

Initiation of Alfvénic turbulence by Alfvén wave collisions: a numerical study

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Outline

- Alfvénic turbulence
- Physical conditions
- Numerical setup
- Analysis:
 - Spatial distribution of v ;
 - Fourier components;
- Conclusions

Alfvénic turbulence in plasma

Iroshnikov (1963),

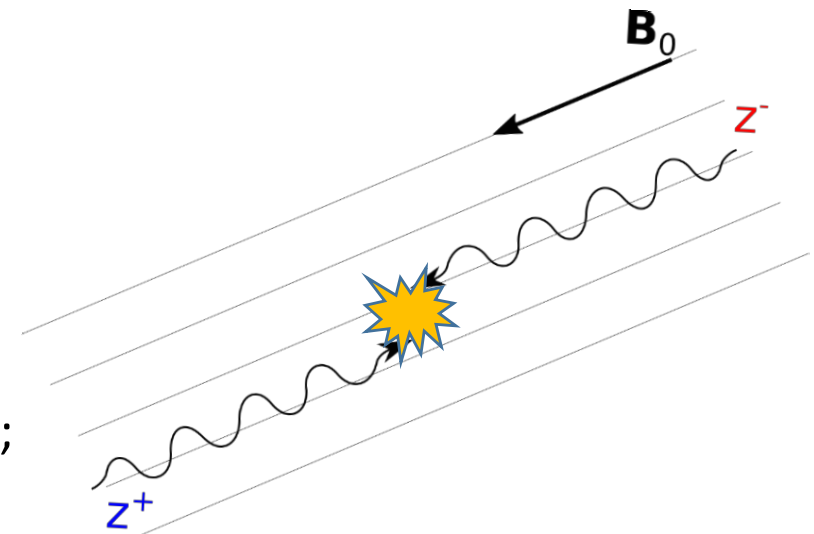
Kraichnan (1965)

and followers ...

Ng&Battacharge 1996

Howes&Nielson 2013 ...

incompr. MHD



- Interaction between counter-propagating AWs;

- $\mathbf{z}^- = \mathbf{u} - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$

- $\mathbf{z}^+ = \mathbf{u} + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$

- Transfer of energy to smaller \perp scales – larger \mathbf{k}_\perp ;

Alfvénic turbulence in plasma

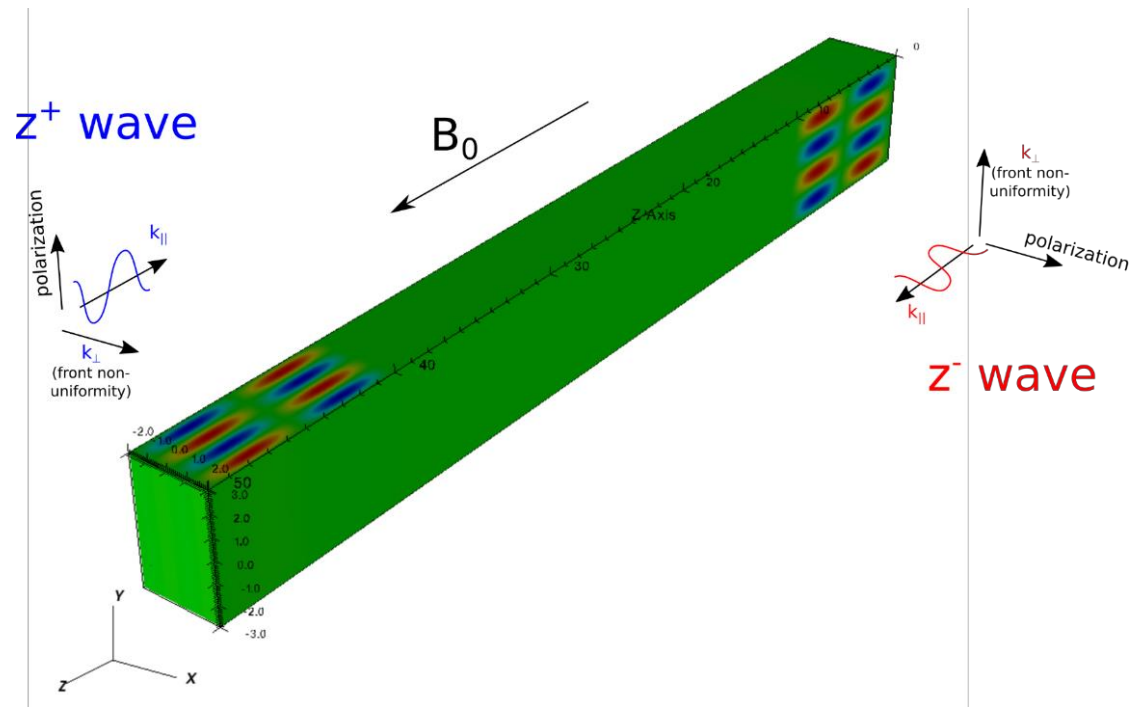
Necessary conditions:

$$\mathbf{z}^- = \mathbf{u} - \frac{b}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$$

- \mathbf{k}_{\parallel} towards \mathbf{B}_0
- \mathbf{k}_{\perp} – nonunif. along y -axis
- zx -polarization

$$\mathbf{z}^+ = \mathbf{u} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$$

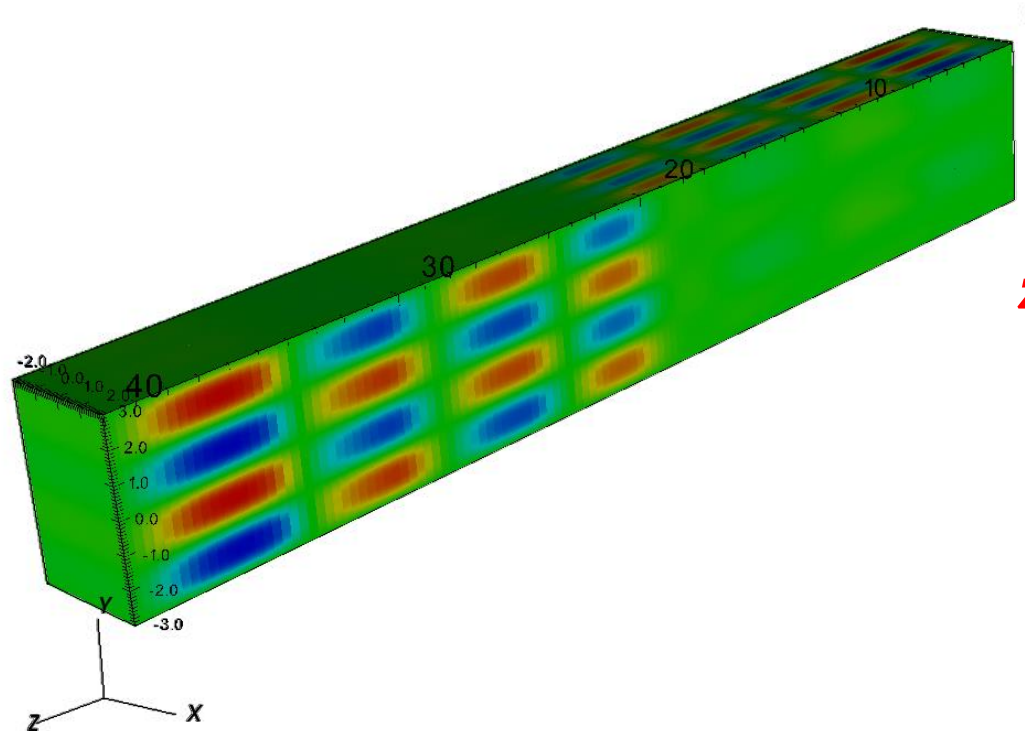
- \mathbf{k}_{\parallel} anti \mathbf{B}_0
- \mathbf{k}_{\perp} – nonunif. along x -axis
- zy -polarization



Alfvénic turbulence in plasma

Animation

$$\mathbf{z}^+ = \mathbf{u} + \frac{\mathbf{b}}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$$



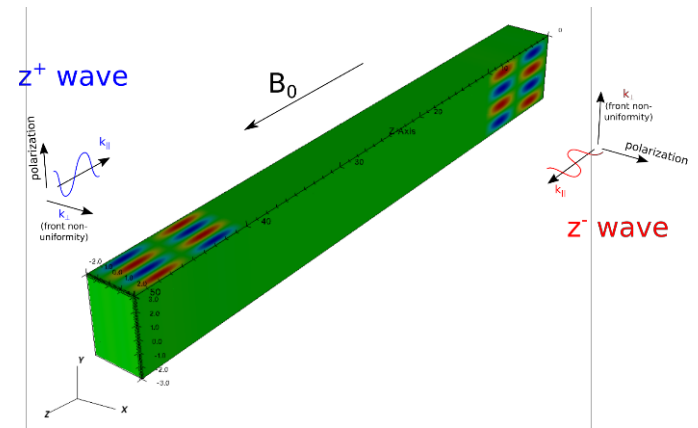
$$\mathbf{z}^- = \mathbf{u} - \frac{\mathbf{b}}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$$

Alfvénic turbulence in plasma

Iroshnikov (1963),
Kraichnan (1965)
and followers

incompr. MHD
→

- Interaction between counter-propagating AWs;
- $\mathbf{z}^- = \mathbf{u} - \frac{b}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho}}$
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MHD eqs. -> Elsasser form

$$\frac{\partial z^\pm}{\partial t} \mp (\mathbf{v}_A \cdot \nabla) z^\pm + (z^\mp \cdot \nabla) z^\pm = -\frac{\nabla P}{\rho_0}$$

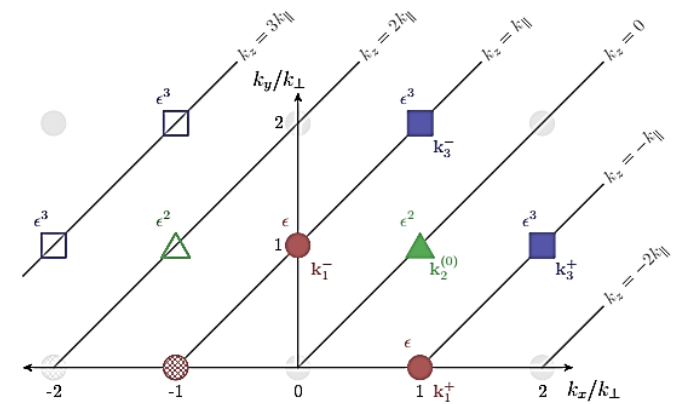
...

$$k_\perp^+ + k_\perp^- = k_2^{(0)}$$

$$k_\perp^\pm + k_2^{(0)} = k_{\perp 3}^\pm$$

Efficiency should depend on:

- Relative scales λ_\parallel and λ_\perp ;
- Amplitudes z^+ and z^- ;



From Howes & Nielson 2013

Numerical setup

- MPI-AMRVAC, 3D MHD

- $B_0 = 20$ Gauss
- $n_e = 10^9 \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- $T = 1 \text{ MK}$;
- $v_A = 1380 \text{ km/s}$;
- $\beta = 0.017$;

$L_z = 50 \text{ Mm}$; $L_x, L_y = 2\lambda_{\perp}$;

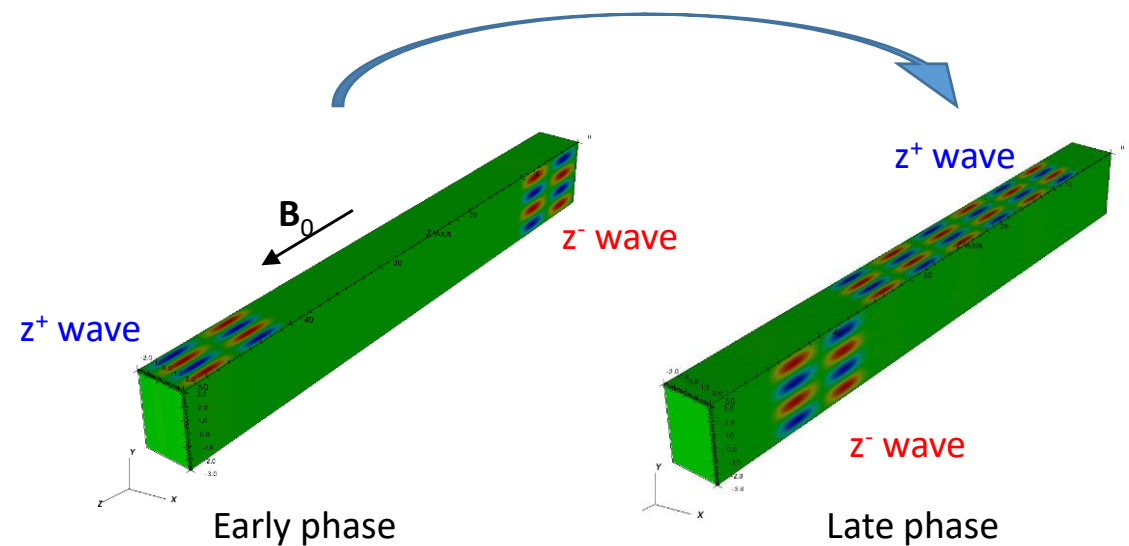
Sensitive to grid size (256x256x512),
method (tvd1f, woodward).

- Perturbations:

$$u = 0.1v_A; \quad b = 0.1B_0;$$

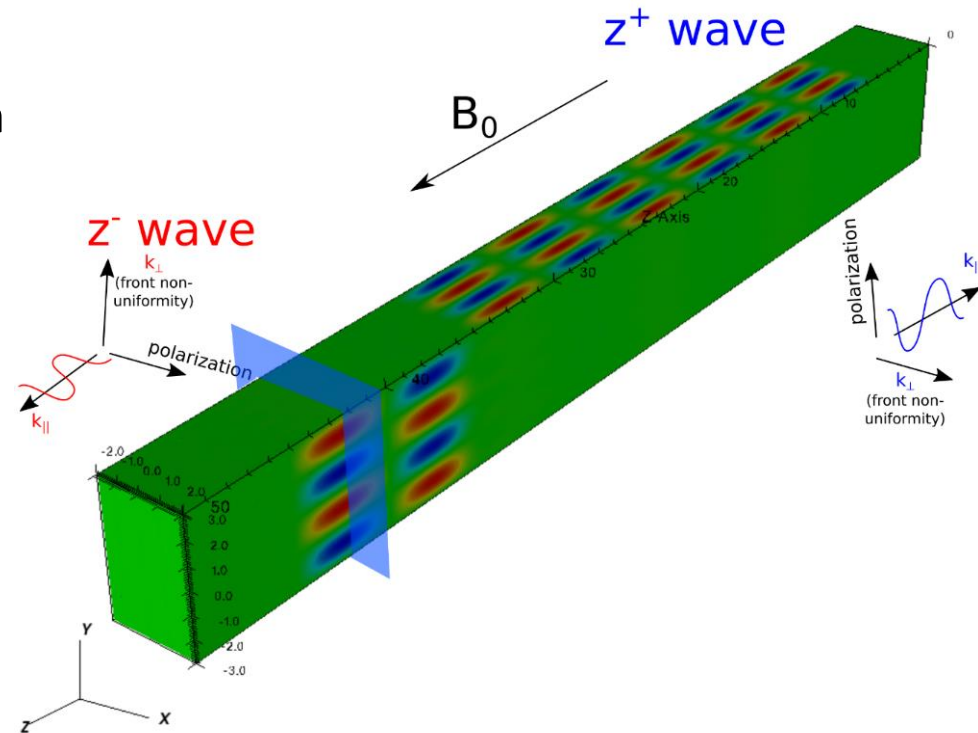
$$\lambda_{\parallel} = 10 \text{ Mm};$$

$$\lambda_{\perp} = 0.3, 0.75, 1.5, 7.5, 37.5 \text{ Mm};$$

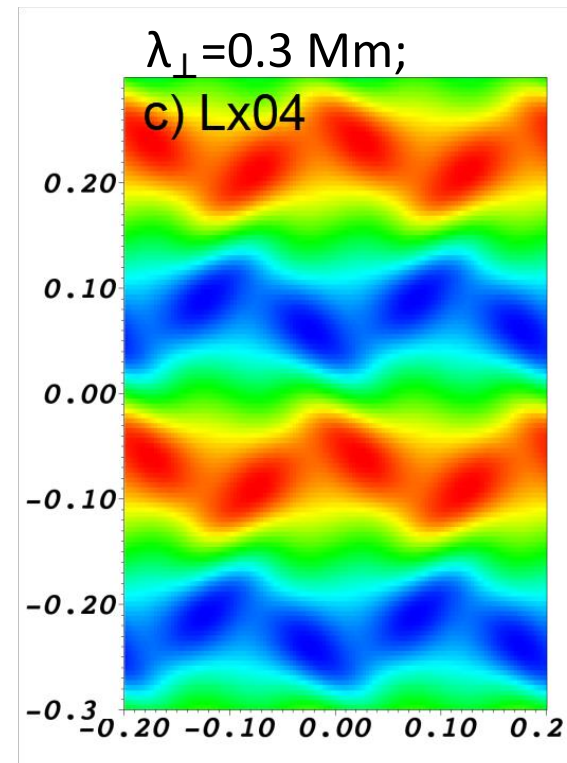
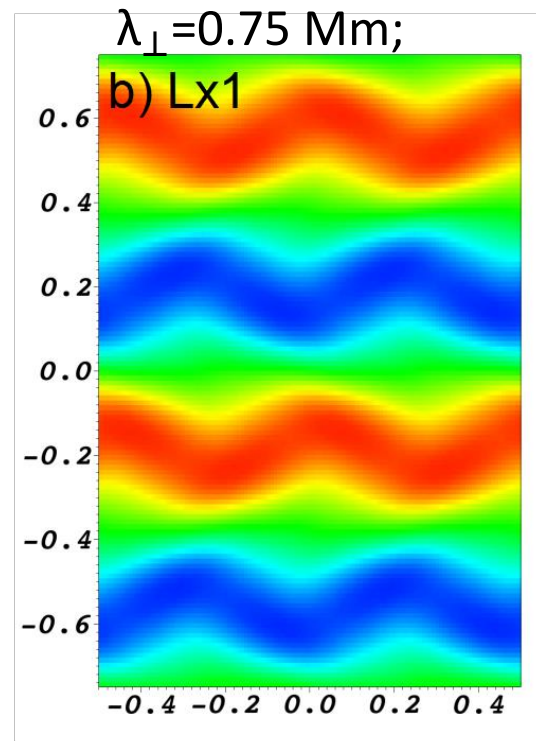
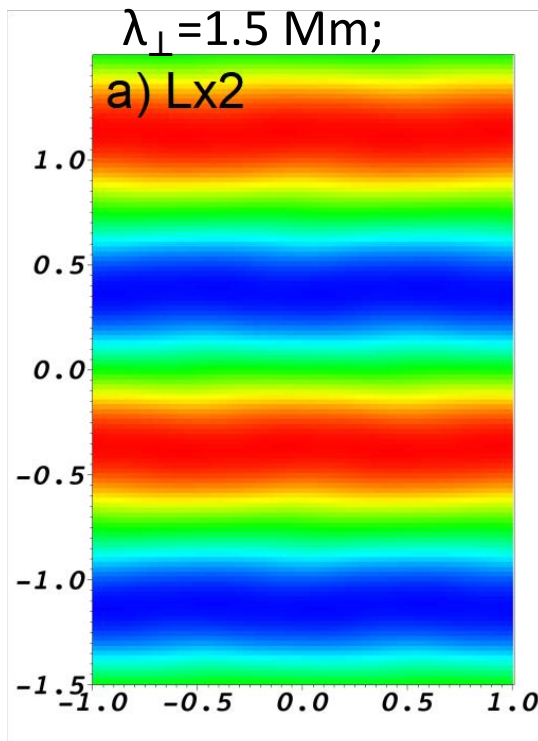
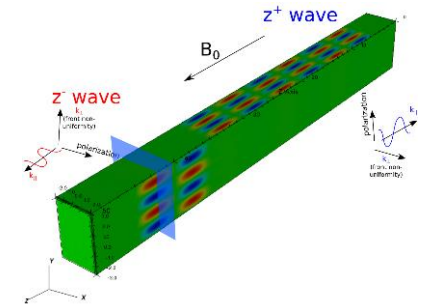


Expected results and possibilities for analysis

Waves with new k_{\perp} are produced.
They propagate with v_A together with mother waves;



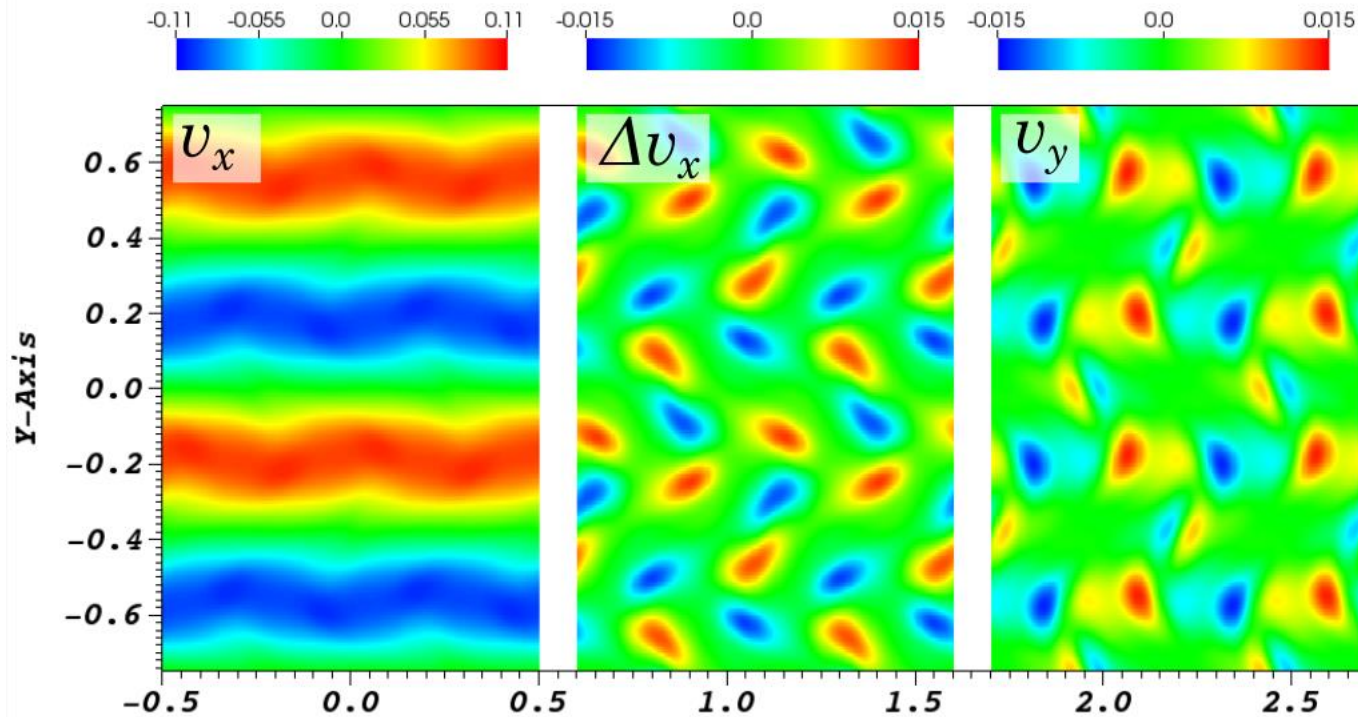
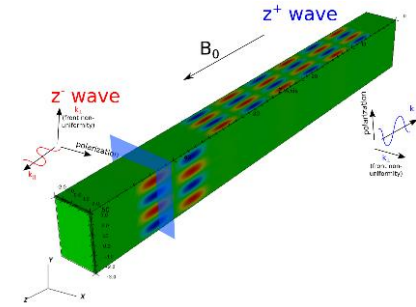
Perturbation of v_x profiles



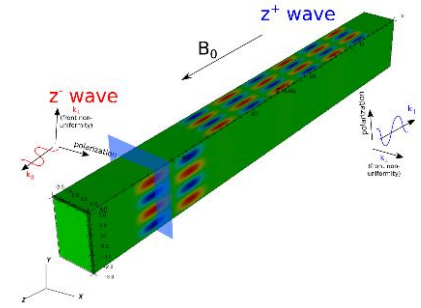
$\lambda_{\parallel} = 10$ Mm;

Perturbation of v_x and v_y profiles

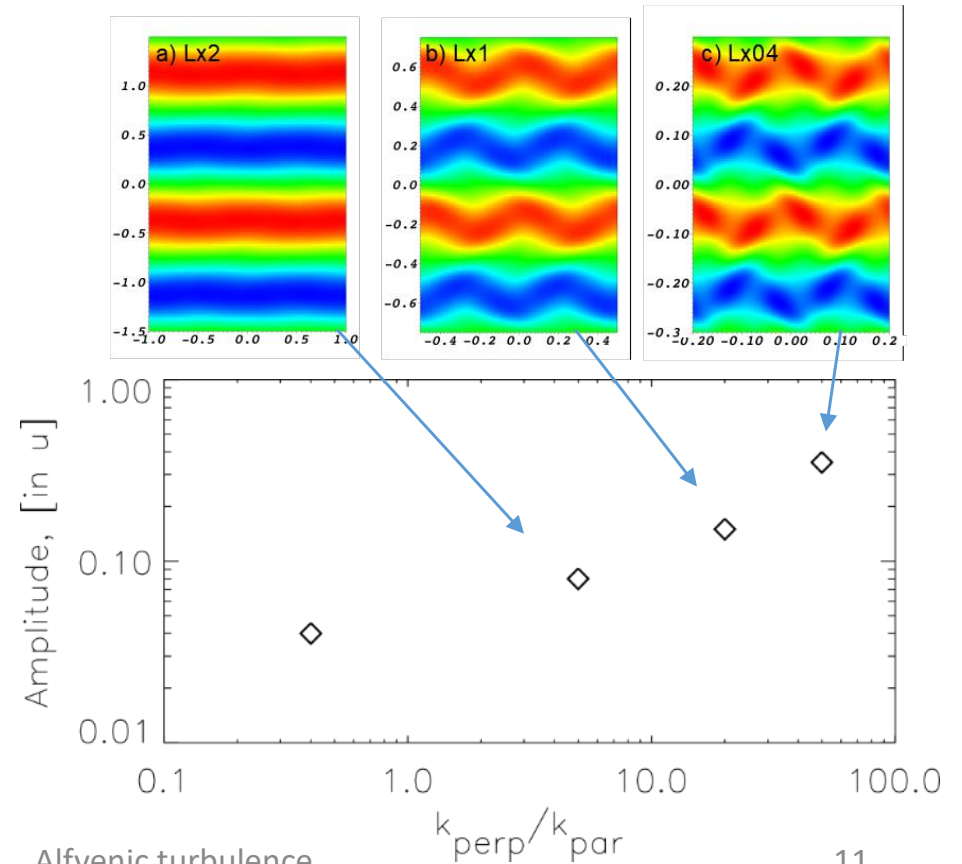
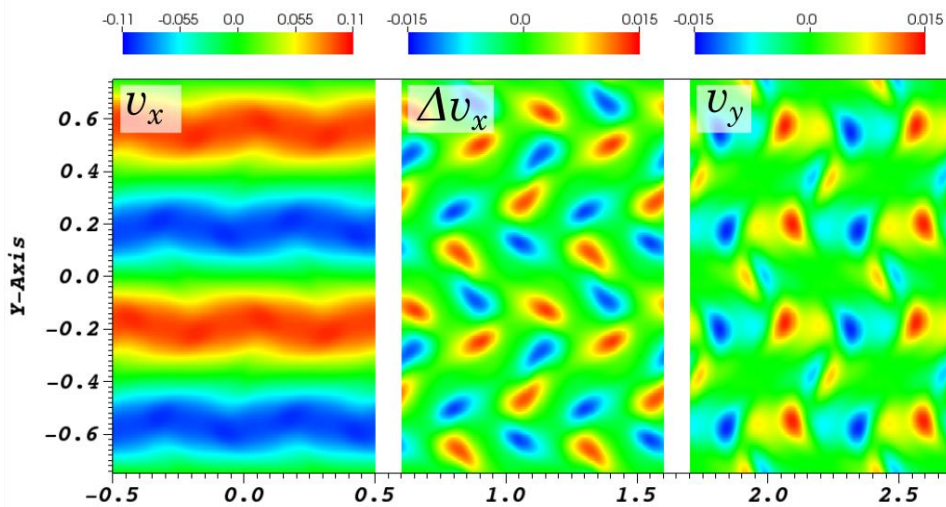
$\lambda_{\perp} = 0.75$ Mm;



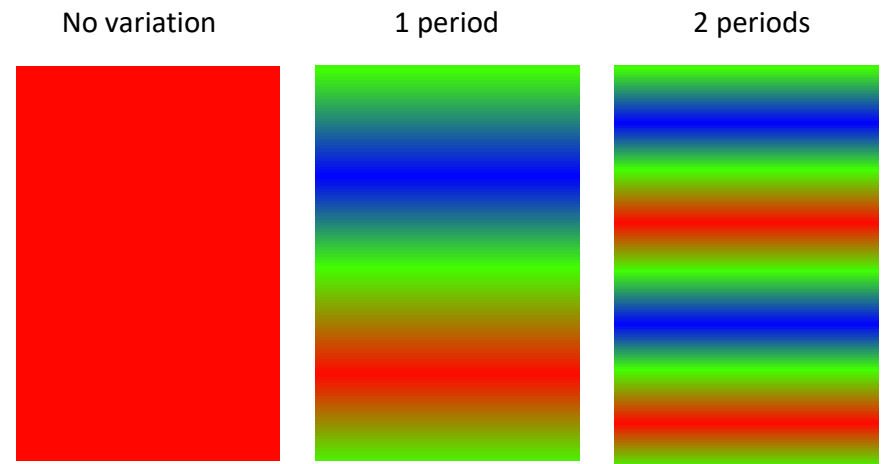
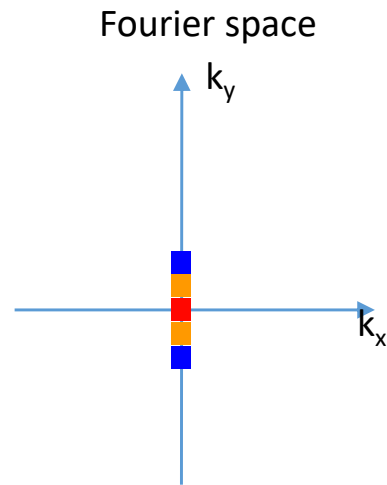
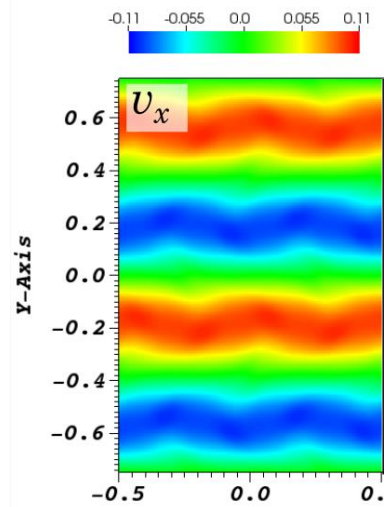
Perturbation of v_x and v_y profiles



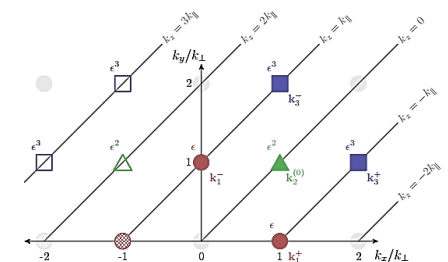
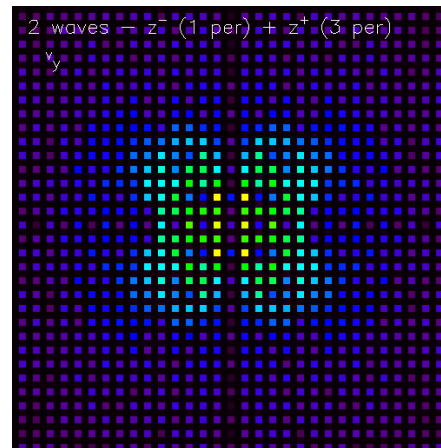
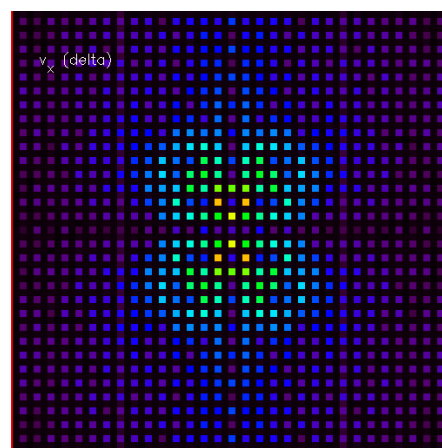
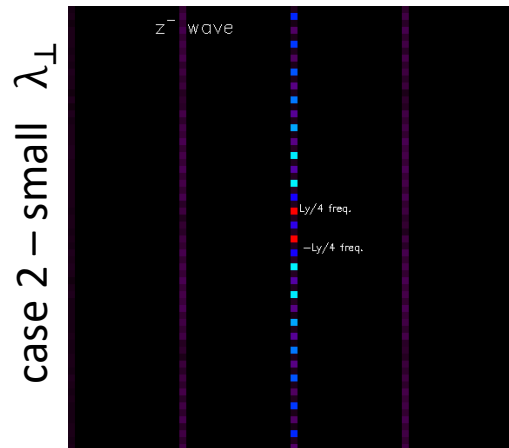
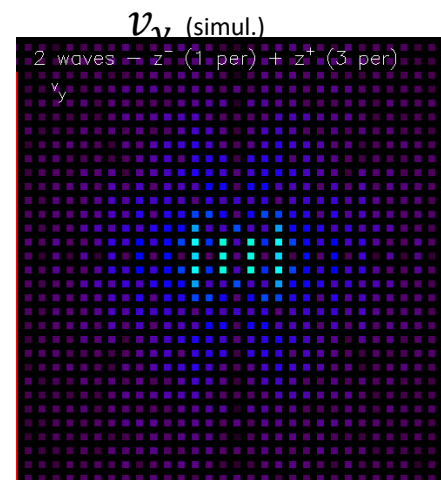
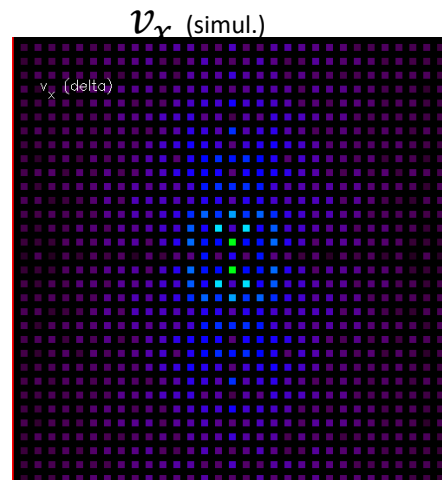
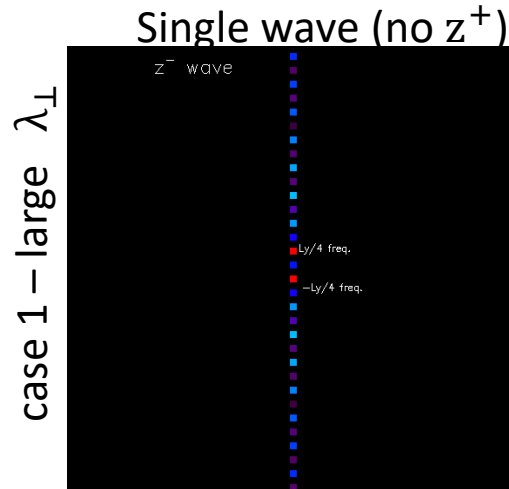
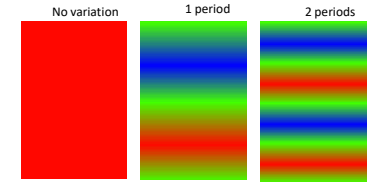
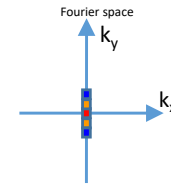
$\lambda_{\perp} = 0.75$ Mm;



Spectral components



Spectral components



Conclusions

- Alfvén wave collisions – interaction of counter-propagating Alfvén waves in MHD;
- Necessary conditions – \perp wavefront nonuniformities (\mathbf{k}_{\perp});
- New waves with smaller \perp scales are generated (higher \mathbf{k}_{\perp});
- Efficiency depends on \perp/\parallel scales;

Thank you for attention!