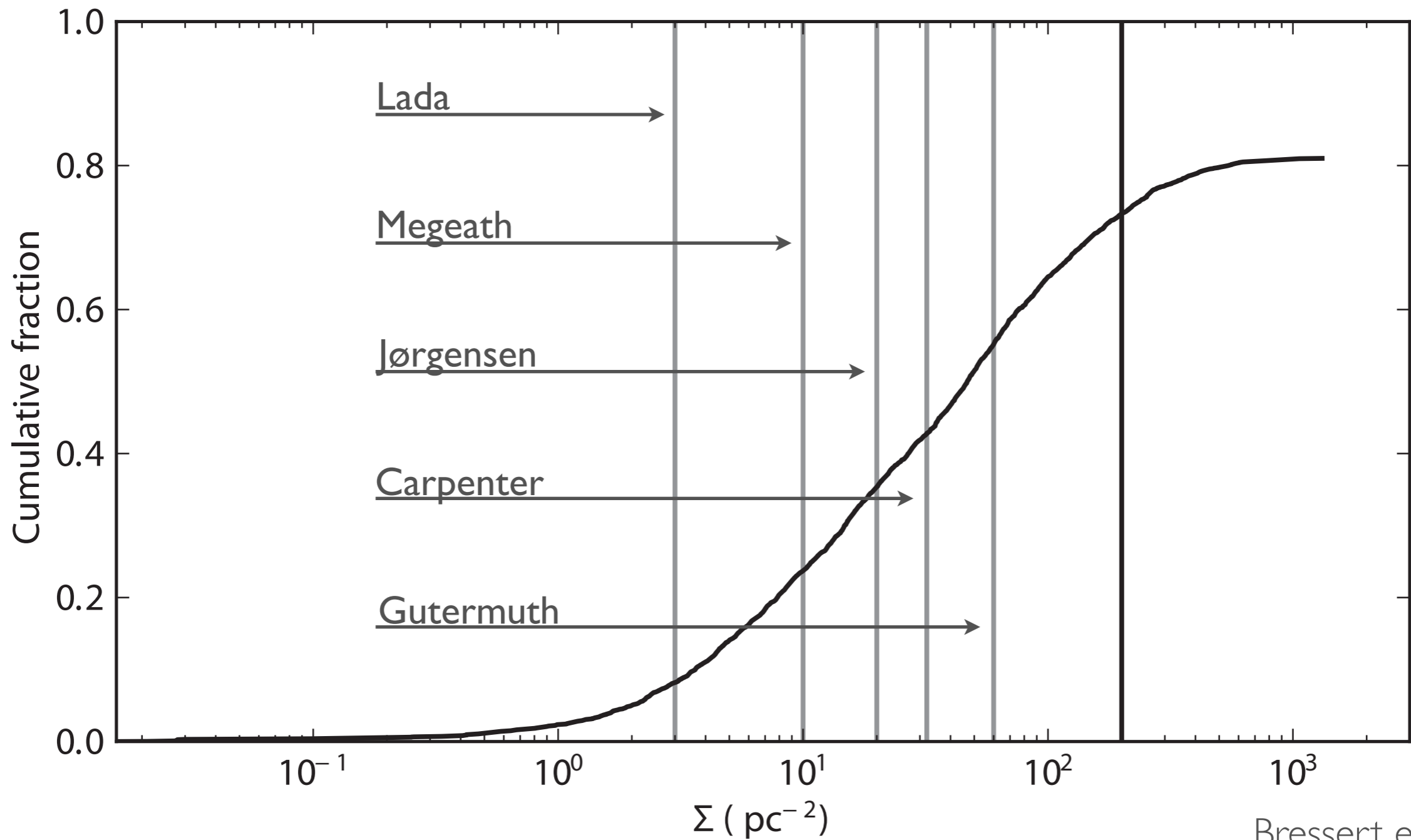


CLUSTERS REVISITED

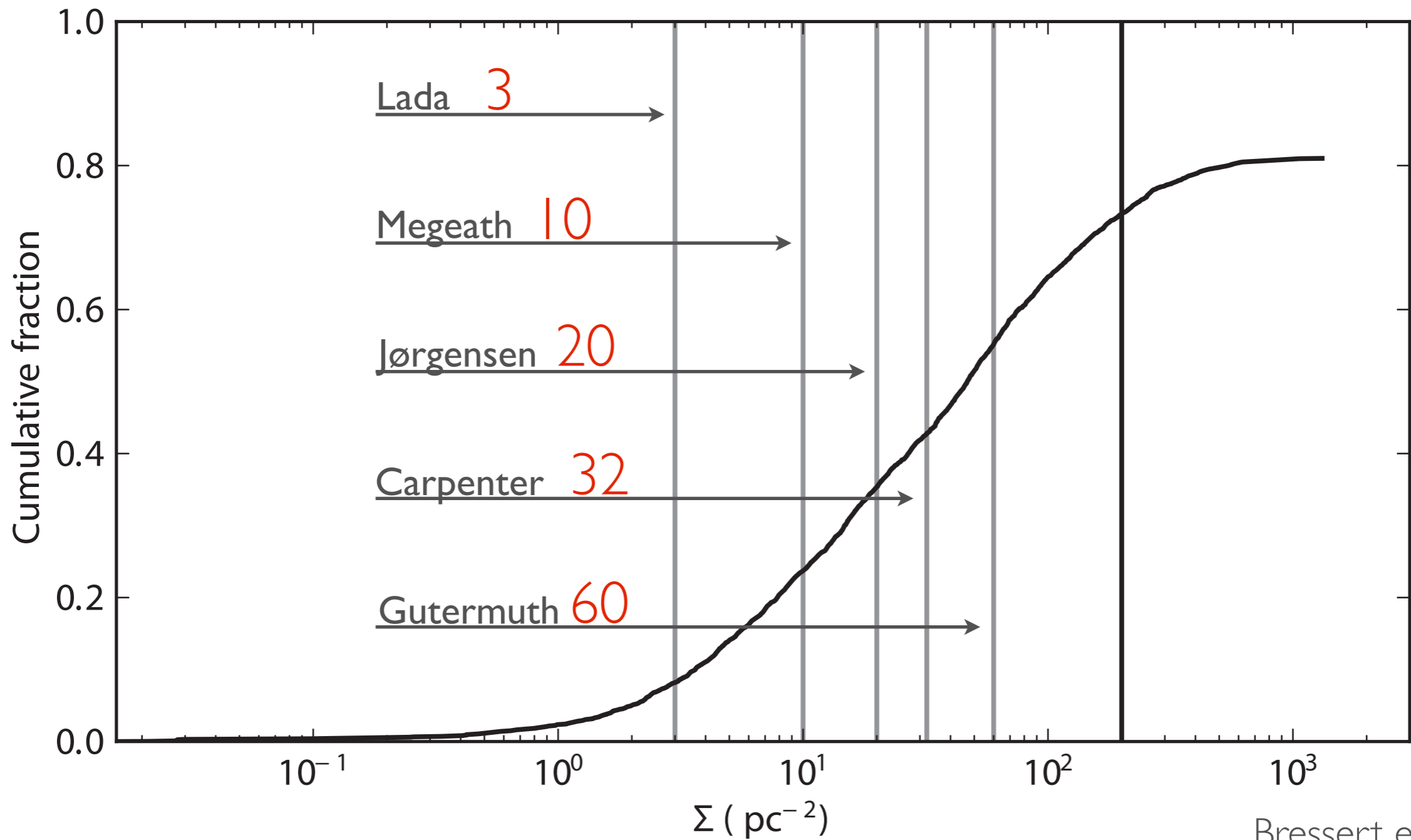


Bressert et al. 2010

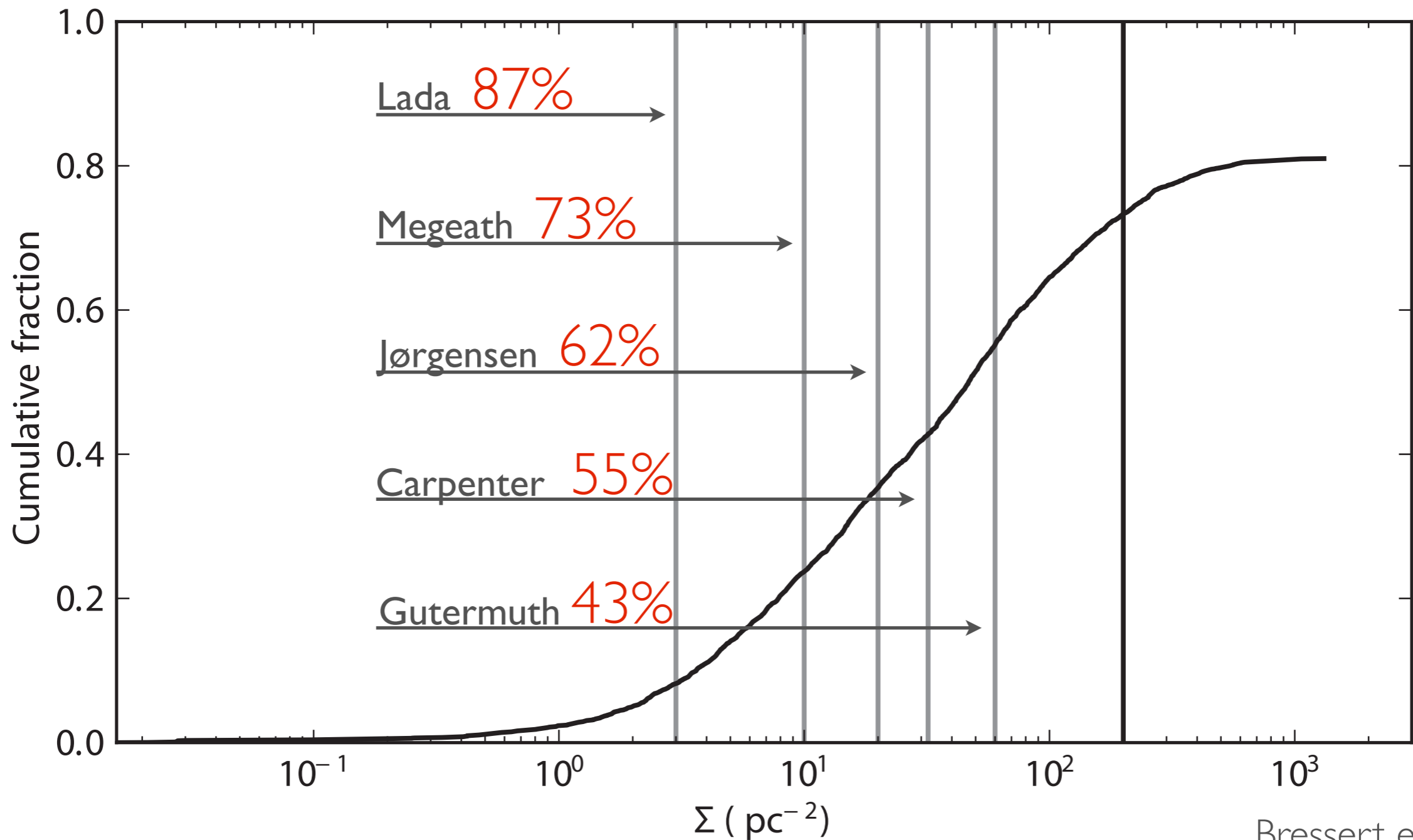
CLUSTERS REVISITED



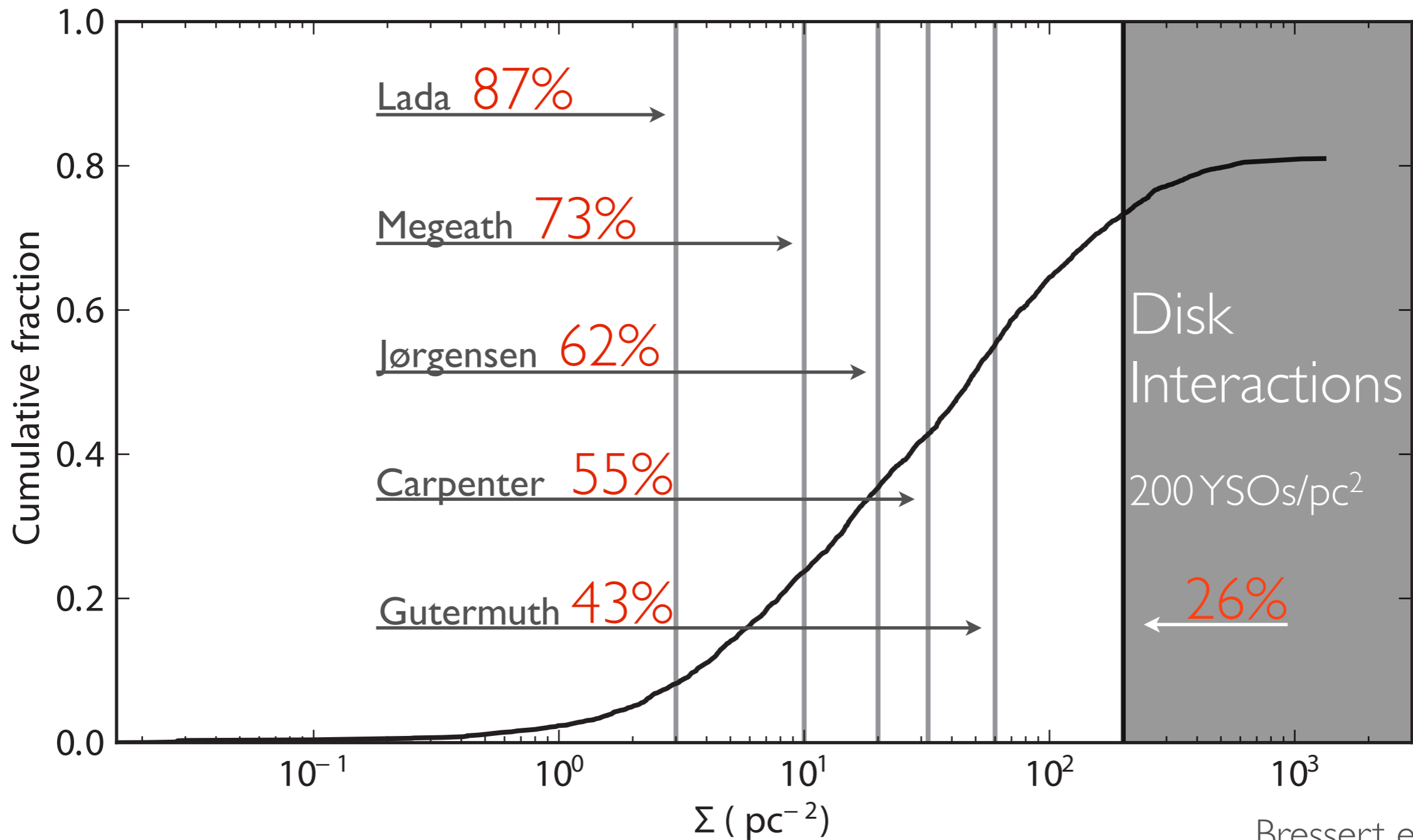
CLUSTERS REVISITED



CLUSTERS REVISITED



CLUSTERS REVISITED



What fraction of stars form in clusters?

What fraction of stars form in clusters?

What fraction of stars will form clusters?

What can the spatial
distribution of high mass stars
tell us about star formation?



ISOLATED MASSIVE STARS?

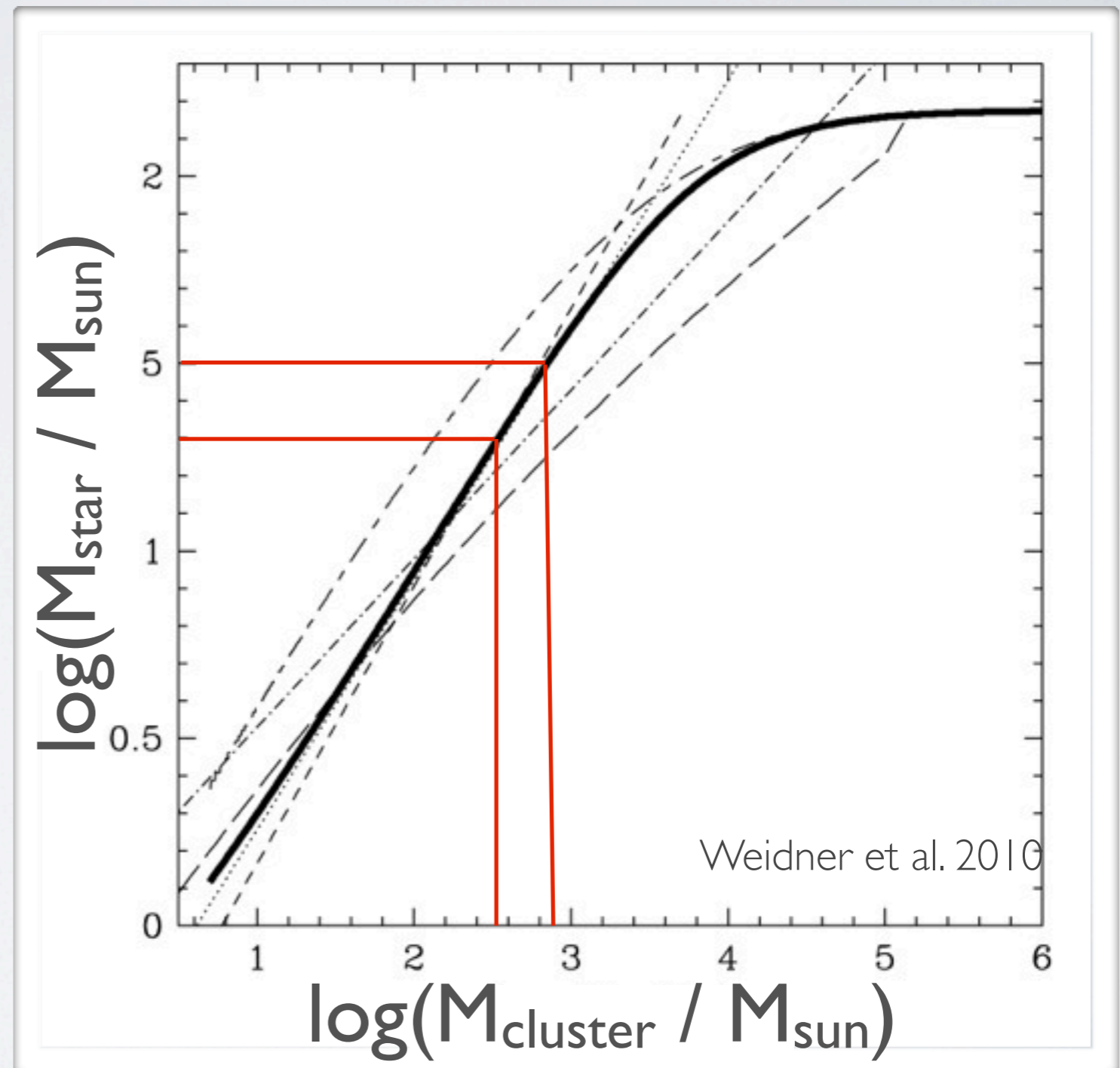
Or do they only form in clusters?

(e.g. Vanbeveren 1984; Weidner & Kroupa 2006)

Frequent studies searching for isolated forming O-stars

(e.g. de Wit et al. 2004, 2005)

Either will have effects or confirm on star formation theories (e.g. Tan, Bonnell) and the IMF

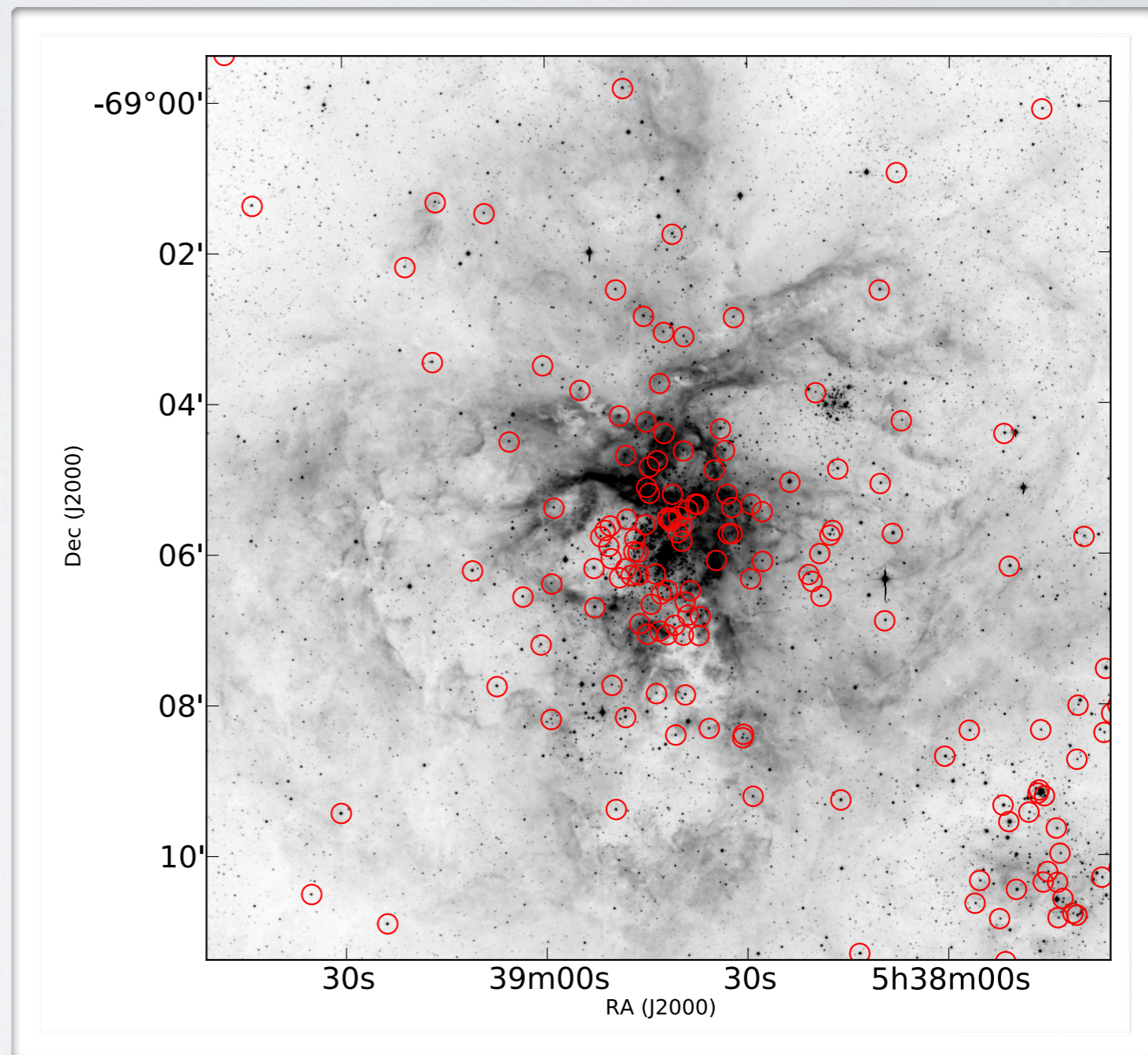


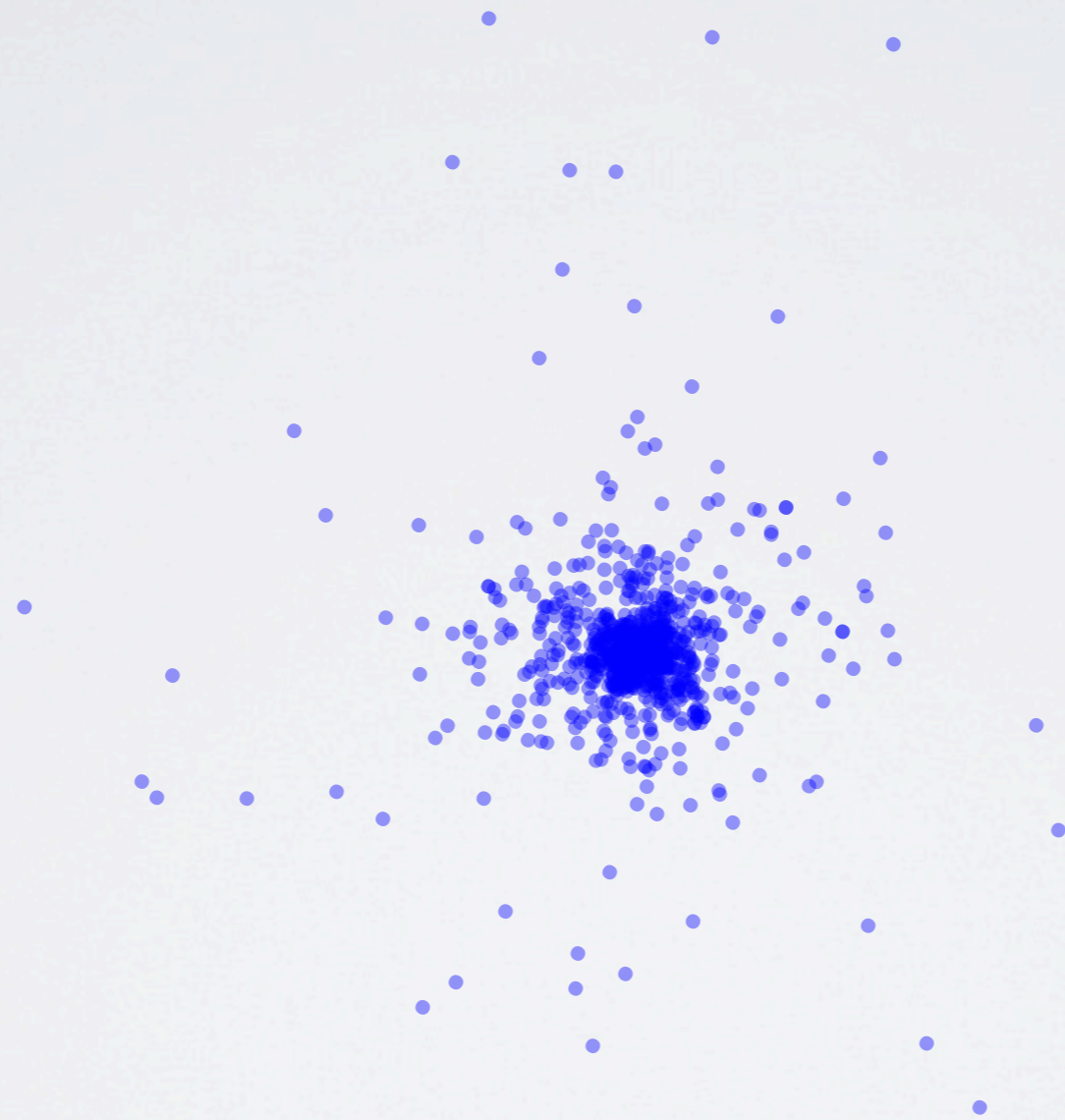
O-STARS IN THE LMC

VLT FLAMES (PI: C. Evans)

~300 spectrally confirmed massive stars outside of R136

~170 are single massive star candidates





Rule out runaways



Rule out runaways

Radial velocities cut

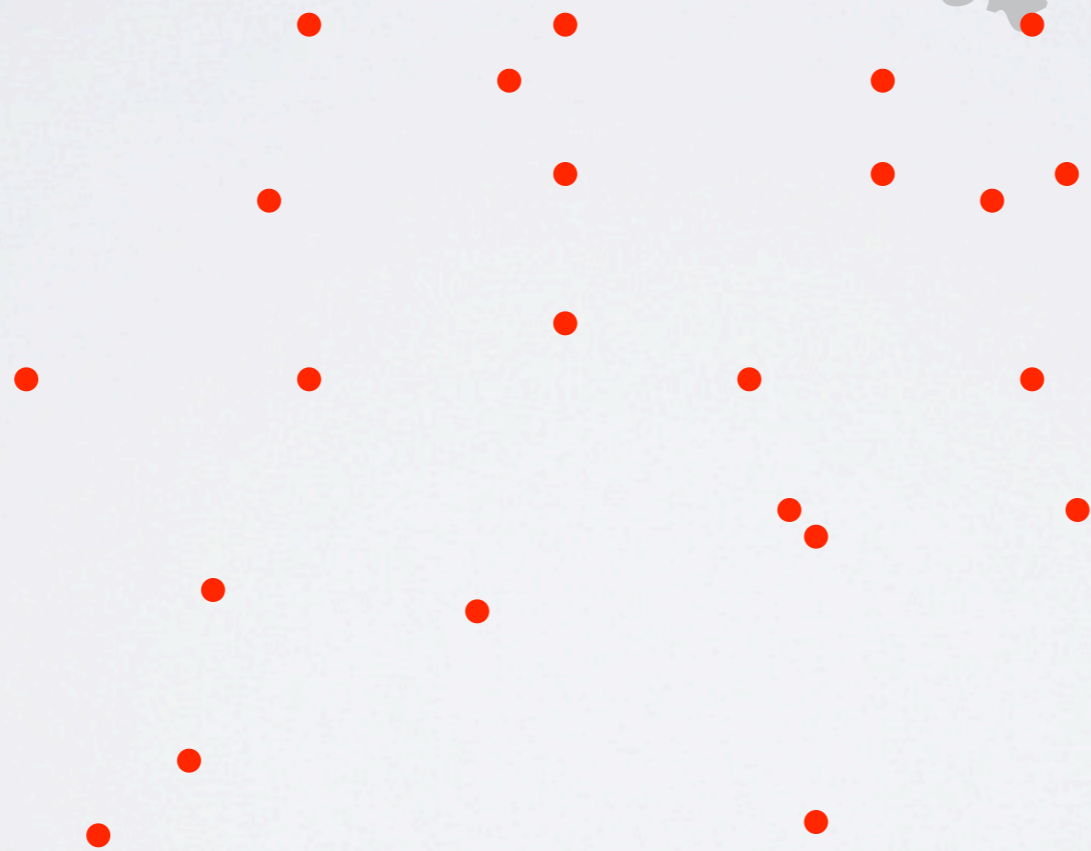


New

Molecular filaments (MF)



Rule out runaways



Radial velocities cut

Molecular filaments (MF)

Rule out runaways

Probability of being a runaway
massive star:

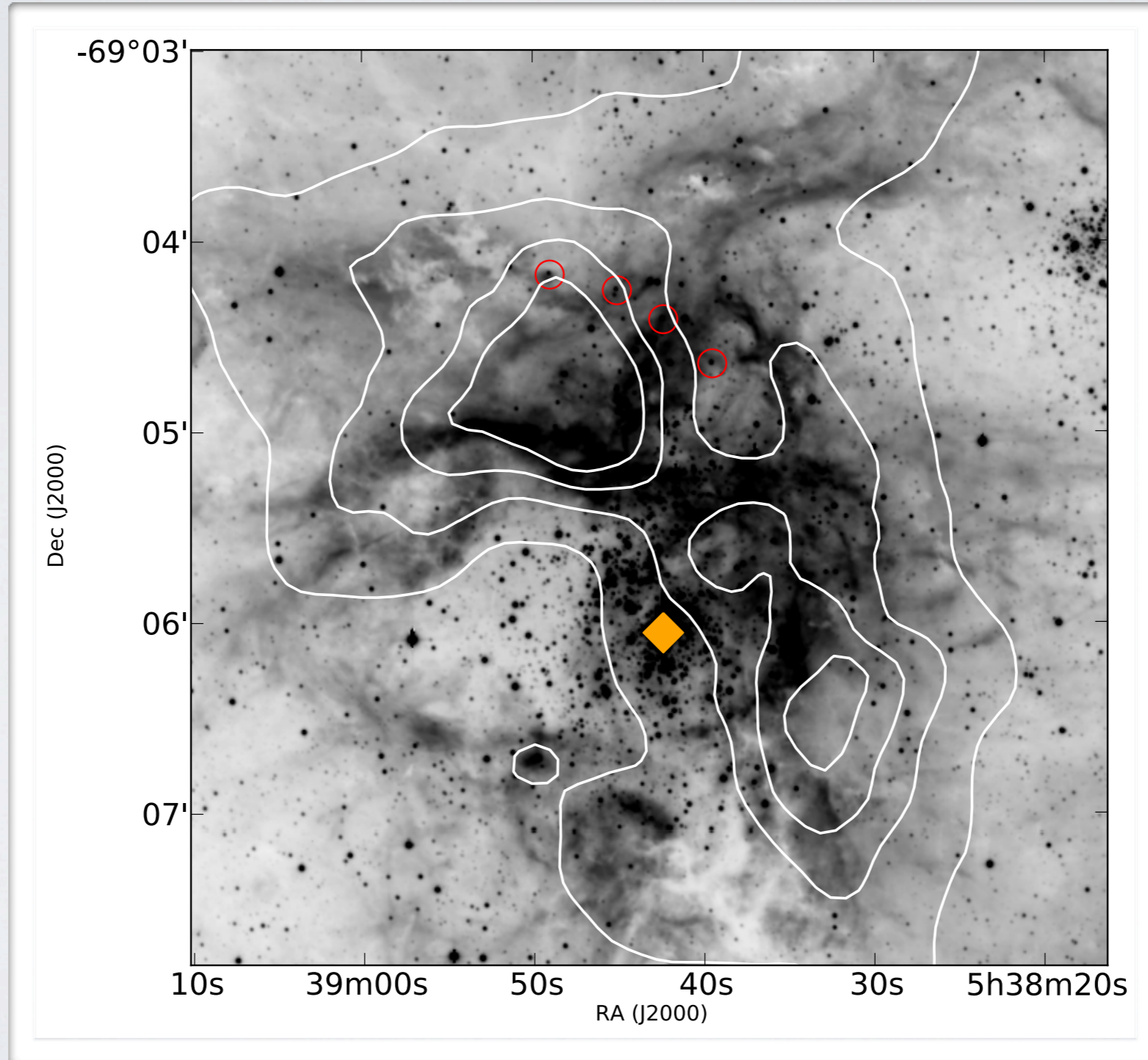
$$P(N(\star) \in \text{MF}) \ll 1, \text{ where } N \geq 3$$

In terms of probability we can rule out the
chance of stars being runaways

Radial velocities cut

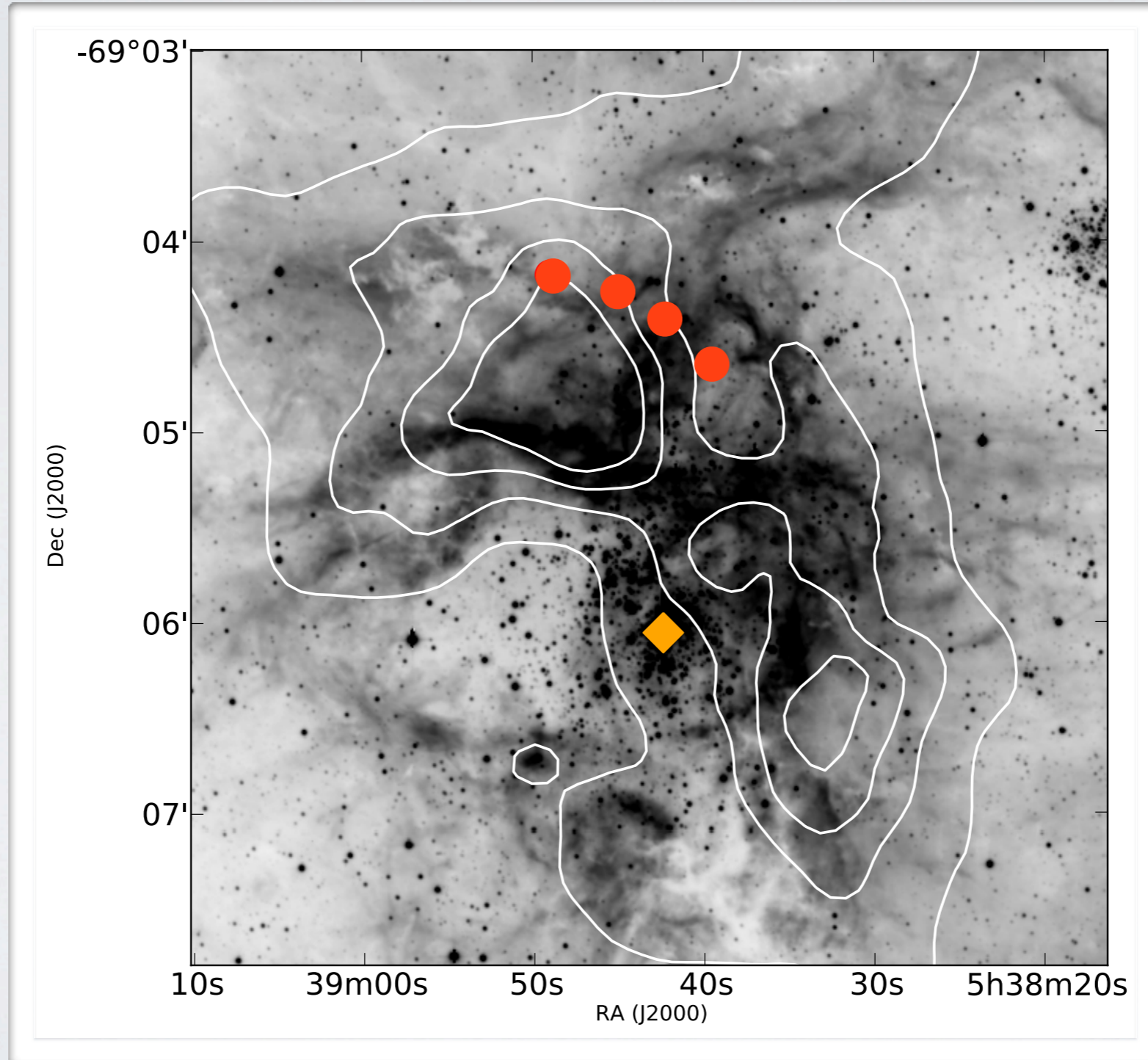
ISOLATED O-STARS?

Preliminary



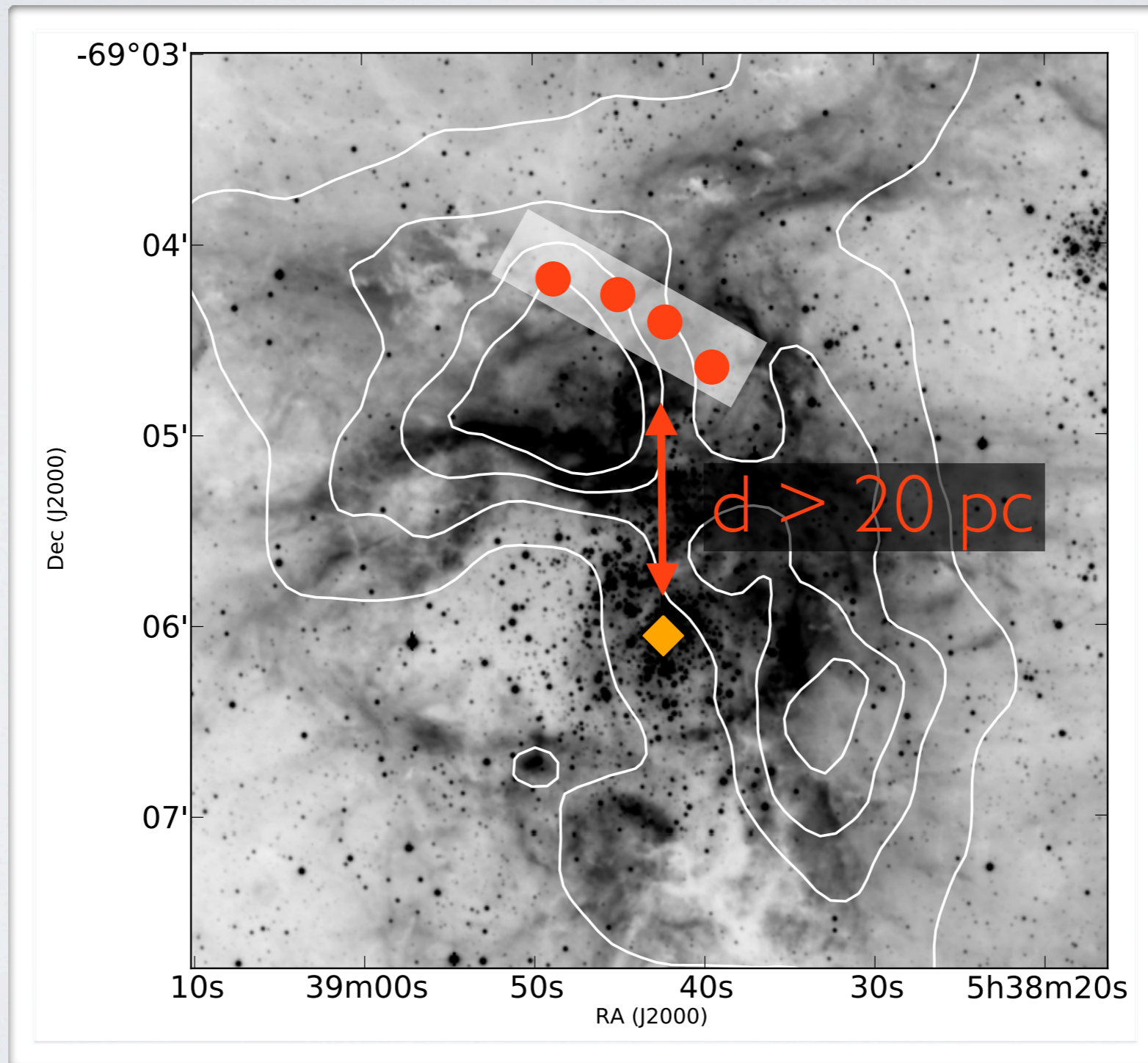
ISOLATED O-STARS?

Preliminary



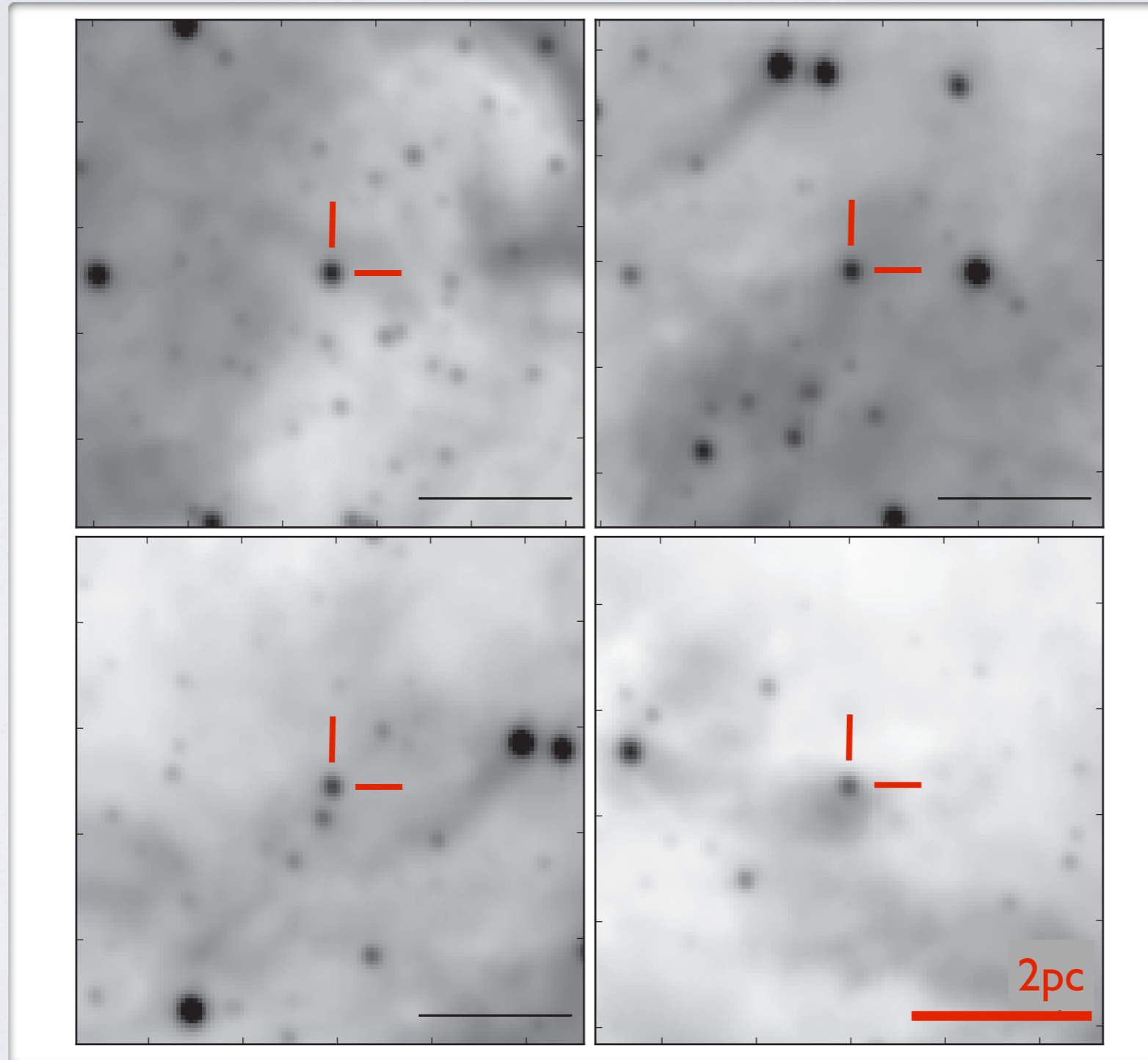
ISOLATED O-STARS?

Preliminary



ISOLATED O-STARS?

Preliminary



SUMMARY

Do all stars form in clusters? Local environment implies **no**

Σ of YSOs is well fit by a lognormal with **peak** at 22 YSOs/pc²

No evidence of different modes of SF

“Cluster” definitions are **arbitrary** for star forming environments

~25% of YSOs are found in dense environments

Preliminary results on **isolated O-stars** in the LMC